

Finding Happiness

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Principles of Complex Systems, Vols. 1, 2, & 3D
CSYS/MATH 6701, 6713, & a pretend number, 2024–2025

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A few more key papers:



“Sentiment analysis methods for understanding large-scale texts: A case for using continuum-scored words and word shift graphs” [↗](#), Reagan et al., EPJ Data Science, **6**, , 2017. ^[37]



“Generalized word shift graphs: A method for visualizing and explaining pairwise comparisons between texts” [↗](#) Gallagher et al., EPJ Data Science, **10**, 4, 2021. ^[17]



“Ousiometrics and Telegnomics: The essence of meaning conforms to a two-dimensional powerful-weak and dangerous-safe framework with diverse corpora presenting a safety bias” [↗](#) Dodds et al., , 2021. ^[9]

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This is a Collateralized Debt Obligation:



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Economics, Schmeconomics

Alan Greenspan (September 18, 2007):

“I’ve been dealing with these big mathematical models of forecasting the economy ...

If I could figure out a way to determine whether or not people are more fearful or changing to more euphoric,

I don’t need any of this other stuff.

I could forecast the economy better than any way I know.”



<http://wikipedia.org>

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Robert Kennedy on the Gross Domestic Product (GDP) in 1968:

“It measures everything except that which makes life worthwhile. And it can tell us everything about America except why we are proud that we are Americans.” ^[26, 25]

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A few key papers:



“Measuring the happiness of large-scale written expression: Songs, blogs, and presidents.” [↗](#), Dodds and Danforth, Journal of Happiness Studies, **11**, 441–456, 2009. ^[11]



“Temporal patterns of happiness and information in a global social network: Hedonometrics and Twitter” [↗](#) Dodds et al., PLoS ONE, **6**, e26752, 2011. ^[13]



“Positivity of the English language” [↗](#), Kloumann et al., PLoS ONE, **7**, e29484, 2012. ^[28]



“Human language reveals a universal positivity bias” [↗](#), Dodds et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci., **112**, 2389–2394, 2015. ^[10]

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Economics, Schmeconomics

Greenspan continues:

“The trouble is that we can’t figure that out. I’ve been in the forecasting business for 50 years. I’m no better than I ever was, and nobody else is. Forecasting 50 years ago was as good or as bad as it is today. And the reason is that human nature hasn’t changed. We can’t improve ourselves.”

Jon Stewart:

“You just bummed the @*!# out of me.”



wildbluffmedia.com

- From the Daily Show [↗](#) (September 18, 2007; @5:13)
- The full interview was once [here](#) [↗](#).

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Basic Science ≈ Describe + Explain:



Lord Kelvin (possibly):

- “To measure is to know.”
- “If you cannot measure it, you cannot improve it.”

But also:

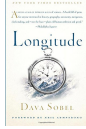
- “There is nothing new to be discovered in physics now. All that remains is more and more precise measurement.”
- “X-rays will prove to be a hoax.”

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A brief history of measuring time:

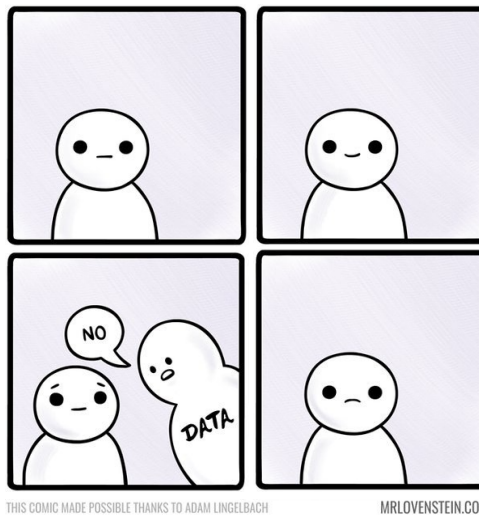
- Megaliths for Big Time
- Sundials, 1500 BC, Egypt (solid for over 2000 years)
- Escapements (200s), Hourglasses (1300s?), Pendulum clocks (Galileo, 1500s)
- Chronometers, 1700s:



“Longitude: The True Story of a Lone Genius Who Solved the Greatest Scientific Problem of His Time” by Dava Sobel (2007). [39]

- Billionths of a second accuracy: Atomic clocks (Lord Kelvin, 1879)

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THIS COMIC MADE POSSIBLE THANKS TO ADAM LINGELBACH MRLOVENSTEIN.COM

Measuring temperature was thought impossible:

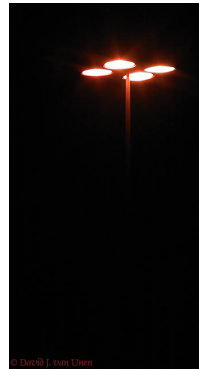
The properties measured by our instruments usually begin as subjective judgments. Temperature is a good example. People were aware of variations in temperature long before there were any objective measurements of temperature. Judgments of temperature are imperfectly correlated among different persons, or even the same person at different times, depending on the humidity, the person's activity level and age, surrounding air currents, and so on. The idea that anything as subtle and complex as all the manifestations of changes in temperature could be measured and quantified on a single numerical scale was scoffed at as impossible, even by the leading philosophers of the sixteenth century.

The first thermometer invented by Galileo in 1592 did not go far in dispelling the notion that temperature was inherently unmeasurable, because the earliest thermometers, for about their first hundred years, were so imperfect as to make it possible for those who wished to do so to argue that no one could ever succeed in measuring temperature. Temperature was then confounded with all the subtleties of subjective judgment, which easily seem incompatible with a single numerical scale of measurement. How could the height of a column of mercury in a glass tube possibly reflect the rich varieties of temperature—damp cold, dank cold, frosty cold, crisp cold, humid heat, searing heat, scalding heat, dry heat, feverish heat, prickly heat, and so on?

From “Bias in Mental Testing”, Arthur Jensen, 1980 [22]
per @SilverVVulpes: Also: Inventing Temperature, Hasok Chang, 2004 [3]

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What matters and what's measurable:



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Measuring temperature was thought impossible:

The early thermometers were inconsistent, both with themselves and with each other. Because they consisted of open-ended glass tubes, they were sensitive to changes in barometric pressure as well as to temperature. And there were problems of calibration, such as where to locate the zero point and how to divide the column of mercury into units. It was believed, incorrectly, that all caves had the same temperature, so thermometers were calibrated in caves. The freezing and boiling points of water were also used in calibration, but, as these vary with impurities in the water and the barometric pressure, the calibration of different thermometers at different times and places resulted in thermometers that failed to correlate perfectly with one another in any given instance. They lacked reliability, as we now would say.

All the while, no one knew what temperature is in a theoretical or scientific sense. There was no theory of thermodynamics that could explain temperature phenomena and provide a complete scientific rationale for the construction and calibration of thermometers. Yet quite adequate and accurate thermometers, hardly differing from those we use today, were eventually developed by the middle of the eighteenth century. Thus the objective measurement of temperature considerably preceded the development of an adequate theory of temperature and heat, and necessarily so, as the science of thermodynamics could not possibly have developed without first having been able to quantify or measure the temperatures of liquids, gasses, and other substances independently of

From “Bias in Mental Testing”, Arthur Jensen, 1980 [22]
per @SilverVVulpes: Also: Inventing Temperature, Hasok Chang, 2004 [3]

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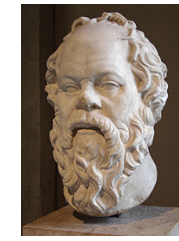
Panometer—Three kinds of lexical meters:



- Principled lexical meters:
 - The Hedonometer.
 - The Lexicocalorimeter.
- Ground truth lexical meters:
 - Insomniometer.
 - Hangovermeter.
- Bootstrap lexical meters:
 - Boredometer.
 - Hashtagometers.

References

Measuring Happiness and Sadness:



Socrates et al.: eudaimonia [23]



Bentham: hedonistic calculus

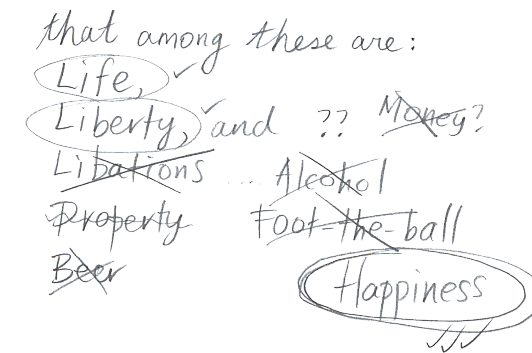


Jefferson: ...the pursuit of happiness

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Early drafts:



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Happiness:

Even the odd modern economist is happy:

“Happiness” by Richard Layard [29]



[amazon]

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What makes us happy?—Layard's summary:

Dominant factors:

- Family relationships
- Financial situation
- Work
- Community and Friends
- Health
- Personal Values
- Personal Freedom

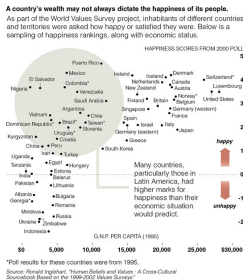
Unimportant factors:

- Age
- Gender
- Education
- Inherent intelligence
- Looks

Desiring happiness—not just for boffins:

- Average people routinely report being happy is what they want most in life [29, 30, 8]
- And it matters: “Happy people live longer:…” Survey by Diener and Chan. [8]

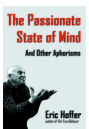
A Plateau of Happiness



National indices of well-being:

- Bhutan
- UK
- France
- Australia

Some easy knocks:



“The Passionate State of Mind: And Other Aphorisms” by Eric Hoffer (1954). [21]

“The search for happiness is one of the chief sources of unhappiness.”

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Some easy knocks:

Colbert: “Happiness is totally overrated ...”

“Happiness is for the weak.”



Full interview with Jennifer Senior was here

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30 Rock, S7E8:



JD: “Before she died, Colleen told me—she just wants me to be happy. ‘I just want you to be happy.’ You know who you say that to? A loser. Someone who can’t hope for anything more in life than just being happy. You say that to someone who has disappointed you.”

