Why Complexify?

Principles of Complex Systems CSYS/MATH 300, Fall, 2011

Prof. Peter Dodds

Department of Mathematics & Statistics | Center for Complex Systems | Vermont Advanced Computing Center | University of Vermont















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Universality

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The Big Theory

Final words

or your onsideration





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Final words

For your consideration

References

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Universality (⊞):

- The property that the macroscopic aspects of a system do not depend sensitively on the system's details.
- ▶ Key figure: Leo Kadanoff (⊞).

Examples:

▶ The Central Limit Theorem:

$$P(x; \mu, \sigma) dx = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma} e^{-(x-\mu)^2/2\sigma^2} dx$$

- Navier Stokes equation for fluids.
- ► Nature of phase transitions in statistical mechanics.

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- Sometimes details don't matter too much.

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- Sometimes details don't matter too much.
- Many-to-one mapping from micro to macro
- Suggests not all possible behaviors are available at higher levels of complexity.

Large questions:

- ► How universal is universality?
- What are the possible of long-time states (attractors) for a universe?

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- ► Fluid mechanics = One of the great successes of understanding complex systems.
- Navier-Stokes equations: micro-macro system evolution.
- The big three: Experiment + Theory + Simulations.
- ► Works for many very different 'fluids':
 - the atmosphere,
 - oceans.
 - ▶ blood
 - galaxies
 - ▶ the earth's mantle...
 - and ball bearings on lattices...?

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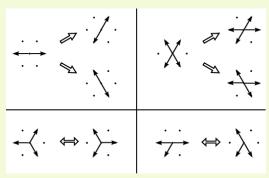
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Collision rules in 2-d on a hexagonal lattice:



- ▶ Lattice matters...
- ▶ No 'good' lattice in 3-d.
- ▶ Upshot: play with 'particles' of a system to obtain new or specific macro behaviours.

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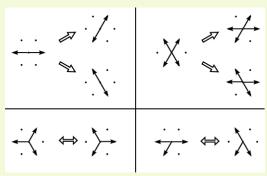
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Lattice gas models

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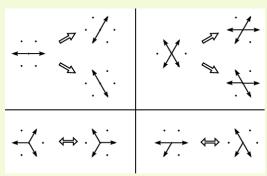






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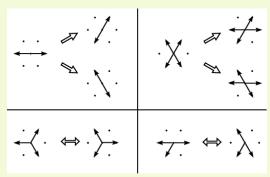
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Hexagons—Honeycomb: (⊞)



Orchestrated? Or an accident of bees working hard?

► See "On Growth and Form" by D'Arcy Wentworth

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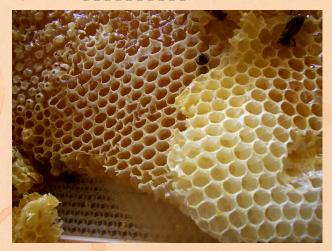
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Hexagons—Giant's Causeway: (⊞)



http://newdesktopwallpapers.info

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http://www.physics.utoronto.ca/

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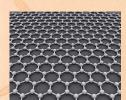
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Hexagons run amok:





- ► Graphene (⊞): single layer of carbon molecules in a perfect hexagonal lattice (super strong).
- ► Chicken wire (⊞) . . .

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"How Cats Lap: Water Uptake by Felis catus" (⊞) Reis et al., Science, 2010.

A Study of Cat Lapping

Adult cats and dogs are unable to create suction in their mouths and must use their tongues to drink. A dog will scoop up liquid with the back of its tongue, but a cat will only touch the surface with the smooth tip of its tongue and pull a column of liquid into its mouth.











Source: Science

EO BY ROMAN STOCKER, SUNGHWAN JUNG, JEFFREY M, ARISTOFF AND PEDRO M, REIS

Amusing interview here (⊞)

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Philip Anderson (⊞)—"More is Different," Science, 1972 [1]



- Argues against idea that the only real scientists are those working on the fundamental laws.
- ➤ Symmetry breaking → different laws/rules at different scales...

