### Semester projects

Last updated: 2023/08/22, 11:48:25 EDT

Principles of Complex Systems, Vols. 1, 2, & 3D CSYS/MATH 6701, 6713, & a pretend number, 2023–2024 | @pocsvox

### Prof. Peter Sheridan Dodds | @peterdodds

Computational Story Lab | Vermont Complex Systems Center Santa Fe Institute | University of Vermont

























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On Instagram at pratchett the cat

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### Outline

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References

The PoCSverse Semester projects 4 of 74

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### Requirements:

1. 2 minute introduction to project (*n*th week).

The PoCSverse Semester projects 5 of 74

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#### Requirements:

- 1. 2 minute introduction to project (*n*th week).
- 2. 4 minute final presentation.

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#### Requirements:

- 1. 2 minute introduction to project (*n*th week).
- 2. 4 minute final presentation.
- 3. Report:  $\geq$  4 pages (single space), journal-style

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#### Requirements:

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- 4. And/Or: Online visualization.

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- 4. And/Or: Online visualization.
- 5. Use Github for code and data visualizations.

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Suggestions for Projects

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- 1. 2 minute introduction to project (*n*th week).
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### Goals can range a great deal:

- Understand, critique, and communicate published work.
- Seed research papers or help papers along.

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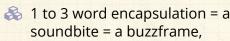
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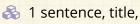
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### The narrative hierarchy—Stories and Storytelling on all Scales:







few sentences, a haiku,

a paragraph, abstract,

short paper, essay,

long paper,

🚓 chapter,

备 book,





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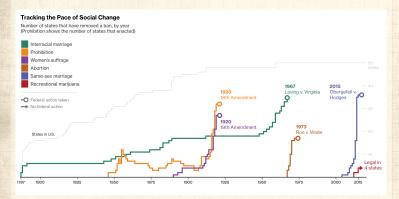
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### "This Is How Fast America Changes Its Mind"



Alex Tribou and Keith Collins, 2015

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Archive

References

Flesch-Kincaid readability tests

$$206.835 - 1.015 \left(\frac{\text{total words}}{\text{total sentences}}\right) - 84.6 \left(\frac{\text{total syllables}}{\text{total words}}\right)$$



### Big data-ishness of sociotechnical nature:

- Dynamics of any thematically connected subset of words on Twitter
- Extend bot follower detection per NYT: https://www.nytimes.com/interactive/2018/01/27/ technology/social-media-bots.html
- Ratiometer (started) https://fivethirtyeight.com/ features/the-worst-tweeter-in-politics-isnt-trump/
- POTUSometer (underway)
- Story Wrangler (underway)
- Everything about hashtags (micro stories)
- Homer's Odyssey: Undefined words
- Story-based study inspired by: The Vanishing of Reality .
- Youtube: 3 degrees of conspiracy theories

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Scaling regarding component, size, and number for any complex system.

Exploration of networks underlying many systems (big part of the PoCS to come). The PoCSverse Semester projects 10 of 74

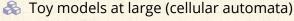
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### Mathematical models, simulations:



Generalization of rich-get-richer model

Risk: Extreme value problems and rich-get-rich models (floods, finance, earthquakes).

Big data climate patterns and dynamics

Teletherm (well developed)

Wind (under way)

The PoCSverse Semester projects 11 of 74

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Suggestions for Projects

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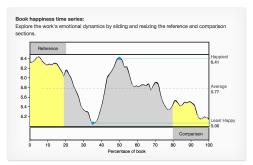
# Online, interactive Emotional Shapes of Stories of for

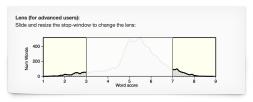
#### 10,000+ books:

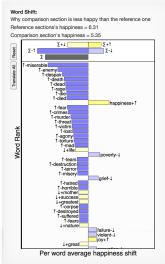
# Frankenstein; Or the Modern Prometheus (wiki)

Search Gutenberg Corpus by Title - Classics - Harry Potter - Random

by Mary Shelley







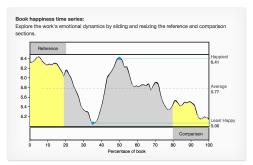
# Online, interactive Emotional Shapes of Stories of for

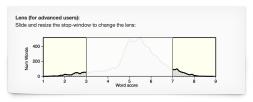
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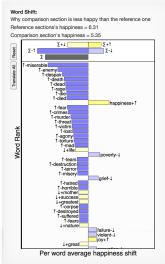
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### Online, interactive Emotional Shapes of Stories for

#### 10,000+ books:

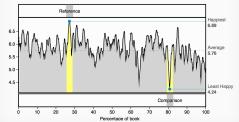
#### Harry Potter (all books together)

by J.K. Rowling

Search Gutenberg Corpus by Title + Classics -Harry Potter → Random

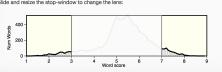
#### Book happiness time series:

Explore the work's emotional dynamics by sliding and resizing the reference and comparison sections.



