Chapter 2: Lecture 1 Linear Algebra, Course 124C, Spring, 2009

Prof. Peter Dodds

Department of Mathematics & Statistics University of Vermont



Outline

Colbert on Equations

References



Frame 1/29



Basics:

- Instructor: Prof. Peter Dodds
- Lecture room and meeting times: 367 Votey, Tuesday and Thursday, 1:00 pm to 2:15 pm
- Office: 203 Lord House, 16 Colchester Avenue
- ► E-mail: pdodds@uvm.edu
- Course website: http://www.uvm.edu/~pdodds/teaching/ courses/2009-01UVM-124/
- Textbook: "Introduction to Linear Algebra" (3rd ed.) by Gilbert Strang; Wellesley-Cambridge Press.

Outline

Importance

Usage

Key problems

Three ways of looking...

Colbert on Equations

References

Frame 2/29



Admin:

Paper products:

- Outline
- 2. "The Fundamental Theorem of Linear Algebra" [1]
- 3. "Too Much Calculus" [2]

Office hours:

Tuesday: 2:30 pm to 4:30 pm Thursday: 11:30 am to 12:30 pm Rm 203, Math Building Outline

Importance

Usages

Key problems

Three ways of looking...

Colbert on Equations

References

Frame 3/29



Grading breakdown:

1. Assignments (40%)

- Ten one-week assignments.
- Lowest assignment score will be dropped.
- The last assignment cannot be dropped!
- Each assignment will have a random bonus point question which has nothing to do with linear algebra.

2. Midterm exams (35%)

Three 75 minutes tests distributed throughout the course, all of equal weighting.

3. Final exam (24%)

- Three hours of pure happiness.
- May 4, 8:00 am to 11:00 am; held in normal lecture room.

Outline

Importance

Jsages

Key problems

Three ways of looking...

Colbert on Equations

References

Frame 4/29



Grading breakdown:

- 1. Homework (0%)—Problems assigned online from the textbook. Doing these exercises will be most beneficial and will increase happiness.
- 2. General attendance (1%)—it is extremely desirable that students attend class, and class presence will be taken into account if a grade is borderline.

Outline

Importance

Jsages

Key problems

Three ways of looking...

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References

Frame 5/29



How grading works:

Questions are worth 3 points according to the following scale:

- 3 = correct or very nearly so.
- 2 = acceptable but needs some revisions.
- ▶ 1 = needs major revisions.
- ▶ 0 = way off.

Outline

Importance

Jsages

Key problems

Three ways of looking...

Colbert on Equations

References

Frame 6/29



Schedule:

The course will mainly cover chapters 2 through 6 of the textbook. (You should know all about Chapter 1.)

Week # (dates)	Tuesday	Thursday
1 (1/13 and 1/15)	Lecture	Lecture + A 1
2 (1/20 and 1/22)	Lecture	Lecture + A 2
3 (1/27 and 1/29)	Lecture	Lecture + A 3
4 (2/3 and 2/5)	Lecture	Test 1
5 (2/10 and 2/12)	Lecture	Lecture + A 4
6 (2/17 and 2/19)	Lecture	Lecture + A 5
7 (2/24 and 2/26)	Lecture	Lecture + A 6
8 (3/3 and 3/5)	Town Recess	Lecture
9 (3/10 and 3/12)	Spring recess	Spring recess
10 (3/17 and 3/19)	Test 2	Lecture + A 7
11 (3/24 and 3/26)	Lecture	Lecture + A 8
12 (3/31 and 4/2)	Lecture	Lecture + A 9
13 (4/7 and 4/9)	Lecture	Test 3
13 (4/14 and 4/16)	Lecture	Lecture + A 10
14 (4/21 and 4/23)	Lecture	Lecture
15 (4/28)	Lecture	_

Outline

mportance

Usages

Key problems

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References

Frame 7/29



Important dates:

- 1. Classes run from Monday, January 12 to Wednesday, April 29.
- Add/Drop, Audit, Pass/No Pass deadline—Monday, January 26.
- 3. Last day to withdraw—Friday, March 30.
- 4. Reading and exam period—Thursday, April 30th to Friday, May 8.

Outline

Importance

usages

Key problems

Three ways of looking...

Colbert on Equations

References

Frame 8/29



More stuff:

Do check your zoo account for updates regarding the course.

Academic assistance: Anyone who requires assistance in any way (as per the ACCESS program or due to athletic endeavors), please see or contact me as soon as possible.

Outline

mportance

Jsages

Key problems

Three ways of looking...