LL: “Jack.”

JD: “No. It’s perfect. She’s a genius. One last twist of the knife. Well, thank you for coming, Lemon, but I better get going. The funeral is tomorrow. Colleen wanted to be buried before the rest of the family found out and sold her body to a haunted house. And, of course, I get to eulogize Colleen at the service. One more chance to disappoint her as she looks up at me from her throne in hell.”

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Meaning rather than happiness:



“Mindfulness in Plain English” by Henepola Gunaratana (1992). [20]



“Flow” by Mihaly Csikszentmihalyi (1990). [6]

- Can we measure Flow in a big data way?
- Maybe drops in social media usage indicate people are doing okay?

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Emotional content

So how does one measure

1. happiness?
2. levels of other emotional states?

Just ask people how happy they are.

- Experience sampling [5, 7, 6] (Csikszentmihalyi et al.)
- Day reconstruction [24] (Kahneman et al.)

But self-reporting has some drawbacks:

- relies on memory and self-perception
- induces misreporting [31]
- costly

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Happiness, attention, and doing:

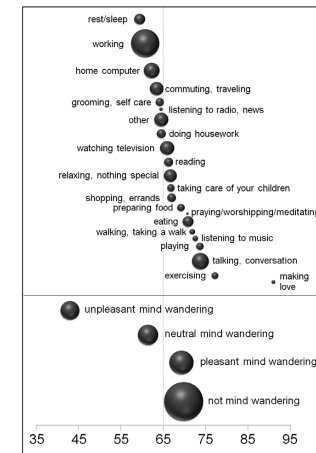


Fig. 1. Mean happiness reported during each activity (top) and while mind wandering to unpleasant topics, neutral topics, pleasant topics or not mind wandering (bottom). Dashed line indicates mean of happiness across all samples. Bubble area indicates the frequency of occurrence. The largest bubble (“not mind wandering”) corresponds to 53.1% of the samples, and the smallest bubble (“praying/worshipping/meditating”) corresponds to 0.1% of the samples.

Killingworth and Gilbert, Science, 2010 [27]

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We’d like to build an ‘hedonometer’:



An instrument to ‘remotely-sense’ emotional states and levels, in real time or post hoc.

Ideally:

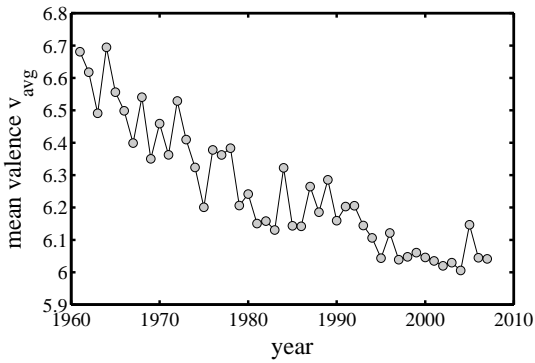
- Transparent
- Fast
- Based on written expression
- Uses human evaluation
- Non-reactive
- Complementary to self-reported measures
- Improvable

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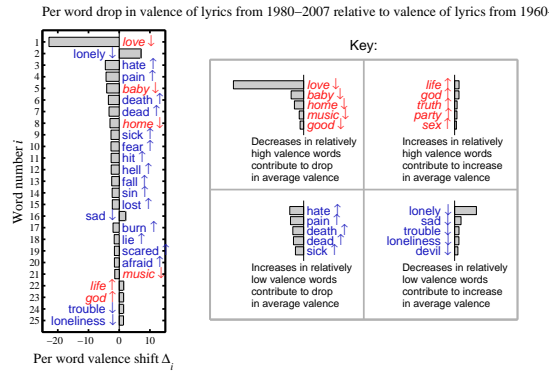
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Song Lyrics—average happiness



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Happiness Word Shift Graph (early version):

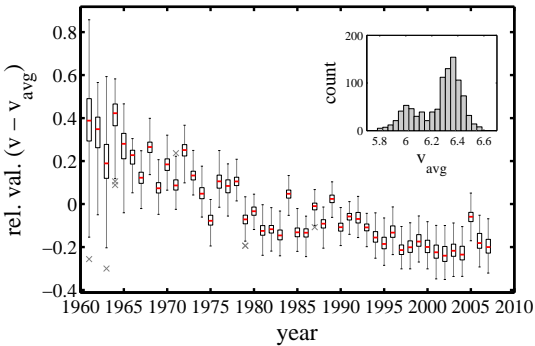


Word shifts are word clouds for grown ups.

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- +↑: Increased usage of relatively positive words—If a word is happier than text T_{ref} (+) and appears relatively more often in text T_{comp} (↑), then the contribution to the difference $h_{avg}^{(comp)} - h_{avg}^{(ref)}$ is positive;
- ↓: Decreased usage of relatively negative words—If a word is less happy than text T_{ref} (-) and appears relatively less often in text T_{comp} (↓), then the contribution to the difference $h_{avg}^{(comp)} - h_{avg}^{(ref)}$ is also positive;
- +↓: Decreased usage of relatively positive words—If a word is happier than text T_{ref} (+) and appears relatively less often in text T_{comp} (↓), then the contribution to the difference $h_{avg}^{(comp)} - h_{avg}^{(ref)}$ is negative; and
- ↑: Increased usage of relatively negative words—If a word is less happy than text T_{ref} (-) and appears relatively more often in text T_{comp} (↑), then the contribution to the difference $h_{avg}^{(comp)} - h_{avg}^{(ref)}$ is also negative.

Song Lyrics—measurement robustness



100 random subsets of 750 ANEW words

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Word data shift details:

Given two texts T_{ref} and T_{comp} :

- Measure difference in average happiness: $h_{avg}^{(comp)} - h_{avg}^{(ref)}$
- Evident question: Which words contribute the most to this change?
- Break difference down by contributions from individual words:

$$\delta h_{avg,i} = \frac{100}{|h_{avg}^{(comp)} - h_{avg}^{(ref)}|} \underbrace{[h_{avg}(w_i) - h_{avg}^{(ref)}]}_{+/-} \underbrace{[p_i^{(comp)} - p_i^{(ref)}]}_{\uparrow/\downarrow}$$

- Must have: $\sum_i \delta h_{avg,i} = \pm 100$
- Rank words by $|\delta h_{avg,i}|$

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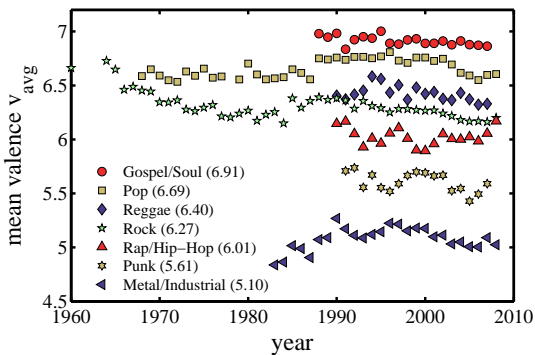
Top 50 of $\approx 20,000$ artists:

Rank	Artist	h_{avg}	Rank	Artist	h_{avg}
1	All-4-One	7.15	26	Sarah Connor	6.86
2	Luther Vandross	7.12	27	Darlene Zschech	6.86
3	S Club 7	7.05	28	Mary J Blige	6.86
4	K Ci & JoJo	7.04	29	Steve Miller Band	6.86
5	Perry Como	7.04	30	New Edition	6.86
6	Diana Ross & The Supremes	7.03	31	Mandy Moore	6.86
7	Buddy Holly	7.02	32	Alicia Keys	6.85
8	Faith Evans	7.01	33	Cher	6.85
9	The Beach Boys	7.01	34	Modern Talking	6.85
10	Jon B	6.98	35	Matio	6.84
11	Dru Hill	6.96	36	Aretha Franklin	6.84
12	Earth Wind & Fire	6.95	37	Jessica Simpson	6.84
13	Ashanti	6.95	38	112	6.84
14	Otis Redding	6.93	39	Backstreet Boys	6.83
15	Faith Hill	6.93	40	Billy Gilman	6.83
16	NSync	6.93	41	B2K	6.82
17	The Supremes	6.91	42	Stevie Wonder	6.82
18	The Partridge Family	6.91	43	John Legend	6.81
19	Kelly Price	6.89	44	Ricky Nelson	6.79
20	Tamia	6.89	45	Lionel Richie	6.79
21	Avant	6.88	46	98 Degrees	6.79
22	Jennifer Lopez	6.88	47	Boyzone	6.79
23	Vanessa Williams	6.87	48	Gerald Levert	6.79
24	Babyface	6.87	49	Nat King Cole	6.78
25	E Rotic	6.87	50	Marques Houston	6.78

(criteria: ≥ 50 songs and ≥ 1000 ANEW words)

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Song Lyrics—average happiness of genres:



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Word data shift details:

$$h_{avg}^{(comp)} - h_{avg}^{(ref)} = \sum_{i=1}^N h_{avg}(w_i) p_i^{(comp)} - \sum_{i=1}^N h_{avg}(w_i) p_i^{(ref)}$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^N h_{avg}(w_i) [p_i^{(comp)} - p_i^{(ref)}]$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^N [h_{avg}(w_i) - h_{avg}^{(ref)}] [p_i^{(comp)} - p_i^{(ref)}]$$

where

$$\sum_{i=1}^N h_{avg}^{(ref)} [p_i^{(comp)} - p_i^{(ref)}] = h_{avg}^{(ref)} \sum_{i=1}^N [p_i^{(comp)} - p_i^{(ref)}]$$

$$= h_{avg}^{(ref)} (1 - 1) = 0.$$

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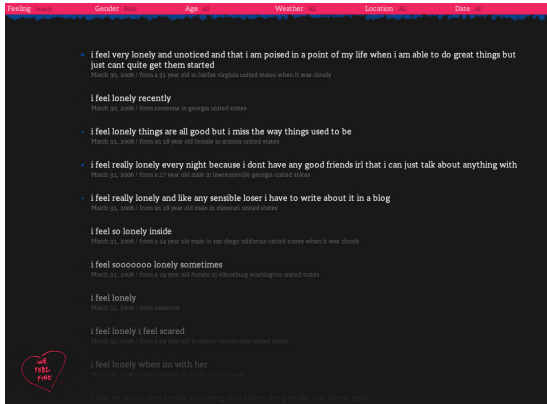
Bottom 50 of $\approx 20,000$ artists:

Rank	Artist	h_{avg}	Rank	Artist	h_{avg}
1	Slayer	4.80	26	Nine Inch Nails	5.34
2	Misfits	4.88	27	Sevendust	5.34
3	Staind	4.93	28	Annihilator	5.35
4	Slipknot	4.98	29	Biohazard	5.36
5	Darkthrone	4.98	30	Insane Clown Posse	5.36
6	Death	5.02	31	Megadeth	5.36
7	Black Label Society	5.05	32	Manowar	5.37
8	Pig	5.08	33	Zebrahead	5.38
9	Voivod	5.14	34	Danzig	5.39
10	Fear Factory	5.15	35	Acid Drinkers	5.40
11	Iced Earth	5.16	36	Dag Nasty	5.40
12	Simple Plan	5.16	37	Iron Maiden	5.40
13	Machine Head	5.17	38	Flotsam And Jetsam	5.41
14	Metallica	5.19	39	Powerman 5000	5.42
15	Dimmu Borgir	5.20	40	Anthrax	5.43
16	Mudvayne	5.21	41	Rhapsody	5.43
17	Linkin Park	5.22	42	Korn	5.43
18	Papa Roach	5.22	43	Rage	5.44
19	Audioslave	5.24	44	Accept	5.45
20	Rage Against The Machine	5.24	45	Esham	5.46
21	Cradle Of Filth	5.25	46	Blind Guardian	5.46
22	Dark Tranquillity	5.26	47	White Zombie	5.47
23	Jack Off Jill	5.28	48	Helloween	5.50
24	Evanescence	5.30	49	W A S P	5.50
25	Twiztid	5.33	50	Green Day	5.50

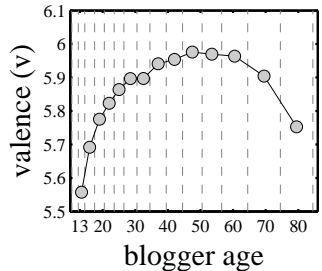
(criteria: ≥ 50 songs and ≥ 1000 ANEW words)

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Text:	h_{avg}	Words with a similar score:
Soul/Gospel lyrics [12]	6.9	chocolate (6.88), leisurely (6.88), penthouse (6.81)
Pop lyrics [12]	6.7	dream (6.73), honey (6.73), sugar (6.74)
Dante's Paradise [2]	6.5	muffin (6.57), rabbit (6.57), smooth (6.58)
Tweets, 9/9/2008 to 12/31/2010	6.4	thought (6.39), face (6.39), blond (6.42)
Rock lyrics [12]	6.3	church (6.28), tree (6.32), air (6.34)
Enron Emails [2]	6.2	clouds (6.18), alert (6.20), computer (6.24)
State of the Union Messages [12]	6.1	grass (6.12), idol (6.12), bottle (6.15)
New York Times (1987–2007) [38]	6.0	hotel (6.00), tennis (6.02), wonder (6.03)
Blogs [12]	5.8	owl (5.80), whistle (5.81), humble (5.86)
Dante's Inferno [2]	5.5	glacier (5.50), repentant (5.53), mischief (5.57)
Heavy Metal lyrics [12]	5.4	lamp (5.41), elevator (5.44), truck (5.47)



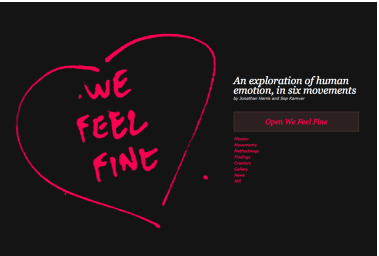
From wefeelfine.org by Jonathan Harris & Sep Kamvar



Average happiness as a function of the age bloggers report they will turn in the year of their posting.

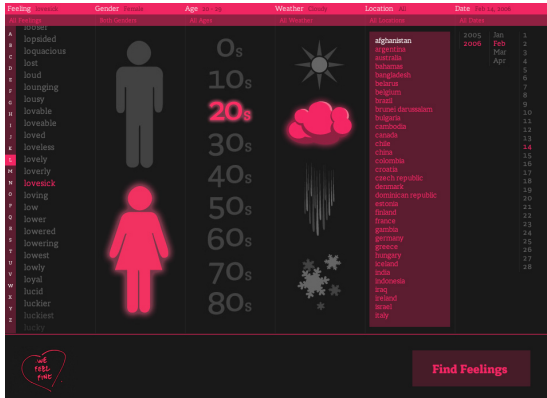
Data sets:

Blog phrases containing "I feel...", "I am feeling", etc., taken from wefeelfine.org (API, 2005–2010)



Created by Jonathan Harris & Sep Kamvar

wefeelfine.org:

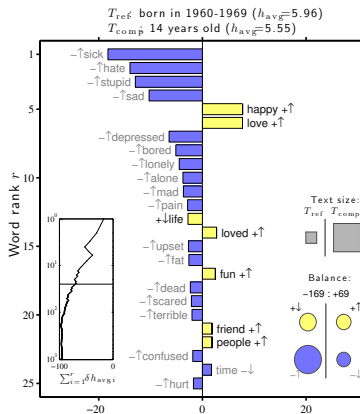
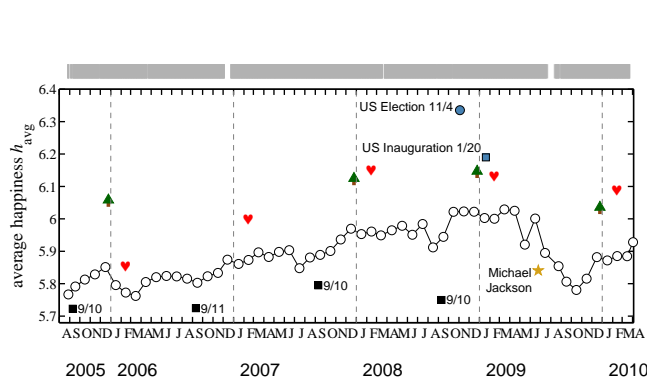


Blogs—Age

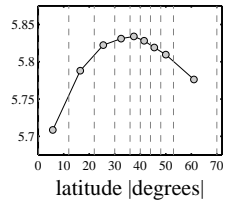
- Self-report studies find little variation in happiness with age [14, 15]
- Surprising: Expect a rise and fall.
- A 'challenge' for theory...
- Related to the Easterlin Paradox: Money doesn't buy happiness
- But maybe it does a little bit—Veenhoven & Hagerty (2003) and Wolfers & Stevenson (2008).

So I really consider myself a storyteller. But I don't really tell stories in the usual way, in the sense that I don't usually tell my own stories. Instead, I'm really interested in building tools that allow large numbers of other people to tell their stories, people all around the world. I do this because I think that people actually have a lot in common. I think people are very similar, but I also think that we have trouble seeing that.

Blogs—Overall trend



Per word average happiness shift $\delta h_{avg,r}$ (%)

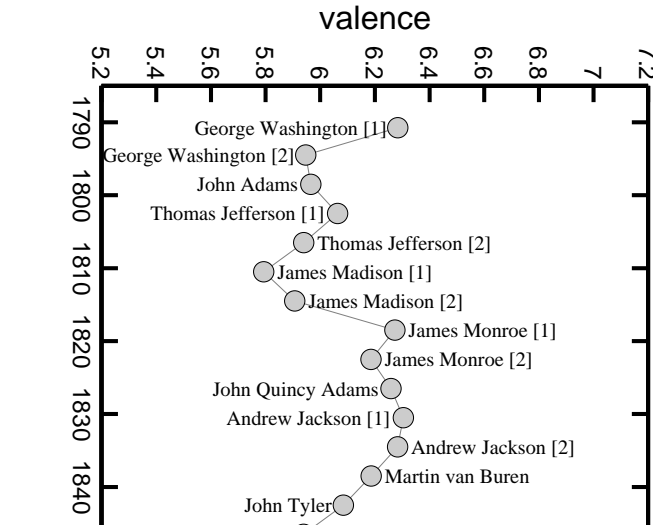
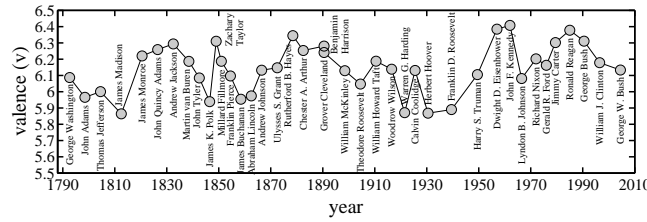


Near equator—social factors

- ☞ Increase in 'sad', 'bored', 'lonely', 'stupid', 'guilty'
- ☞ Decrease in 'good' and 'people'

Near poles—social/psychological/climate

- ☞ Increase in 'sick', 'guilty', 'cold', 'depressed', and 'headache' and decrease of 'love' and 'life.'
- ☞ Offset by decrease in 'hurt' and 'pain.'
- ☞ More 'bed' and 'sleep.'

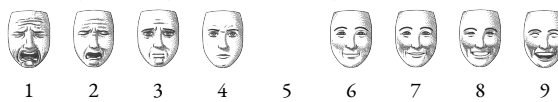


labMT 1.0:
language assessment by Mechanical Turk



- Four corpora:
- ☞ Twitter
 - ☞ Google Books
 - ☞ Music Lyrics
 - ☞ New York Times

- ☞ 5000 most frequently used words for each corpus.
- ☞ 10,222 words, 50 evaluations each, 1–9 scale: [32]



PLOS ONE 10 Year Anniversary: Datasets

By sharing their underlying data and related metadata, authors increase the value and impact of their research. Since its inception, PLOS ONE has encouraged data sharing, and in 2014, in keeping with our commitment to openness, reproducibility and scientific progress, this journal began requiring authors to make their data publicly available.