#### Lens (for advanced users):

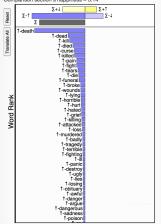
Slide and resize the stop-window to change the lens:



#### Word Shift:

Why comparison section is less happy than the reference one Reference sections's happiness = 6.13

Comparison section's happiness = 5.14



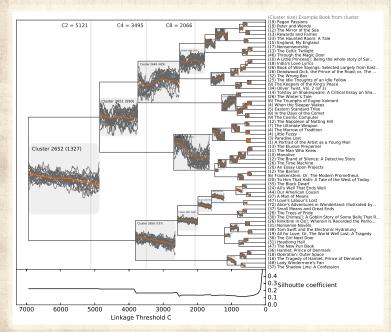
Per word average happiness shift

### Online, interactive Emotional Shapes of Stories **♂** for

### 1,000+ movie scripts:

Pulp Fiction	Search Movies		Classics ▼	Team Picks ▼	Rando
rected by Quentin Tarantino					
Movie happiness time series: Explore the work's emotional dynamics by sliding and resizing the referencemparison sections.		Movie script: Portion of script scored for each point in ti	imeseries.		
Reference		Zed takes the chair, sits i then lowers into it. Maynar then backs away.			
6.5-	Happiest 6.86	MAYMARD (to The Gimp) Down! The Gimp gets on its knees.			
5.0-	Average	The Unip gets on its knees.  Maynard hangs back while Zed appraises the two men.			
MM M	5.58	Who's first?			
V V VV	Least Happy	Then with his little finger miney, moe " just his mc finger going back and forth	uth mouthing	the words and his	
visualization by @hedonometer team and @andyreagan		Butch are Marsellus are ter	rified.		
Comparison		Maynard looks back and fort	h at the vict	ims.	
0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 10	00	The Gimps's eyes qo from on	e to the othe	r inside the mask	

#### Emotional arcs for 1748 books from gutenberg.org ☑



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### For story explorers:

Plots from Wikipedia: https://github.com/markriedl/WikiPlots

Millions of books on the VACC: Hathitrust data set.

The PoCSverse Semester projects 17 of 74

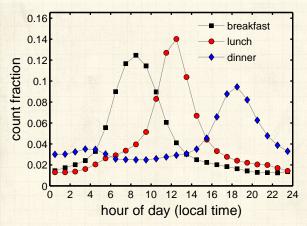
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## Twitter—living in the now:



Research opportunity: be involved in our socioinfo-algorithmo-econo-geo-technico-physical systems research group studying Twitter and other wordful large data sets. The PoCSverse Semester projects 18 of 74

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Suggestions for Projects

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Rummage round in the papers we've covered in our weekly Complex Systems Reading Group at UVM.



The PoCSverse Semester projects 19 of 74

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Suggestions for Projects

Archive



Explore the Sociotechnocene.

The PoCSverse Semester projects 20 of 74

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Archive



Explore the Sociotechnocene.



Develop and elaborate an online experiment to study some aspect of sociotechnical phenomena The PoCSverse Semester projects 20 of 74

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Suggestions for Projects

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References

Explore the Sociotechnocene.

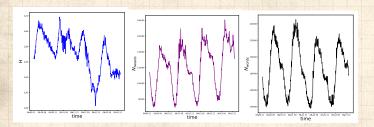
Develop and elaborate an online experiment to study some aspect of sociotechnical phenomena

e.g., collective search, cooperation, cheating, influence, creation, decision-making, language, belief, stories, etc.

Part of the PLAY project.



# Storyfinder:



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### The Sixipedia!



SIXIPEDIA

The PoCSverse Semester projects 22 of 74

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## Sociotechnical phenomena—Foldit:



Figure 1 Foldit screenshot illustrating tools and visualizations. The visualizations include a clash representing atoms that are too close (arrow 1): a hydrogen bond (arrow 2); a hydrophobic side chain with a vellow blob because it is exposed (arrow 3); a hydrophilic side chain (arrow 4); and a segment of the backbone that is red due to high residue energy (arrow 5). The players can make modifications including 'rubber bands' (arrow 6), which add constraints to guide automated tools, and freezing (arrow 7), which

prevents degrees of freedom from changing. The user interface includes information about the player's current status, including score (arrow 8); a leader board (arrow 9), which shows the scores of other players and groups: toolbars for accessing tools and options (arrow 10); chat for interacting with other players (arrow 11); and a 'cookbook' for making new automated tools or 'recipes' (arrow 12).



"Predicting protein structures with a multiplayer online game." Cooper et al., Nature, 2010. [12]

The PoCSverse Semester projects 23 of 74

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

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## Sociotechnical phenomena—Foldit:



Figure 1 Foldit screenshot illustrating tools and visualizations. The visualizations include a clash representing atoms that are too close (arrow 1); a hydrogen bond (arrow 2); a hydrophobic side chain with a vellow blob because it is exposed (arrow 3); a hydrophilic side chain (arrow 4); and a segment of the backbone that is red due to high residue energy (arrow 5). The players can make modifications including 'rubber bands' (arrow 6), which add constraints to guide automated tools, and freezing (arrow 7), which

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"Predicting protein structures with a multiplayer online game." Cooper et al., Nature, 2010. [12]



Also: zooniverse ☑, ESP game ☑, captchas ☑.