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2006 study → "most creative physicist in the world" (⊞)



"Elementary entities of science X obey the laws of science Y"

- X
- solid state or many-body physics
- chemistry
- molecular biology
- cell biology
- 1
- psychology
- social sciences

- Y
- elementary particle physics
- solid state many-body physics
- chemistry
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- ÷
- physiology
- psychology

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Anderson:

- [the more we know about] "fundamental laws, the less relevance they seem to have to the very real problems of the rest of science."
- Scale and complexity thwart the constructionist hypothesis.
- ► Accidents of history and path dependence (⊞) matter.

Jniversality

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Page 291–292 of Sornette [3]: Renormalization ≡ Anderson's hierarchy.

- ▶ But Anderson's hierarchy is not a simple one: the rules change.
- Crucial dichotomy between evolving systems following stochastic paths that lead to
 (a) inevitable or (b) particular destinations (state

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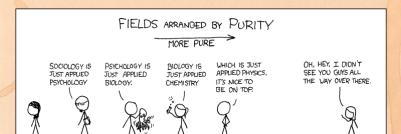
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PHYSICISTS

CHEMISTS

http://xkcd.com/435/ (H)

BIOLOGISTS

SOCIOLOGISTS PSYCHOLOGISTS

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References

MATHEMATICIANS





A real theory of everything anything:

- 1. Is not just about the ridiculously small stuff...
- 2. It's about the increase of complexity

Symmetry breaking, Accidents of history

VS.

Universality

- Second law of thermodynamics: we're toast in the long run.
- ► So how likely is the local complexification of structure we enjoy?
- ► How likely are the Big Transitions?

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- Breaking
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- Final words

Big Word.

Big Bang.

ness.

Big Random-

Big Replicate.

Big Life.

Big Evolve.

- Big Story.
- Big
- Number.
- Big God.
- Big Make.

- Big Science.
- Big Data.
- Big Information.
- Big Algorithm.
- Big Connection.
- Big Social.
- Big Awareness.



Why complexify?

"Why do things become more complex?" [2] Brian Arthur Scientific American, 268, 92, 1993.

- Complexification ≡ evolution of algorithms?
- ▶ Differential equations and stories ⊂ Algorithms.
- ► Life is a loaded word: The Search for Extraterrestrial Algorithms (SETA)?

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Why complexify?

Driving complexity's trajectory:

- ▶ Big Bang
- Randomness leads to replicating structures;
- Biological evolution;
- Sociocultural evolution;
- Technological evolution;
- Sociotechnological evolution.

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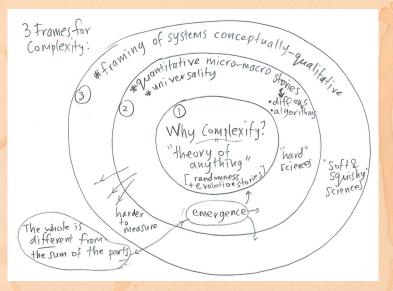
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Homo narrativus—What's the Story?:



ALL SPORTS COMMENTARY

http://xkcd.com/904/ (⊞)

Mechanisms =Evolution equations,algorithms, stories, ...

Financial analysis. And

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http://xkcd.com/904/ (H)

- Mechanisms = Evolution equations, algorithms, stories, ...
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Final words









- "The most common element on the disc, although not included in the list of the standard five: earth, fire, air, water and surprise. It ensures that everything runs properly as a story."
- "A little narrativium goes a long way: the simpler the story, the better you understand it. Storytelling is the opposite of reductionism: 26 letters and some rules of grammar are no story at all."
- "Heroes only win when outnumbered, and things which have a one-in-a-million chance of succeeding often do so."

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Science in three steps:

- 1. Find interesting/meaningful/important phenomena involving spectacular amounts of data.
- 2. Describe what you see.
- 3. Explain it.

Beware your assumptions:

Don't use tools/models because they're there, or because everyone else does...

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Spring 2013: Complex Networks (CSYS/MATH 303)

- Branching networks (rivers, cardiovascular systems
- Redistribution networks (airlines, post)
- Structure detection for complex systems
- ▶ Contagior
- ► Random networks-arama
- Distributed Search
- Organizational networks
- Deeper investigations of scale-free networks
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[1] P. W. Anderson.

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[5] D. W. Thompson. On Growth and Form — Abridged Edition. Cambridge University Press, Great Britain, 1961. Universality

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