Colbert on Equations

References

Frame 9/29



More stuff:

Being good people:

- In class there will be no electronic gadgetry, no cell phones, no beeping, no text messaging, etc. You really just need your brain, some paper, and a writing implement here (okay, and Matlab or similar).
- Second, I encourage you to email me questions, ideas, comments, etc., about the class but request that you please do so in a respectful fashion.
- Finally, as in all UVM classes, Academic honesty will be expected and departures will be dealt with appropriately. See http://www.uvm.edu/cses/ for guidelines.

Outline

Importance

Usage

Key problems

I hree ways o ooking...

Colbert on Equations

References

Frame 10/29



More stuff:

Late policy: Unless in the case of an emergency (a real one) or if an absence has been predeclared and a make-up version sorted out, assignments that are not turned in on time or tests that are not attended will be given 0%.

Computing: Students are encouraged to use Matlab or something similar to check their work.

Note: for assignment problems, written details of calculations will be required.

Outline

Importance

Usage

Key problems

Three ways of looking...

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References

Frame 11/29



Grading:

A+ 97-100 B+ 87-89 C+ 77-79 D+ 67-69 Α 93-96 В 83-86 С 73 - 76D 63 - 66A-90-92 B-80-82 C-70-72 D-60-62 Outline

Importanc

Jsages

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Three ways of boking...

Colbert on Equations

References

Frame 12/29



Why are we doing this?

Linear Algebra is

a body of mathematics that deals with discrete problems.

Many things are discrete:

- Information (0's & 1's, letters, words)
- People (sociology)
- ▶ Networks (the Web, people again, food webs, ...)
- Sounds (musical notes)

Even more:

If real data is continuous, we almost always discretize it (0's and 1's)

Outline

Importance

Jsages

Key problems

Three ways of looking...

Colbert on Equations

References

Frame 13/29



Why are we doing this?

Linear Algebra is used in many fields to solve problems:

- Engineering
- Computer Science (Google's Pagerank)
- Physics
- Economics
- Biology
- Ecology
- **•** ...

Linear Algebra is as important as calculus.

Outline

Importance

Usage

Key problem

Three ways of looking...

Colbert on Equations

References

Frame 14/29



Matrices as gadgets:

A transforms \vec{x} into \vec{x}' through multiplication

$$\vec{x}' = A\vec{x}$$

Can use matrices to:

- Grow vectors
- Shrink vectors
- Rotate vectors
- Flip vectors
- Do all these things to different directions

Outline

Importance

Usages

Key problems

Three ways of looking...

Colbert on Equations

References

Frame 15/29



Image approximation (80x60)

$$A = \sum_{i=1}^{3} \sigma_i \hat{u}_i \hat{v}_i^{\mathrm{T}}$$





Outline

Importanc

Usages

Key problems

Three ways of looking...

Colbert on Equations

References

Frame 16/29



Three key problems of Linear Algebra

1. Given a matrix \vec{A} and a vector \vec{b} , find \vec{x} such that

$$A\vec{x} = \vec{b}$$
.

2. Eigenvalue problem: Given A, find λ and \vec{v} such that

$$\mathbf{A}\vec{\mathbf{v}} = \lambda\vec{\mathbf{v}}.$$

3. Coupled linear differential equations:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}t}y(t)=\mathbf{A}\,y(t)$$

Our focus will be largely on #1, partly on #2.

Outline

Importance

Jsages

Key problems

Three ways of looking...

Colbert on Equations

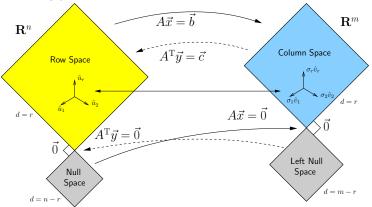
References

Frame 17/29



Major course objective:

To deeply understand the equation $A\vec{x} = \vec{b}$, the Fundamental Theorem of Linear Algebra, and the following picture:



What is going on here? We have 26 lectures to find out...

Outline

Importance

Jsages

Key problems

Three ways of ooking...

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References

Frame 18/29



Our friend $A\vec{x} = \vec{b}$

Broadly speaking, $A\vec{x} = \vec{b}$ translates as follows:

- $ightharpoonup \vec{b}$ represents reality (e.g., music, structure)
- ► A contains building blocks (e.g., notes, shapes)
- \vec{x} specifies how we combine our building blocks to represent \vec{b} .

How can we disentangle an orchestra's sound?