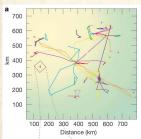
The PoCSverse Semester projects 23 of 74

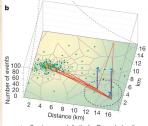
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Service area delimit → Recorded path
 Mobile phone tower → Preferred position ○ r<sub>g</sub> ~4 kr



- Study movement and interactions of people.
- Brockmann et al. [5] "Where's George" study.
- Barabasi's group: tracking movement via cell phones [21].

The PoCSverse Semester projects 24 of 74

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### The madness of modern geography:



Explore distances between points on the Earth as travel times.

& See Jonathan Harris's work here  $\Box$  and here  $\Box$ .

The PoCSverse Semester projects 25 of 74

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"A universal model for mobility and migration patterns" 
Simini et al.,
Nature, **484**, 96–100, 2012. [37]



"The hidden geometry of complex, network-driven contagion phenomena" Brockmann and Helbing, Science, **342**, 1337–1342, 2013. [4]

The PoCSverse Semester projects 26 of 74 The Plan

iric man

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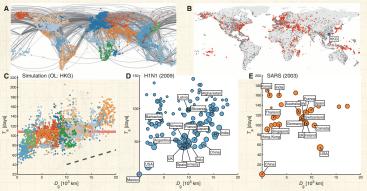


Fig. 1. Complexity in global, network-driven contagion phenomena. Al me global mobility newhox (GMN), Gry lines represent passenger flows along direct connections between 4069 airports worldwide. Geographic regions are distinguished by color (classified according to network modularly maximization (39)). (B) Temporal snapshot of a simulated global pandemic with initial outbreak location (CU in Hong Kong (HKG). The simulation is based on the metapopulation model defined by Eq. 3 with parameters  $R_0 = 1.5$ ,  $\beta = 0.285$  day  $^3 \cdot, \gamma = 2.5 \times 10^{-3}$  day  $^3 \cdot, \epsilon = 10^{-3}$ . Red symbols depict locations with epidemic arrival times in the time windows 10.5 days  $\zeta^2 - \zeta$  2.10 days. Because of the multiscale structure of the underlying network, the spatial distribution of disease prevalence (i.e., the fraction of intected individuals) lacks geometric coherence. No clear wavefront is visible, and based on this dynamic state, the OL cannot be easily deduced. (OF or the same simulation as in (8), the pand elegicist arrival times  $T_{\rm g}$  as a function of geographic distance  $D_{\rm g}$  from the OL (Inodes are colored according to ecographic regions as in (A)) for each of the 4069 nodes in the network. On a

global scale, T, weakly correlates with geographic distance D, (\*\* = 0.34). A linear fit yelds an average plobal spreading speed of v. = 331 km/day (see also fig. 57). Using D, and v, to estimate arrival times for specific locations, however, does not work well owing to the story availability of the arrival times for a given geographic distance. The red horizontal bar corresponds to the arrival time window shown in (8). (D) Arrival times versus geographic distance from the source (Mexico for the 2009 H1M2) pandemic. Symbols represent 140 affected countries, and symbol size quantifies total traffic per country. Arrival times are defined as the date of the first confirmed case in a given country after the initial outbreak on 17 March 2009. As in the simulated scenario, arrival time are geographic distance are only weakly correlated (\*\* – 0.0394). (E) In analogy to (D), the panel depicts the arrival times versus geographic distance from the source (China) of the 2003 SARS epidemic for 29 affected countries worldwide. Arrival times are taken from WHO published data (2). As in (C) and (D), arrival time correlates weakly with operagonalic distance.

#### The PoCSverse Semester projects 27 of 74

The Plan

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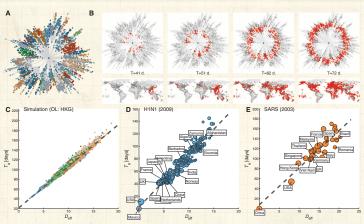


Fig. 2. Understanding global contagion phenomena using effective distance. (A) The structure of the shortest path tree (in gray from Hong Kong (central node). Radial distance represents effective distance  $D_{ijk}$  as defined by Egs. 4 and 5. Nodes are colored according to the same scheme as in Fig. 1A. (8) The sequence (from left to right) of panels depicts the time course of a simulated model disease with initial outbreak in Hong Kong (MkK), for the same parameter set a used in Fig. 1B. Prevalence is reflected by the redness of the symbols. Each panel compares the state of the system in the conventional geographic representation (top). The complex spatial pattern in the conventional (eve) is equivalent to a homogeneous parameters and the complex spatial pattern in the conventional (eve) is equivalent to a homogeneous parameters.