Sections

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Social Networks

Temporal Patterns of Happiness and Information in a Global Social Network: Hedonometrics and Twitter

Learn More About These Important, Widely Used and Well-Reported Datasets

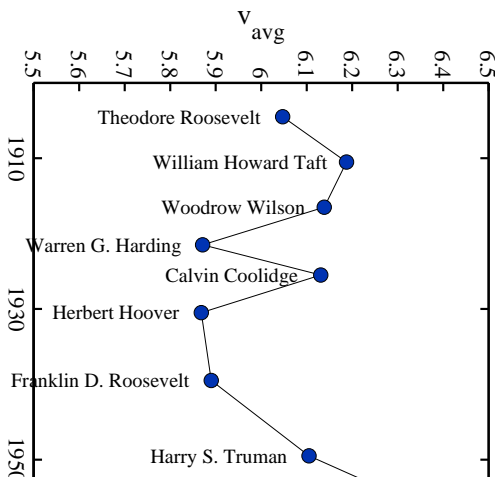
Read the accompanying post in EveryONE - The PLOS ONE Community Blog

CELEBRATE PLOS ONE

valence rank	word	valence	std dev	twitter rank	g-books rank	nyt rank	lyrics rank
1	laughter	8.50	0.93	3600	-	-	1728
2	happiness	8.44	0.97	1853	2458	-	1230
3	love	8.42	1.11	25	317	328	23
4	happy	8.30	0.99	65	1372	1313	375
5	laughed	8.26	1.16	3334	3542	-	2332
6	laugh	8.22	1.37	1002	3998	-	4488
7	laughing	8.20	1.11	1579	-	-	1122
8	excellent	8.18	1.10	1496	1756	3155	-
9	laughs	8.18	1.16	3554	-	-	2856
10	joy	8.16	1.06	988	2336	2723	809
11	successful	8.16	1.08	2176	1198	1565	-
12	win	8.12	1.08	154	3031	776	694
13	rainbow	8.10	0.99	2726	-	-	1723
14	smile	8.10	1.02	925	2666	2898	349
15	won	8.10	1.22	810	1167	439	1493
16	pleasure	8.08	0.97	1497	1526	4253	1398
17	smiled	8.08	1.07	-	3537	-	2248
18	rainbows	8.06	1.36	-	-	-	4216
19	winning	8.04	1.05	1876	-	1426	3646
20	celebration	8.02	1.53	3306	-	2762	4070
21	enjoyed	8.02	1.53	1530	2908	3502	-
22	healthy	8.02	1.06	1393	3200	3292	4619
23	music	8.02	1.12	132	875	167	374
24	celebrating	8.00	1.14	2550	-	-	-
25	congratulations	8.00	1.63	2246	-	-	-
26	weekend	8.00	1.29	317	-	833	2256
27	celebrate	7.98	1.15	1406	-	3574	2108
28	comedy	7.98	1.15	1444	-	-	2566
29	jokes	7.98	0.98	2812	-	-	3808
30	rich	7.98	1.32	1625	1221	1469	890

valence rank	word	valence	std dev	twitter rank	g-books rank	nyt rank	lyrics rank
10193	violence	1.86	1.05	4299	1724	1238	2016
10194	cruel	1.84	1.15	2963	-	-	1447
10195	cry	1.84	1.28	1028	3075	-	226
10196	failed	1.84	1.00	2645	1618	1276	2920
10197	sickness	1.84	1.18	4735	-	-	3782
10198	abused	1.83	1.31	-	-	-	4589
10199	tortured	1.82	1.42	-	-	-	4693
10200	fatal	1.80	1.53	-	4089	-	3724
10201	killings	1.80	1.54	-	-	4914	-
10202	murdered	1.80	1.63	-	-	-	4796
10203	war	1.80	1.41	468	175	291	462
10204	kills	1.78	1.23	2459	-	-	2857
10205	jail	1.76	1.02	1642	-	2573	1619
10206	terror	1.76	1.00	4625	4117	4048	2370
10207	die	1.74	1.19	418	730	2605	143
10208	killing	1.70	1.36	1507	4428	1672	998
10209	arrested	1.64	1.01	2435	4474	1435	-
10210	deaths	1.64	1.14	-	-	2974	-
10211	raped	1.64	1.43	-	-	-	4528
10212	torture	1.58	1.05	3175	-	-	3126
10213	died	1.56	1.20	1223	866	208	826
10214	kill	1.56	1.05	798	2727	2572	430
10215	killed	1.56	1.23	1137	1603	814	1273
10216	cancer	1.54	1.07	946	1884	796	3802
10217	death	1.54	1.28	509	307	373	433
10218	murder	1.48	1.01	2762	3110	1541	1059
10219	terrorism	1.48	0.91	-	-	3192	-
10220	rape	1.44	0.79	3133	-	-	4115
10221	suicide	1.30	0.84	2124	4707	3319	2107
10222	terrorist	1.30	0.91	3576	-	3026	-

Presidential happiness:

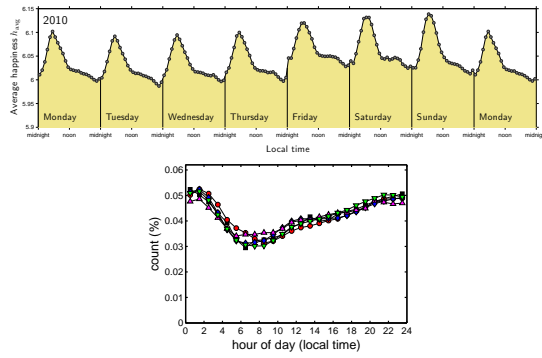


Mentions of CIA on Twitter, end of 2011:

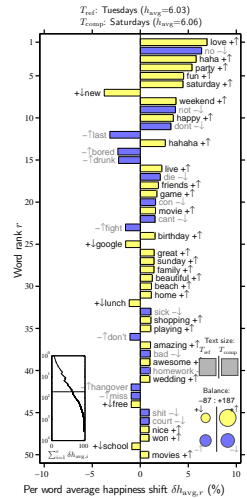


See story here for example [slate].

The daily unravelling of the human mind:



“Social Scientists waded into the Tweet stream”
 Greg Miller,
 Science, 333, 1814–1815, 2011. [34]

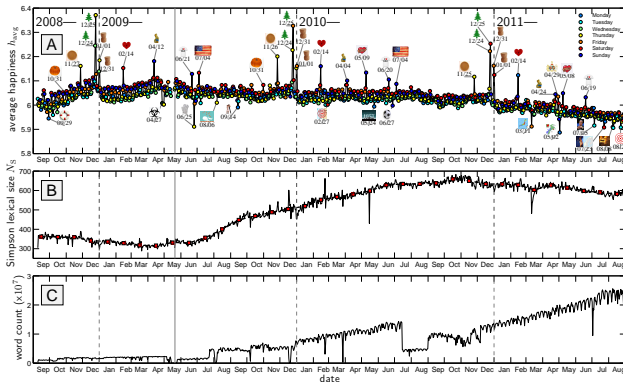


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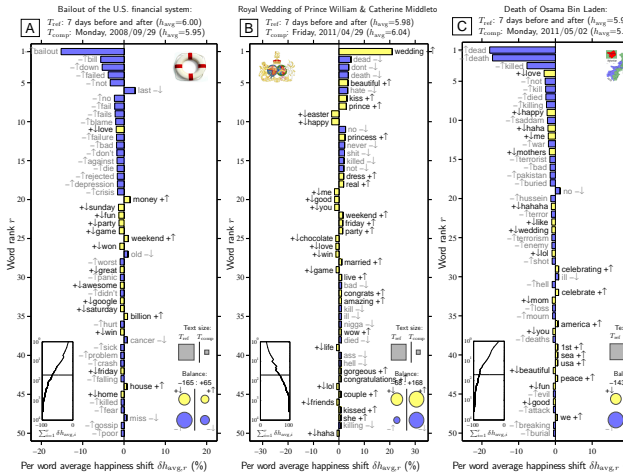
Text element and context correlate in happiness scores:

- Compare ambient happiness with text element happiness.
- Rank correlation coefficient:
 $r_s \approx 0.79, p\text{-value} < 10^{-10}$.
- An on-average result: says nothing about any individual sentence.
- Extra random piece: stemming is fallible.

