

Benford's law-The law of first digits

- First observed by Simon Newcomb^[2] in 1881 "Note on the Frequency of Use of the Different Digits in Natural Numbers"
- Independently discovered by Frank Benford in 1938.
- Newcomb almost always noted but Benford gets the stamp

$$P(\text{first digit} = d) \propto \log_b (d + 1/d)$$

for numbers is base b

Outline

Benford's law

Benford's law

References

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Benford's law

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Observed for

- Fundamental constants (electron mass, charge, etc.)
- Utilities bills
- Numbers on tax returns
- Death rates
- Street addresses
- Numbers in newspapers

Benford's law References

Benford's law

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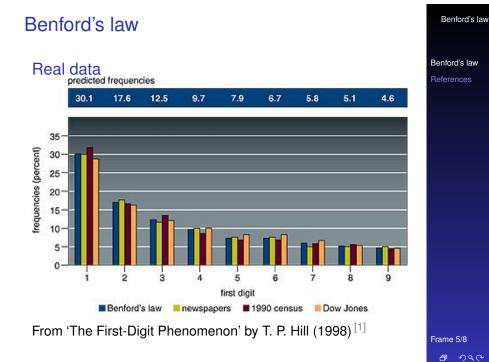
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Benford's law

Benford's law References

Frame 3/8

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A different Benford

Not to be confused with Benford's law of controversy:

 "Passion is inversely proportional to the amount of real information available."

Gregory Benford, Sci-Fi writer & Astrophysicist

Essential story

Benford's law

Benford's law

References

Frame 7/8

 $P(\text{first digit} = d) \propto \log_b (d + 1/d)$

$$P(\text{first digit} = d) \propto \log_b \left(\frac{d+1}{d}\right)$$

 $P(\text{first digit} = d) \propto \log_b (d+1) - \log_b (d)$

So numbers are distributed uniformly in log-space:

$$P(\ln x) d(\ln x) \propto 1 \cdot d(\ln x) = x^{-1} dx$$

• Power law distributions at work again... ($\gamma = 1$)

Frame 6/8

References I Entord's law References T. P. Hill. The first-digit phenomenon. American Scientist, 86:358–, 1998. S. Newcomb. Note on the frequency of use of the different digits in natural numbers. American Journal of Mathematics, 4:39–40, 1881. pdf (⊞)

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