neous wave that propagates outwards at constant effective speed in the effective distance representation, (C) Epidemic airval time  $T_2$ , versus effective distance  $D_{\rm unf}$  for the same simulated epidemic as in (B). In contrast to geographic distance  $D_{\rm unf}$  for the same simulated epidemic as in (B). In contrast to geographic distance, (B), effective distance is an excellent predictor of arrival times, (D) and (B) Linear relationship between effective distance and arrival time for the (D) of (B) High pandemic (D) and the (D) SAMS epidemic (D). The arrival time data are the operation of (D) and (D) is the (D) and (D) and (D) and (D) and (D) and (D) is the (D) and (D) and (D) are districted distance was computed from the opposition of (D) and (D). The effective distance was computed from the observe a strong correlation between arrival time and effective distance.

The PoCSverse Semester projects 28 of 74

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

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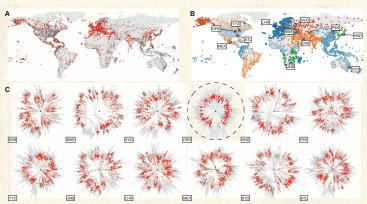


Fig. 3. Qualitative outbreak reconstruction based on effective distance. (A) Spatial distribution of prevalence  $\mu$ 0 at time F=81 days for OL Chicago (parameters  $\beta=0.28$  day<sup>-1</sup>,  $R_0=1.9$ ,  $\gamma=2.8 \times 10^{-3}$  day<sup>-1</sup>, and  $\epsilon=10^{-3}$ . After this time, it depresses the state of the system shown in (A) from the recipions. (C) Pands depict the state of the system shown in (A) from the

perspective of each candidate OL, using each OL's shortest path tree representation, Only the actual OL (ORD, circled in blue) produces a circular waveness as circular waveness as circular waveness as circular waveness. Elatanta (ATL), Grootno (YYZ), and Mexico City (WEQ), the waverforms are not nearly as concentric. Elivar distances thus permit the earth carbon of the concert OL, based on information on the mobility network and a single support of the dynamics. The PoCSverse Semester projects 29 of 74

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## Multilayer networks:

# Explore "Catastrophic cascade of failures in interdependent networks" [6]. Buldyrev et al., Nature 2010.

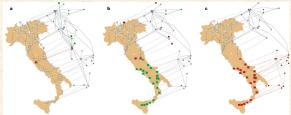


Figure 1 [Modelling a blackout in laby.] Hustration of an iterative process of a causade of inlaire using real world after from a power network (located on the map of laby) and an interior network (shifted above the map) that were 2002." The networks are drawn using the real goognaphical locations and every latenest server is connected to the goognaphically nearest power station. A not power station is acromed (red node on map) from the power network and as a result the Internet nodes depending on it are removed from disconnected from the gaint cluster; destinate that spate the united to disconnected from the gaint cluster; destine that spate the united notes that the disconnected from the gaint cluster; dustice that spate the entire network) at the next step are marked in green. by Additional nodes that were disconnected from the Internet communication network gaint component are removed fred nodes above map). As a result the power stations depending on them are removed from the power network (red nodes on map). Again, the nodes that will be disconnected from the gaint cluster at the form the gaint component of the power network red from the gaint component of the power network are removed (red nodes on map) as well as the nodes in the Internet network that depend on them (red nodes how map).

The PoCSverse Semester projects 30 of 74

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

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#### **HOT networks:**



2005. [17]

"The "Robust yet Fragile" nature of the Internet" 
Doyle et al.,

Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci., 2005, 14497-14502,

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Read and critique "Historical Dynamics: Why States Rise and Fall" by Peter Turchin. [41]

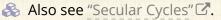
Can history be explained by differential equations?: Clyodynamics ☑,

Construct a working version of Psychohistory 
 ✓.



"The life-spans of Empires" Samuel Arbesman,
Historical Methods: A Journal of
Quantitative and Interdisciplinary History,
44, 127–129, 2011. [1]





The PoCSverse Semester projects 32 of 74

The Plan

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Explore general theories on system robustness.



Are there universal signatures that presage system failure?

The PoCSverse Semester projects 33 of 74

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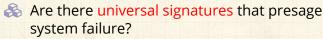
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Explore general theories on system robustness.



See "Early-warning signals for critical transitions" Scheffer et al., Nature 2009. [35]

The PoCSverse Semester projects 33 of 74

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

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Explore general theories on system robustness.

Are there universal signatures that presage system failure?

See "Early-warning signals for critical transitions" Scheffer et al., Nature 2009. [35]

"Although predicting such critical points before they are reached is extremely difficult, work in different scientific fields is now suggesting the existence of generic early-warning signals that may indicate for a wide class of systems if a critical threshold is approaching." The PoCSverse Semester projects 33 of 74

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive



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See "Early-warning signals for critical transitions" Scheffer et al., Nature 2009. [35]

"Although predicting such critical points before they are reached is extremely difficult, work in different scientific fields is now suggesting the existence of generic early-warning signals that may indicate for a wide class of systems if a critical threshold is approaching."