What about pictures, waves, signals, ...?

Outline

Importance

Jsages

Key problems

Three ways of ookina...

Colbert on Equations

References

Frame 19/29



Our friend $A\vec{x} = \vec{b}$

What does knowing \vec{x} give us?

If we can represent reality as a superposition (or combination) of simple elements, we can do many things:

- Compress information
- See how we can alter information
- Find a system's simplest representation
- Find a system's most important elements
- See how to adjust a system in a principled defined way

Outline

Importance

Usage

Key problems

Three ways of looking...

Colbert on Equations

References

Frame 20/29



- Way 1: The Row Picture
- Way 2: The Column Picture
- Way 3: The Matrix Picture

Example:

$$-x_1 + x_2 = 1$$

 $2x_1 + x_2 = 4$

- Call this a 2 by 2 system of equations.
- 2 equations with 2 unknowns.
- Standard method of solving by adding and subtracting multiples of equations from each other
 Bow Picture

Outline

Importance

Usage

Key problems

Three ways of looking...

Colbert on Equations

References

Frame 21/29



Row Picture—what we are doing:

- (a) Finding intersection of two lines
- ▶ (b) Finding the values of x_1 and x_2 for which both equations are satisfied (true/happy)
- A splendid and deep connection:
 - (a) Geometry \rightleftharpoons (b) Algebra

Three possible kinds of solution:

- 1. Lines intersect at one point —One, unique solution
- Lines are parallel and disjoint —No solutions
- 3. Lines are the same —Infinitely many solutions

Outline

Importance

Usages

Key problems

Three ways of looking...

Colbert on Equations

References

Frame 22/29



The column picture:

See

$$-x_1 + x_2 = 1$$

 $2x_1 + x_2 = 4$

as

$$X_1 \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} + X_2 \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}.$$

General problem

$$x_1\vec{a}_1+x_2\vec{a}_2=\vec{b}$$

- Column vectors are 'building blocks'
- ► Key idea: try to 'reach' \vec{b} by combining multiples of column vectors \vec{a}_1 and \vec{a}_2 .

Outline

Importance

Usages

Key problems

Three ways of looking...

Colbert on Equations

References

Frame 23/29



We love the column picture:

- Intuitive.
- Generalizes easily to many dimensions.

Three possible kinds of solution:

- 1. $\vec{a}_1 \not\parallel \vec{a}_2$: 1 solution
- 2. $\vec{a}_1 \parallel \vec{a}_2 \not\parallel \vec{b}$: No solutions
- 3. $\vec{a}_1 \parallel \vec{a}_2 \parallel \vec{b}$: infinitely many solutions

Assuming neither \vec{a}_1 or \vec{a}_1 are $\vec{0}$.

Outline

Importance

Usages

Key problems

Three ways of looking...

Colbert on Equations

References

Frame 24/29



Difficulties:

- ▶ Do we give up if $A\vec{x} = \vec{b}$ has no solution?
- No! We can still find the \vec{x} that gets us as close to \vec{b} as possible.
- Method of approximation—very important!
- We may not have the right building blocks but we can do our best.

Outline

Importance

Usages

Key problems

Three ways of looking...

Colbert on Equations

References

Frame 25/29



The Matrix Picture:

Now see

$$X_1 \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} + X_2 \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}.$$

as

$$A\vec{x} = \vec{b} : \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

A is now an operator:

- ightharpoonup A transforms \vec{x} into \vec{b} .
- ▶ In general, A does two things to \vec{x} :
 - Rotation
 - Dilation (stretching/contraction)

Outline

Importance

Jsages

Key problems

Three ways of looking...

Colbert on Equations

References

Frame 26/29



The Matrix Picture

Key idea in linear algebra:

- Decomposition (or factorization) of matrices.
- Matrices can often be written as products or sums of simpler matrices
- ► A = LU, A = QR, $A = U\Sigma V^{T}$, $A = \sum_{i} \lambda_{i} \vec{v} \vec{v}^{T}$, ...

Outline

Importance

Jsages

Key problems

Three ways of looking...

Colbert on Equations

References

Frame 27/29



The truth about mathematics

The Colbert Report on Math (February 7, 2006)

Outline

Importance

Usage

Key problems

Three ways of looking...

Colbert on Equations

References

Frame 28/29



References I



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Too much calculus, 2002.

SIAM Linear Algebra Activity Group Newsletter.

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Outline

Importance

Usages

Key problem

Three ways of looking...

Colbert on Equations

References

Frame 29/29