Robust-yet-fragile systems, HOT theory.

The PoCSverse Semester projects 33 of 74

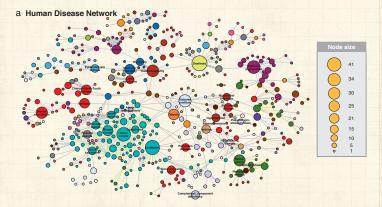
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Study the human disease and disease gene networks (Goh et al., 2007):



The PoCSverse Semester projects 34 of 74

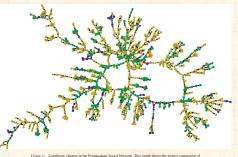
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Explore and critique Fowler and Christakis et al. work on social contagion of:



friends, spouses, and siblings at Exam 7 (centered on the year 2000). There are 1,019 individuals shown. Each node represents a participant, and its shape denotes gender (circles are female, squares are male). Lines between nodes indicate relationship (red for siblings, black for friends and spouses). Node color denotes the mean number of days the focal participant and all directly connected (Distance 1) linked participants felt lonely in the past week, with yellow being 0-1 days, green being 2 days, and blue being greater than 3 days or more. The graph suggests clustering in loneliness and a relationship between being peripheral and feeling lonely, both of which are confirmed by statistical models discussed in the main text

Semester projects 35 of 74 The Plan

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References

Obesity [9]



Smoking cessation [10]



Happiness [19]



A Loneliness [7]

#### One of many questions:

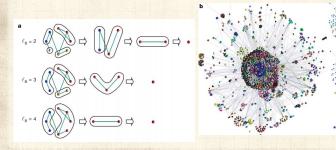
How does the (very) sparse sampling of a real social network affect their findings?



Explore "self-similarity of complex networks" [38, 39] First work by Song *et al.*, Nature, 2005.

See accompanying comment by Strogatz [40]

See also "Coarse-graining and self-dissimilarity of complex networks" by Itzkovitz et al. [?]



The PoCSverse Semester projects 36 of 74

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive



#### Related papers:

"Origins of fractality in the growth of complex networks" Song et al. (2006a) [39]

"Skeleton and Fractal Scaling in Complex Networks" Go et al. (2006a) [20]

"Complex Networks Renormalization: Flows and Fixed Points" Radicchi et al. (2008a) [34] The PoCSverse Semester projects 37 of 74

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Suggestions for Projects

Archive



## Advances in sociotechnical algorithms:



"Mastering the game of Go with deep neural networks and tree search"

Silver and Silver, Nature, **529**, 484–489, 2016. [36]

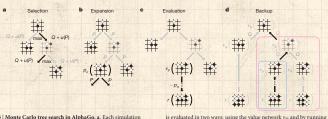


Figure 3 | Monte Carlo tree search in AlphaGo, a. Each simulation traverses the tree by selecting the edge with maximum action value Q, plus a bonus u(P) that depends on a stored prior probability P for that edge, b. The leaf node may be expanded; the new node is processed once by the policy network  $p_{\alpha}$  and the output probabilities are stored as prior probabilities P for each action, c. At the end of a simulation, the leaf node

a rollout to the end of the game with the fast rollout policy  $p_{\pi}$ , then computing the winner with function r. d, Action values Q are updated to track the mean value of all evaluations  $r(\cdot)$  and  $v_0(\cdot)$  in the subtree below that action.

Nature News (2016): Digital Intuition 2



Wired (2012): Network Science of the game of

The PoCSverse Semester projects 38 of 74

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive





Explore patterns, designed and undesigned, of cities and suburbs.



The PoCSverse Semester projects 39 of 74

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive



The PoCSverse Semester projects 40 of 74

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive

References

Study collective creativity arising out of social interactions

Productivity, wealth, creativity, disease, etc. appear to increase superlinearly with population

Start with Bettencourt et al.'s (2007) "Growth, innovation, scaling, and the pace of life in cities" [3]

Dig into Bettencourt (2013) "The Origins of Scaling in Cities" [3]



## Study networks and creativity:

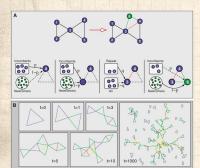


Fig. 2. Modeling the emergence of collaboration networks in creative enterprises. (A) Creation of a team with m = 3 agents. Consider, at time zero, a collaboration network comprising five agents, all incumbents (blue circles). Along with the incumbents, there is a large pool of newcomers (green circles) available to participate in new teams. Each agent in a team has a probability p of being drawn from the pool of incumbents and a probability 1 - p of being drawn from the pool of newcomers. For the second and subsequent agents selected from the incumbents' pool: (i) with probability q, the new agent is randomly selected from among the set of collaborators of a randomly selected incumbent already in the team: (iii) otherwise he or she is selected at random among all incumbents in the network. For concreteness, let us assume that incumbent 4 is selected as the first agent in the new team (leftmost box). Let us also assume that the second agent is an incumbent, too (center-left box). In this example, the second agent is a past collaborator of agent 4, specifically agent 3 (center-right box). Lastly, the third agent is selected from the pool of newcomers; this agent becomes incumbent 6 (rightmost box). In these boxes and in the following panels and figures, blue lines indicate newcomernewcomer collaborations, green lines indicate newcomer-incumbent collaborations, vellow lines indicate new incumbent-incumbent collaborations, and red lines indicate repeat collaborations. (B) Time evolution of the network of collaborations according to the model for p=0.5, q=0.5, and m=3.

Guimerà et al., Science 2005: [22] "Team Assembly Mechanisms Determine Collaboration Network Structure and Team Performance"

- Broadway musical industry
- Scientific collaboration in Social Psychology, Economics, Ecology, and Astronomy.

The PoCSverse Semester projects 41 of 74

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive



Vague/Large:



Study Yelp: is there Accounting for Taste?

The PoCSverse Semester projects 42 of 74

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive



## Vague/Large:



Study Yelp: is there Accounting for Taste?



Study Metacritic: the success of stories.

The PoCSverse Semester projects 42 of 74

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

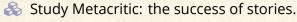
Archive



## Vague/Large:



Study Yelp: is there Accounting for Taste?



The PoCSverse Semester projects 42 of 74

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive



## Vague/Large:



Study Yelp: is there Accounting for Taste?



Study Metacritic: the success of stories.





Study proverbs.

The PoCSverse Semester projects 42 of 74

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive



#### Vague/Large:



Study Yelp: is there Accounting for Taste?



Study Metacritic: the success of stories.



🙈 Study TV Tropes 🗹



Study proverbs.



Study amazon's recommender networks.

**Customers Who Bought This Item Also Bought** 



Harry Potter Schoolbooks: Fantastic Beasts and... by

J.K. Rowling \*\*\*\* (465) \$10.19



The Tales of Beedle the Bard, Collector's E... by J. K. Rowling

####### (153)

Harry, A History: The True Story of a Boy Wizar... by

Melissa Anelli \$10.88 (52)

Inkdeath (Inkheart) by Cornelia Funke

\*\*\*\*\*\* (41) \$16.49

See work by Sornette et al..



The PoCSverse

The Plan Suggestions for

Projects Archive

References

Semester projects 42 of 74

#### Vague/Large:



Study Yelp: is there Accounting for Taste?



Study Metacritic: the success of stories.



🙈 Study TV Tropes 🗹



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The Tales of Beedle the Bard, Collector's E... by J. K. Rowling ####### (153)



Harry, A History: The True Story of a Boy Wizar... by Melissa Anelli 金金金金 (52) \$10.88



Inkdeath (Inkheart) by Cornelia Funke \*\*\*\*\*\* (41) \$16.49

See work by Sornette et al..



Vague/Large:

Study Netflix's open data (movies and people form a bipartite graph).

The PoCSverse Semester projects 42 of 74

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive



More Vague/Large:

How do countries depend on each other for water, energy, people (immigration), investments?

The PoCSverse Semester projects 43 of 74

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive



More Vague/Large:

How do countries depend on each other for water, energy, people (immigration), investments?

How is the media connected? Who copies whom?

The PoCSverse Semester projects 43 of 74

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive



#### More Vague/Large:

How do countries depend on each other for water, energy, people (immigration), investments?

How is the media connected? Who copies whom?

(Problem: Need to be able to measure interactions.)

The PoCSverse Semester projects 43 of 74

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive



#### More Vague/Large:

How do countries depend on each other for water, energy, people (immigration), investments?

How is the media connected? Who copies whom?

(Problem: Need to be able to measure interactions.)

Investigate memetics, the 'science' of memes.

The PoCSverse Semester projects 43 of 74

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive



#### More Vague/Large:

How do countries depend on each other for water, energy, people (immigration), investments?

How is the media connected? Who copies whom?

(Problem: Need to be able to measure interactions.)

Investigate memetics, the 'science' of memes.

A http://memetracker.org/

The PoCSverse Semester projects 43 of 74

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive



The PoCSverse Semester projects 43 of 74

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive

References

## More Vague/Large:

- How do countries depend on each other for water, energy, people (immigration), investments?
- How is the media connected? Who copies whom?
- (Problem: Need to be able to measure interactions.)
- Investigate memetics, the 'science' of memes.
- A http://memetracker.org/
- Work on the evolution of proverbs and sayings.



More Vague/Large:

How does advertising work collectively?

The PoCSverse Semester projects 44 of 74

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive



More Vague/Large:

How does advertising work collectively?

Does one car manufacturers' ads indirectly help other car manufacturers? The PoCSverse Semester projects 44 of 74

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive



The PoCSverse Semester projects 44 of 74

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive

References

#### More Vague/Large:

How does advertising work collectively?

Does one car manufacturers' ads indirectly help other car manufacturers?

Ads for junk food versus fruits and vegetables.



The PoCSverse Semester projects 44 of 74

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive

References

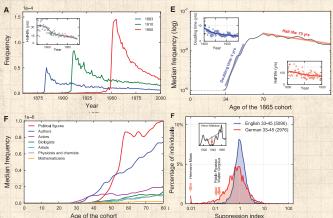
#### More Vague/Large:

- How does advertising work collectively?
- Does one car manufacturers' ads indirectly help other car manufacturers?
- Ads for junk food versus fruits and vegetables.
- Ads for cars versus bikes versus walking.



#### **Culturomics:**

"Quantitative analysis of culture using millions of digitized books" by Michel et al., Science, 2011 [30]



http://www.culturomics.org/☑
Google Books ngram viewer☑

Done!: Crushed by Pechenick, Danforth, Dodds [32, 33]

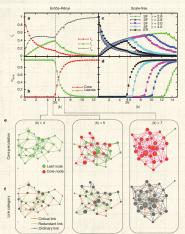
The PoCSverse Semester projects 45 of 74

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive





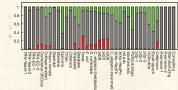


Figure 4 | Link categories for robust control. The fractions of critical (red,), are dumlant (green, l) and ordinary (green, l) links for the real networks named in Table 1. To make controllability robust to link failures, it is sufficient to double only the critical links, formally making each of these links redundant and therefore ensuring that there are no critical links in the system.

"Controllability of complex networks" [29] Liu et al., Nature 2011. Controversial ...

The PoCSverse Semester projects 46 of 74

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

#### Archive



 Study phyllotaxis ☑, how plants grow new buds and branches.



http://andbug.blogspot.com/♂



Wikipedia 2

The PoCSverse Semester projects 47 of 74

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive



- Study phyllotaxis ☑, how plants grow new buds and branches.
- Some delightful mathematics appears involving the Fibonacci series.



 $http://andbug.blogspot.com/ \cite{C}$ 



Wikipedia ☑

The PoCSverse Semester projects 47 of 74

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive



- Study phyllotaxis ☑, how plants grow new buds and branches.
- Some delightful mathematics appears involving the Fibonacci series.
- Excellent work to start with: "Phyllotaxis as a Dynamical Self Organizing Process: Parts I, II, and III" by Douady and Couder [14, 15, 16]



http://andbug.blogspot.com/



Wikipedia 🖸

The PoCSverse Semester projects 47 of 74

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive



## The problem of missing data in networks:

Clauset et al. (2008) "Hierarchical structure and the prediction of missing links in networks" [11]

Kossinets (2006) "Effects of missing data in social networks" [27]

A Much more ...

The PoCSverse Semester projects 48 of 74

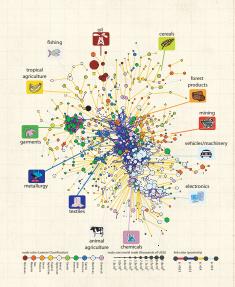
The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive



- Study Hidalgo et al.'s "The Product Space Conditions the Development of Nations" [23]
- How do products depend on each other, and how does this network evolve?
- How do countries depend on each other for water, energy, people (immigration), investments?



The PoCSverse Semester projects 49 of 74

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive



The PoCSverse Semester projects 50 of 74

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive

References

🚓 Explore Dunbar's number 🗹

See here and here for some food for thought regarding large-scale online games and Dunbar's number. [http://www.lifewithalacrity.com ]

Recent work: "Network scaling reveals consistent fractal pattern in hierarchical mammalian societies" Hill et al. (2008) [24].



The PoCSverse Semester projects 51 of 74

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive

References

Study scientific collaboration networks.

Mounds of data + good models.

See seminal work by De Solla Price [13]. plus modern work by Redner, Newman, et al.

We will study some of this in class...



The PoCSverse Semester projects 52 of 74

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive

References

Study Kearns et al.'s experimental studies of people solving classical graph theory problems [26]

"An Experimental Study of the Coloring Problem on Human Subject Networks"



The PoCSverse Semester projects 52 of 74

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive

References

Study Kearns et al.'s experimental studies of people solving classical graph theory problems [26]

"An Experimental Study of the Coloring Problem on Human Subject Networks"

(Possibly) Run some of these experiments for our class.



The PoCSverse Semester projects 53 of 74

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive

References

Study games (as in game theory) on networks.

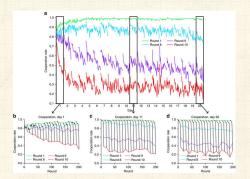
For cooperation: Review Martin Nowak's piece in Science, "Five rules for the evolution of cooperation." [31] and related works.

Much work to explore: voter models, contagion-type models, etc.



Resilient cooperators stabilize long-run cooperation in the finitely repeated Prisoner's Dilemma

Mao et al., 2017.



https://www.nature.com/articles/ncomms13800

The PoCSverse Semester projects 54 of 74

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive





Semantic networks: explore word-word connection networks generated by linking semantically related words.

The PoCSverse Semester projects 55 of 74

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive



Semantic networks: explore word-word connection networks generated by linking semantically related words.

Also: Networks based on morphological or phonetic similarity.

The PoCSverse Semester projects 55 of 74

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive



Semantic networks: explore word-word connection networks generated by linking semantically related words.

Also: Networks based on morphological or phonetic similarity.

More general: Explore language evolution

The PoCSverse Semester projects 55 of 74

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive



Semantic networks: explore word-word connection networks generated by linking semantically related words.

Also: Networks based on morphological or phonetic similarity.

More general: Explore language evolution

One paper to start with: "The small world of human language" by Ferrer i Cancho and Solé [18]

The PoCSverse Semester projects 55 of 74

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive



Semantic networks: explore word-word connection networks generated by linking semantically related words.

Also: Networks based on morphological or phonetic similarity.

More general: Explore language evolution

One paper to start with: "The small world of human language" by Ferrer i Cancho and Solé [18]

Study spreading of neologisms.

The PoCSverse Semester projects 55 of 74

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive



Semantic networks: explore word-word connection networks generated by linking semantically related words.

Also: Networks based on morphological or phonetic similarity.

More general: Explore language evolution

One paper to start with: "The small world of human language" by Ferrer i Cancho and Solé [18]

Study spreading of neologisms.

Examine new words relative to existing words—is there a pattern? Phonetic and morphological similarities. The PoCSverse Semester projects 55 of 74

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive



Semantic networks: explore word-word connection networks generated by linking semantically related words.

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Examine new words relative to existing words—is there a pattern? Phonetic and morphological similarities.

Crazy: Can new words be predicted?

The PoCSverse Semester projects 55 of 74

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive



Semantic networks: explore word-word connection networks generated by linking semantically related words.

Also: Networks based on morphological or phonetic similarity.

More general: Explore language evolution

One paper to start with: "The small world of human language" by Ferrer i Cancho and Solé [18]

Study spreading of neologisms.

Examine new words relative to existing words—is there a pattern? Phonetic and morphological similarities.

Crazy: Can new words be predicted?

Use Google Books n-grams as a data source.

The PoCSverse Semester projects 55 of 74

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive



The PoCSverse Semester projects 56 of 74

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive

References

Explore work by Doyle, Alderson, et al. as well as Pastor-Satorras et al. on the structure of the Internet(s).



The PoCSverse Semester projects 57 of 74

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive

- Review: Study Castronova's and others' work on massive multiplayer online games. How do social networks form in these games? [8]
- See work by Johnson et al. on gang formation in the real world and in World of Warcraft (really!).



#### Social networks:

- Study social networks as revealed by email patterns, Facebook connections, tweets, etc.
- "Empirical analysis of evolving social networks" Kossinets and Watts, Science, Vol 311, 88-90, 2006. [28]
- "Inferring friendship network structure by using mobile phone data" Eagle, et al., PNAS, 2009.
- "Community Structure in Online Collegiate Social Networks" Traud et al., 2008.

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The PoCSverse Semester projects 58 of 74

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive



# Voting

The PoCSverse Semester projects 59 of 74

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive

References

## Score-based voting versus rank-based voting:

Balinski and Laraki [2]
"A theory of measuring, electing, and ranking"
Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci., pp. 8720–8725 (2007)



### More Vague/Large:

Study spreading of anything where influence can be measured (very hard).

The PoCSverse Semester projects 60 of 74

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive



### More Vague/Large:

Study spreading of anything where influence can be measured (very hard).

Study any interesting micro-macro story to do with evolution, biology, ethics, religion, history, food, international relations, ...

The PoCSverse Semester projects 60 of 74

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive



Semester projects 60 of 74

The PoCSverse

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive

References

### More Vague/Large:

- Study spreading of anything where influence can be measured (very hard).
- Study any interesting micro-macro story to do with evolution, biology, ethics, religion, history, food, international relations, ...
- 🚳 Data is key.



## Vague/Large:



Study how the Wikipedia's content is interconnected.





"Connecting every bit of knowledge: The structure of Wikipedia's First Link Network"

Ibrahim, Danforth, and Dodds, Available online at https://arxiv.org/abs/1605.00309, 2016. [25]



The Plan

Suggestions for

Archive



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The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive

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The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

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Synthetic Worlds: The Business and Culture of Online Games.
University of Chicago Press, Chicago, IL, 2005.

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Suggestions for Projects

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The PoCSverse Semester projects 66 of 74

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive



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The PoCSverse Semester projects 67 of 74

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive

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The PoCSverse Semester projects 68 of 74

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive



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Suggestions for Projects

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The PoCSverse Semester projects 70 of 74

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive



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Suggestions for Projects

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The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive



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The PoCSverse Semester projects 74 of 74

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive