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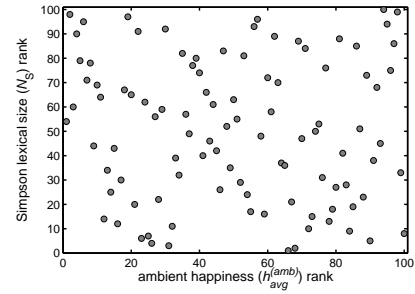


Ambient happiness:

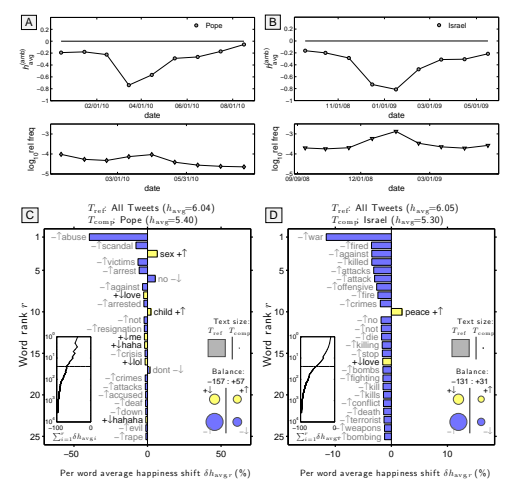
Word	Δh_{LVGR}	Total Tweets	Δh_{LVGR}	Word	Δh_{LVGR}	Total Tweets	Δh_{LVGR}
1. happy	+0.430	1,565,077 (13)	+1.104 (1)	35. snow	-0.011	2,266,006 (49)	+0.083 (39)
2. Christmas	+0.401	1,500,106 (28)	+0.951 (3)	36. Jon Stewart	-0.012	2,214,014 (97)	+0.024 (48)
3. wgan	+0.315	1,344,005 (90)	+0.015 (46)	33. school	-0.016	2,266,006 (24)	+0.050 (42)
4. family	+0.271	1,434,077 (20)	+0.620 (1)	54. Lehman Brothers	-0.016	2,266,006 (100)	-0.721 (79)
5. our	+0.229	1,504,066 (82)	+0.716 (7)	25. Obama	-0.009	1,504,066 (15)	+0.280 (60)
6. we	+0.228	1,274,006 (26)	+0.569 (14)	36. right	-0.009	1,274,006 (11)	+0.126 (35)
7. war	+0.207	1,414,077 (16)	+0.159 (33)	57. woman	-0.015	2,264,005 (4)	+0.202 (30)
8. win	+0.204	1,296,006 (26)	+0.924 (1)	46. left	-0.019	1,444,006 (14)	+0.383 (33)
9. vacation	+0.179	1,274,006 (6)	+0.079 (19)	45. election	-0.019	1,444,006 (4)	+0.160 (32)
10. party	+0.175	1,144,006 (29)	+0.079 (9)	61. Sarah Palin	-0.018	2,266,005 (87)	-0.681 (76)
11. love	+0.164	1,476,077 (6)	+0.977 (2)	61. Sarah Palin	-0.018	2,266,005 (87)	-0.681 (76)
12. friends	+0.152	1,274,006 (6)	+0.516 (19)	44. Obama	-0.018	1,274,006 (96)	+0.136 (30)
13. hope	+0.149	1,186,077 (18)	+0.515 (19)	63. rail	-0.014	1,234,006 (4)	+0.050 (44)
14. coffee	+0.142	1,296,006 (26)	+0.737 (6)	65. boy	-0.012	2,266,006 (24)	+0.050 (42)
15. cash	+0.146	1,286,006 (6)	+0.601 (14)	65. go	-0.012	2,274,006 (47)	-0.552 (72)
16. sun	+0.142	1,296,006 (26)	+0.737 (6)	65. boy	-0.012	2,266,006 (24)	+0.050 (42)
17. income	+0.137	1,514,005 (76)	+0.621 (13)	67. they	-0.012	2,274,006 (8)	-0.208 (58)
18. summer	+0.137	1,514,005 (76)	+0.621 (13)	67. they	-0.012	2,274,006 (8)	-0.208 (58)
19. church	+0.131	1,314,006 (8)	+0.016 (47)	69. cold	-0.012	1,296,006 (26)	+0.111 (30)
20. Valentine's	+0.127	1,274,006 (6)	+0.509 (15)	70. I feel	-0.012	1,274,006 (14)	+0.129 (30)
21. Stephen Colbert	+0.126	2,344,006 (90)	+0.001 (45)	71. man	-0.017	1,236,007 (84)	-0.163 (52)
22. USA	+0.112	2,166,006 (24)	+0.325 (28)	75. Republican	-0.017	1,236,006 (86)	-0.539 (70)
23. Obama	+0.108	2,344,006 (90)	+0.195 (13)	73. sad	-0.017	1,236,006 (86)	-1.366 (80)
24. winter	+0.101	1,296,006 (26)	+0.050 (43)	75. go	-0.016	1,296,006 (26)	+0.471 (67)
25. God	+0.099	1,286,006 (26)	+0.405 (20)	77. Democrat	-0.016	1,296,006 (26)	+0.525 (69)
26. lot	+0.099	2,614,006 (48)	+0.326 (23)	77. Democrat	-0.016	1,296,006 (26)	+0.525 (69)
27.)	+0.094	2,614,006 (48)	+0.326 (23)	77. Democrat	-0.016	1,296,006 (26)	+0.525 (69)
28. Obama	+0.092	2,566,007 (9)	+0.126 (36)	79. hell	-0.016	1,296,006 (26)	+0.525 (69)
29. today	+0.092	2,566,007 (9)	+0.126 (36)	79. hell	-0.016	1,296,006 (26)	+0.525 (69)
30. bin	+0.092	2,566,007 (9)	+0.126 (36)	79. hell	-0.016	1,296,006 (26)	+0.525 (69)
31. yes	+0.092	2,566,007 (9)	+0.126 (36)	79. hell	-0.016	1,296,006 (26)	+0.525 (69)
32. tomorrow	+0.092	2,566,007 (9)	+0.126 (36)	79. hell	-0.016	1,296,006 (26)	+0.525 (69)
33. yes	+0.092	2,566,007 (9)	+0.126 (36)	79. hell	-0.016	1,296,006 (26)	+0.525 (69)
34. yes	+0.092	2,566,007 (9)	+0.126 (36)	79. hell	-0.016	1,296,006 (26)	+0.525 (69)
35. you	+0.092	2,566,007 (9)	+0.126 (36)	79. hell	-0.016	1,296,006 (26)	+0.525 (69)
36. you	+0.092	2,566,007 (9)	+0.126 (36)	79. hell	-0.016	1,296,006 (26)	+0.525 (69)
37. you	+0.092	2,566,007 (9)	+0.126 (36)	79. hell	-0.016	1,296,006 (26)	+0.525 (69)
38. you	+0.092	2,566,007 (9)	+0.126 (36)	79. hell	-0.016	1,296,006 (26)	+0.525 (69)
39. you	+0.092	2,566,007 (9)	+0.126 (36)	79. hell	-0.016	1,296,006 (26)	+0.525 (69)
40. you	+0.092	2,566,007 (9)	+0.126 (36)	79. hell	-0.016	1,296,006 (26)	+0.525 (69)
41. heaven	+0.041	1,234,006 (4)	+0.074 (10)	84. back	-0.002	1,234,006 (25)	+0.520 (64)
42. back	+0.041	1,234,006 (4)	+0.074 (10)	84. back	-0.002	1,234,006 (25)	+0.520 (64)
43. life	+0.041	1,234,006 (4)	+0.074 (10)	84. back	-0.002	1,234,006 (25)	+0.520 (64)
44. sex	+0.041	1,234,006 (4)	+0.074 (10)	84. back	-0.002	1,234,006 (25)	+0.520 (64)
45. sex	+0.041	1,234,006 (4)	+0.074 (10)	84. back	-0.002	1,234,006 (25)	+0.520 (64)
46. sex	+0.041	1,234,006 (4)	+0.074 (10)	84. back	-0.002	1,234,006 (25)	+0.520 (64)
47. yesterday	+0.033	1,234,006 (4)	+0.168 (53)	87. George Bush	-0.013	1,234,006 (8)	-0.747 (80)
48. RT	+0.033	1,234,006 (4)	+0.168 (53)	87. George Bush	-0.013	1,234,006 (8)	-0.747 (80)
49. RT	+0.033	1,234,006 (4)	+0.168 (53)	87. George Bush	-0.013	1,234,006 (8)	-0.747 (80)
50. RT	+0.033	1,234,006 (4)	+0.168 (53)	87. George Bush	-0.013	1,234,006 (8)	-0.747 (80)
51. Michael Jackson	+0.018	1,234,006 (4)	+0.213 (59)	91. BP	-0.005	1,234,006 (74)	-0.902 (83)
52. BP	+0.018	1,234,006 (4)	+0.213 (59)	91. BP	-0.005	1,234,006 (74)	-0.902 (83)
53. BP	+0.018	1,234,006 (4)	+0.213 (59)	91. BP	-0.005	1,234,006 (74)	-0.902 (83)
54. BP	+0.018	1,234,006 (4)	+0.213 (59)	91. BP	-0.005	1,234,006 (74)	-0.902 (83)
55. BP	+0.018	1,234,006 (4)	+0.213 (59)	91. BP	-0.005	1,234,006 (74)	-0.902 (83)
56. BP	+0.018	1,234,006 (4)	+0.213 (59)	91. BP	-0.005	1,234,006 (74)	-0.902 (83)
57. BP	+0.018	1,234,006 (4)	+0.213 (59)	91. BP	-0.005	1,234,006 (74)	-0.902 (83)
58. BP	+0.018	1,234,006 (4)	+0.213 (59)	91. BP	-0.005	1,234,006 (74)	-0.902 (83)
59. BP	+0.018	1,234,006 (4)	+0.213 (59)	91. BP	-0.005	1,234,006 (74)	-0.902 (83)
60. BP	+0.018	1,234,006 (4)	+0.213 (59)	91. BP	-0.005	1,234,006 (74)	-0.902 (83)
61. BP	+0.018	1,234,006 (4)	+0.213 (59)	91. BP	-0.005	1,234,006 (74)	-0.902 (83)
62. BP	+0.018	1,234,006 (4)	+0.213 (59)	91. BP	-0.005	1,234,006 (74)	-0.902 (83)
63. BP	+0.018	1,234,006 (4)	+0.213 (59)	91. BP	-0.005	1,234,006 (74)	-0.902 (83)
64. BP	+0.018	1,234,006 (4)	+0.213 (59)	91. BP	-0.005	1,234,006 (74)	-0.902 (83)
65. BP	+0.018	1,234,006 (4)	+0.213 (59)	91. BP	-0.005	1,234,006 (74)	-0.902 (83)
66. BP	+0.018	1,234,006 (4)	+0.213 (59)	91. BP	-0.005	1,234,006 (74)	-0.902 (83)
67. BP	+0.018	1,234,006 (4)	+0.213 (59)	91. BP	-0.005	1,234,006 (74)	-0.902 (83)
68. BP	+0.018	1,234,006 (4)	+0.213 (59)	91. BP	-0.005	1,234,006 (74)	-0.902 (83)
69. BP	+0.018	1,234,006 (4)	+0.213 (59)	91. BP	-0.005	1,234,006 (74)	-0.902 (83)
70. BP	+0.018	1,234,006 (4)	+0.213 (59)	91. BP	-0.005	1,234,006 (74)	-0.902 (83)
71. BP	+0.018	1,234,006 (4)	+0.213 (59)	91. BP	-0.005	1,234,006 (74)	-0.902 (83)
72. BP	+0.018	1,234,006 (4)	+0.213 (59)	91. BP	-0.005	1,234,006 (74)	-0.902 (83)
73. BP	+0.018	1,234,006 (4)	+0.213 (59)	91. BP	-0.005	1,234,006 (74)	-0.902 (83)
74. BP	+0.018	1,234,006 (4)	+0.213 (59)	91. BP	-0.005	1,234,006 (74)	-0.902 (83)
75. BP	+0.018	1,234,006 (4)	+0.213 (59)	91. BP	-0.005	1,234,006 (74)	-0.902 (83)
76. BP	+0.018	1,234,006 (4)	+0.213 (59)	91. BP	-0.005	1,234,006 (74)	-0.902 (83)
77. BP	+0.018	1,234,006 (4)	+0.213 (59)	91. BP	-0.005	1,234,006 (74)	-0.902 (83)
78. BP	+0.018	1,234,006 (4)	+0.213 (59)	91. BP	-0.005	1,234,006 (74)	-0.902 (83)
79. BP	+0.018	1,234,006 (4)	+0.213 (59)	91. BP	-0.005	1,234,006 (74)	-0.902 (83)
80. BP	+0.018	1,234,006 (4)	+0.213 (59)	91. BP	-0.005	1,234,006 (74)	-0.902 (83)
81. BP	+0.018	1,234,006 (4)	+0.213 (59)	91. BP	-0.005	1,234,006 (74)	-0.902 (83)
82. BP	+0.018	1,234,006 (4)	+0.213 (59)	91. BP	-0.005	1,234,006 (74)	-0.902 (83)
83. BP	+0.018	1,234,006 (4)	+0.213 (59)	91. BP	-0.005	1,234,006 (74)	-0.902 (83)
84. BP	+0.018	1,234,006 (4)	+0.213 (59)	91. BP	-0.005	1,234,006 (74)	-0.902 (83)
85. BP	+0.018	1,234,006 (4)	+0.213 (59)	91. BP	-0.005	1,234,006 (74)	-0.902 (83)
86. BP	+0.018	1,234,006 (4)	+0.213 (59)	91. BP	-0.005	1,234,006 (74)	-0.902 (83)
87. BP	+0.018	1,234,006 (4)	+0.213 (59)	91. BP	-0.005	1,234,006 (74)	-0.902 (83)
88. BP	+0.018	1,234,006 (4)	+0.213 (59)	91. BP	-0.005	1,234,006 (74)	-0.902 (83)
89. BP	+0.018	1,234,006 (4)	+0.213 (59)	91. BP	-0.005	1,234,006 (74)	-0.902 (83)
90. BP	+0.018	1,234,006 (4)	+0.213 (59)	91. BP	-0.005	1,234,006 (74)	-0.902 (83)
91. BP	+0.018	1,234,006 (4)	+0.213 (59)	91. BP	-0.005	1,234,006 (74)	-0.902 (83)
92. BP	+0.018	1,234,006 (4)	+0.213 (59)	91. BP	-0.005	1,234,006 (74)	-0.902 (83)
93. BP	+0.018	1,234,006 (4)	+0.213 (59)	91. BP	-0.005	1,234,006 (74)	-0.902 (83)
94. BP	+0.018	1,234,006 (4)	+0.213 (59)	91. BP	-0.005	1,234,006 (74)	-0.902 (83)
95. BP	+0.018	1,234,006 (4)	+0.213 (59)	91. BP	-0.005	1,234,006 (74)	-0.902 (83)
96. BP	+0.018	1,234,006 (4)	+0.213 (59)	91. BP	-0.005	1,234,006 (74)	-0.902 (83)
97. BP	+0.018	1,234,006 (4)	+0.213 (59)	91. BP	-0.005	1,234,006 (74)	-0.902 (83)
98. BP	+0.018	1,234,006 (4)	+0.213 (59)	91. BP	-0.005	1,234,006 (74)	-0.902 (83)
99. BP	+0.018	1,234,006 (4)	+0.213 (59)	91. BP	-0.005	1,234,006 (74)	-0.902 (83)
100. BP	+0.018	1,234,006 (4)	+0.213 (59)	91. BP	-0.005	1,234,006 (74)	-0.902 (83)

Simpson lexical size, N_S :

Word	Δh_{LVGR}	Total Tweets	Δh_{LVGR}	Word	Δh_{LVGR}	Total Tweets	Δh_{LVGR}
1. happy	+0.430	1,565,077 (13)	+1.104 (1)	35. snow	-0.011	2,266,006 (49)	+0.083 (39)
2. Christmas	+0.401	1,500,106 (28)	+0.951 (3)	36. Jon Stewart	-0.012	2,214,014 (97)	+0.024 (48)
3. wgan	+0.315	1,344,005 (90)	+0.015 (46)	33. school	-0.016	2,266,006 (24)	+0.050 (42)
4. family	+0.271	1,434,077 (20)	+0.620 (1)	54. Lehman Brothers	-0.		

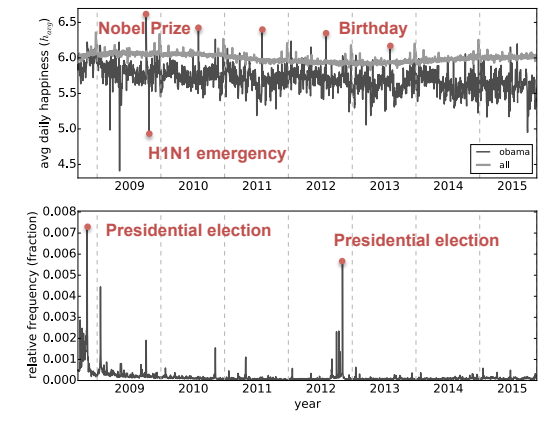


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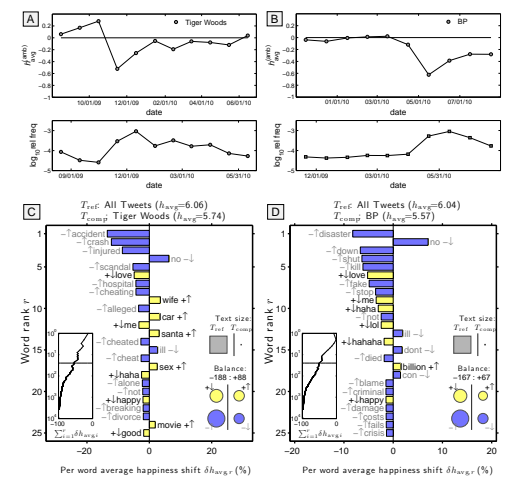


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Ambient happiness for "Obama":

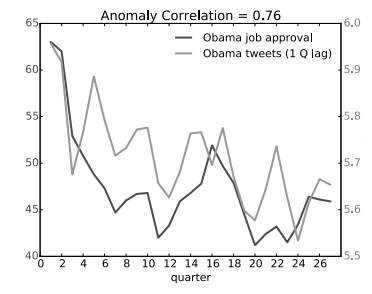


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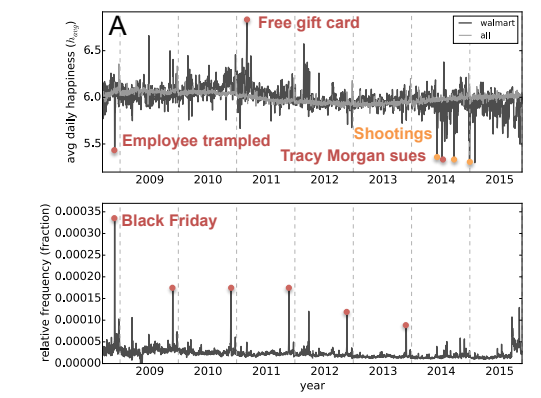
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"Public opinion polling with Twitter"
Cody et al.,
Available online at
<https://arxiv.org/abs/1608.02024>, 2016. [4]

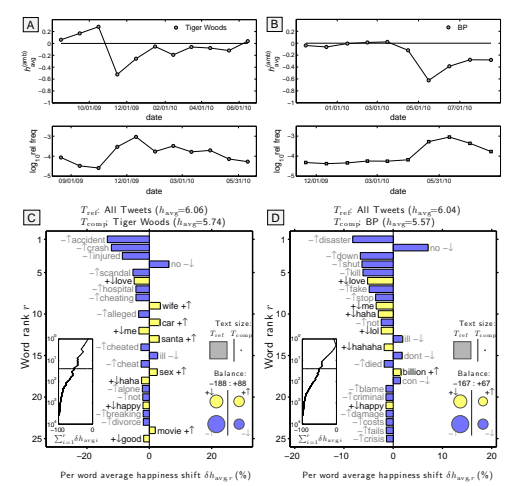


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Ambient happiness for "Walmart":

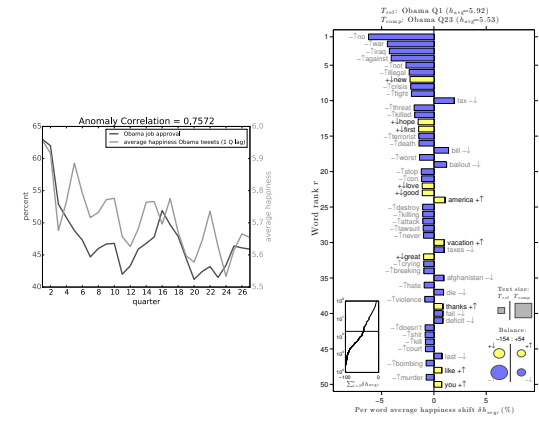


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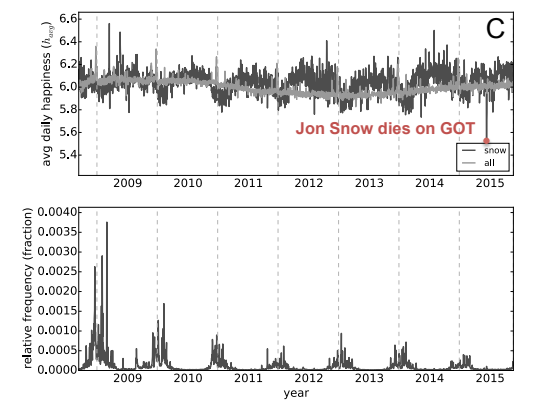
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Twitter's Feels predict Obama's Approval Rating:



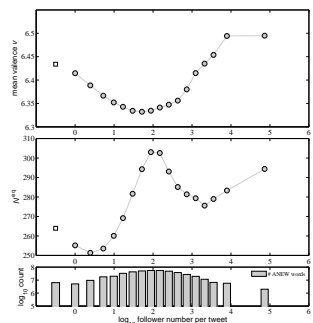
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Ambient happiness for "snow":



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Dunbar number action:

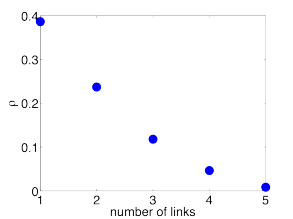


Early Twitter data—follower counts are not worth so much.

Unpublished.



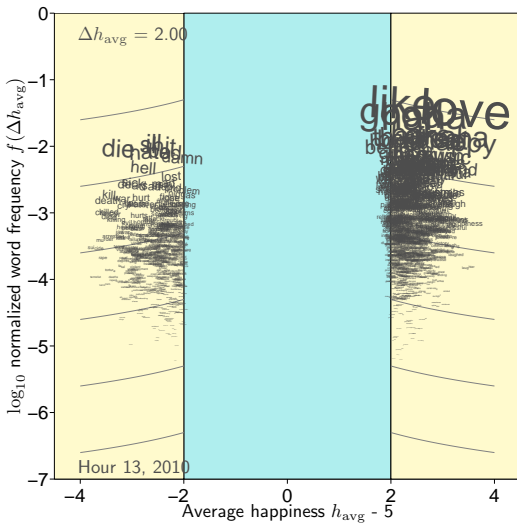
“Twitter reciprocal reply networks exhibit assortativity with respect to happiness”
Bliss et al.,
Journal of Computational Science, 3, 388–397, 2012. [1]



Decay in happiness correlation in social network.

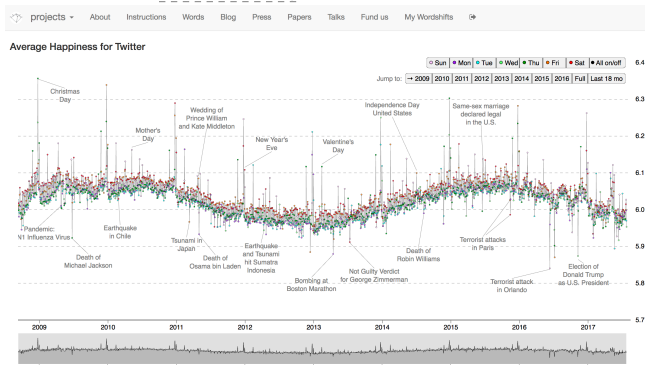
Not a test of contagion ...

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Online instrument: hedonometer.org

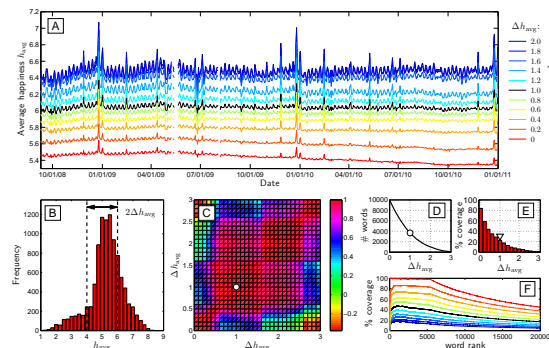


Machine: @andyreagan

Planned happiness versus tragedies.

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The very surprising tunable hedonometer:



hedonometer.org



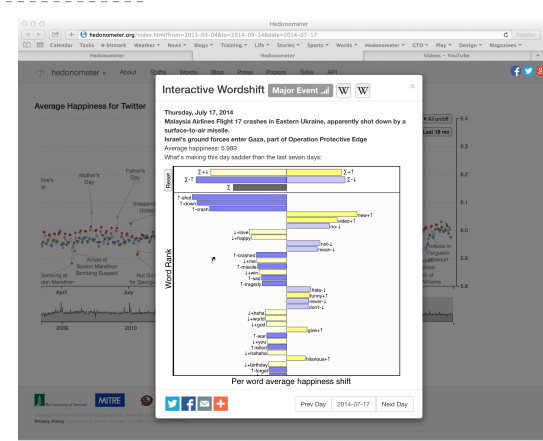
Machine: @andyreagan

hedonometer.org

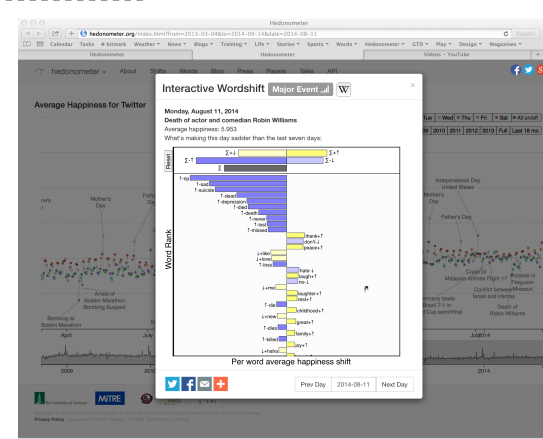


Machine: @andyreagan

hedonometer.org—word shifts:



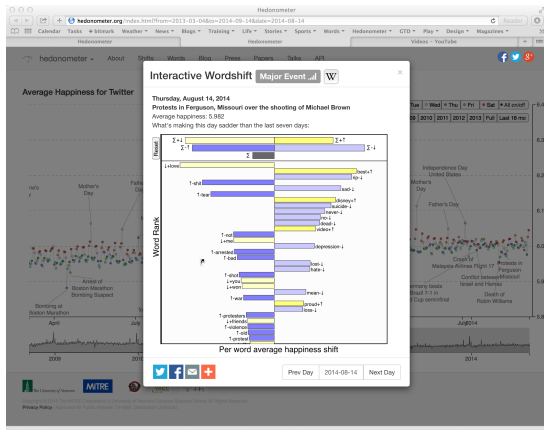
hedonometer.org—word shifts:



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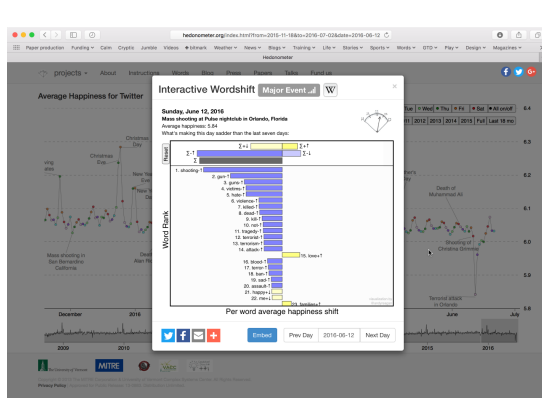
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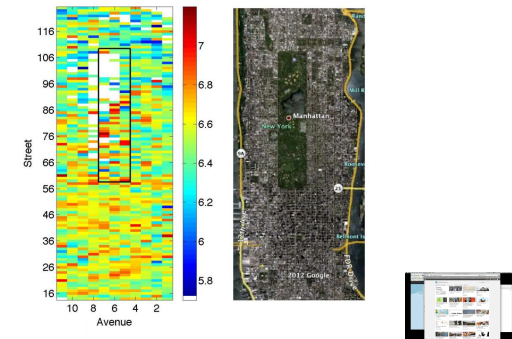
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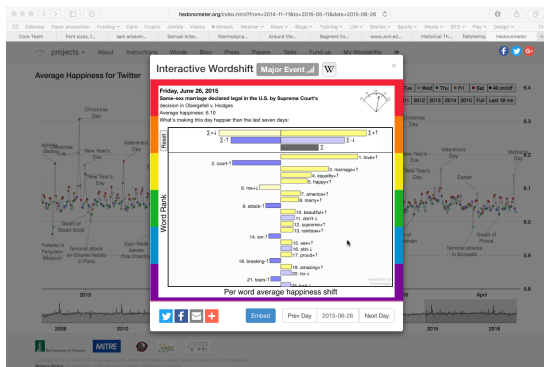
Happiness in Manhattan:



See Blog post on compstorylab.org

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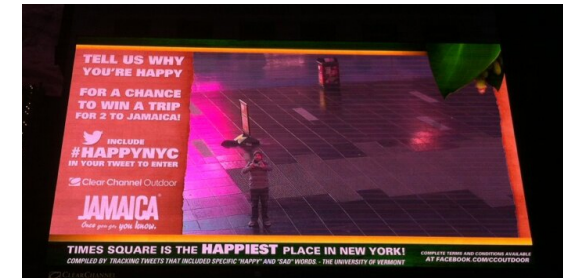
hedonometer.org — word shifts:



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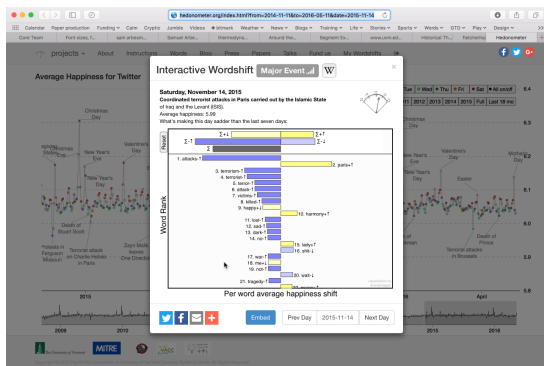
Make your own:

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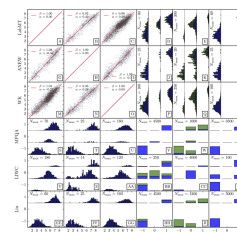
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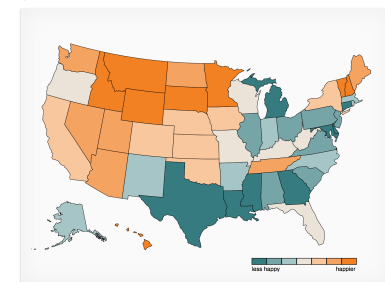
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“Sentiment analysis methods for understanding large-scale texts: A case for using continuum-scored words and word shift graphs”
Reagan et al.,
EPJ Data Science, 6, , 2017. [37]



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The Geography of Happiness:

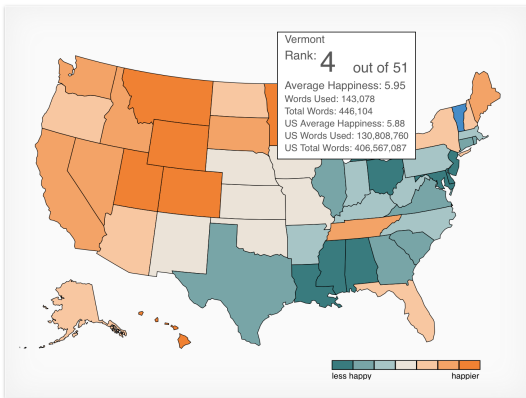


- Mitchell et al., PLoS ONE, 2013. [35]
- It's a paper that tweets: @geographyofhapp
- Online Appendices
- Much interesting and amusing press ...
- Online, interactive US map at hedonometer.org

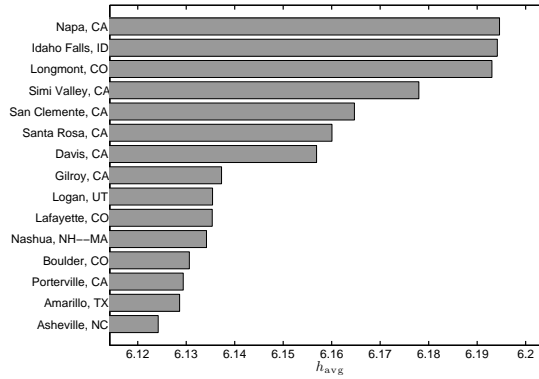
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Upshots: (1) do use wordshifts, and (2) do not use LIWC ...

Average Happiness of United States for 2013



Happiest Cities:



rednnneecckckkkkkkkk

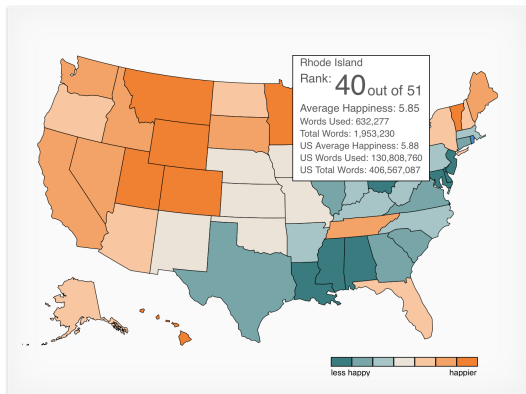
2013/02/18 at 8:53 pm (Edit)

I've lived in quite a few places. The most recently Beaumont, TX. Its a pure hellhole. Hot, humid, trashy, terrible schools, corrupt government, lots of crime, no public parks or activities, terrible culture (other than crawfish boils), completely lacks diversity. This study confirms my suspicions that cities don't get any more miserable than this.

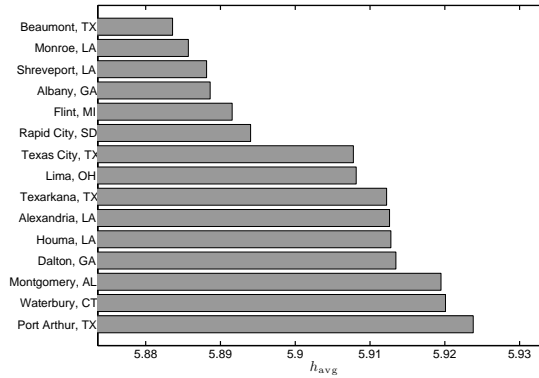
[Reply](#)

Blog post: [Where is the happiest city in the US?](#)

Average Happiness of United States for 2013



Saddest Cities (Sorry Beaumont):



beaumontenterprise.com
 Tuesday, February 19, 2013
 70° Beaumont, TX
 News Entertainment out Sports Biz Obsv Opinion Photo Video Blogs Education Autos Shopping Jobs Homes
 The Bayou
 Blogging satire, commentary & opinion Southeast-Texas style
 Egghheads find Beaumont IS the 'saddest city'
 February 19, 2013 at 10:41 am by gator
 That's what some egghheads at the Department of Mathematics and Statistics at the University of Vermont have determined.
 The method to their madness? Twitter. They say they plotted 10 million geotagged Tweets in 2011.

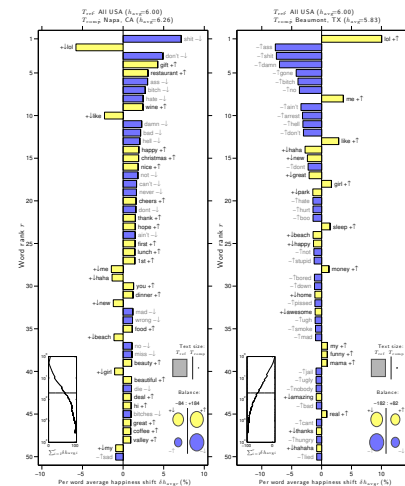
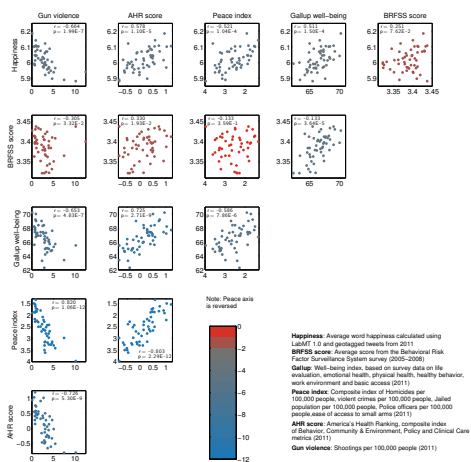


FIG. 2. Scatter plot matrix of correlations between different well-being measures. Points are colored by p-value; statistically insignificant correlations above $p = 0.01$ are shown in red. Spearman's r and p-value are reported in the inset.

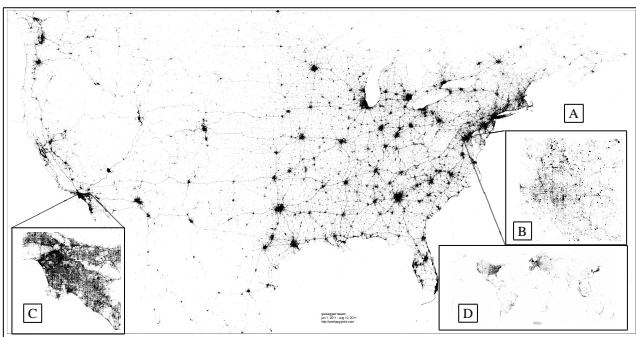
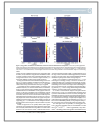


Figure 1. Each point corresponds to a geo-located tweet posted between 1/1/11 and 8/10/11. Twitter activity seems to correlate with urban areas. Note that the image contains no cartographic borders, simply a small dot for each message. Insets: **A** (U.S.), **B** (Washington, D.C.), **C** (Los Angeles, C.A.), and **D** (Earth).



“Happiness and the Patterns of Life: A Study of Geolocated Tweets”
 Frank et al.,
 Nature Scientific Reports, 3, 2625, 2013. [16]

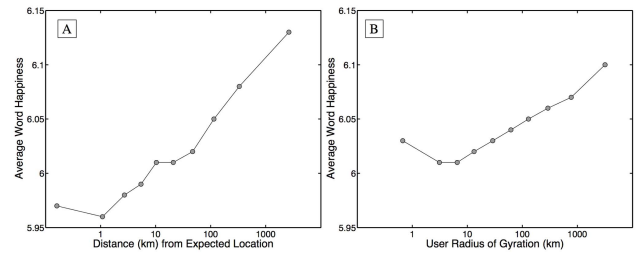
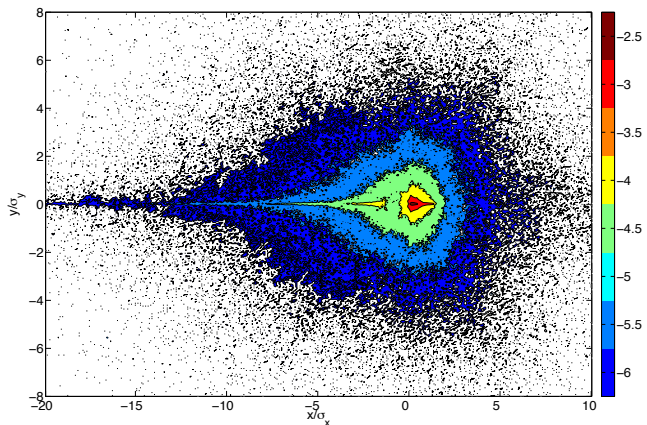


Figure 6 (A) Average happiness of words written as a function of distance from an author's expected location, with tweets grouped into ten equally populated bins. Expressed happiness grows logarithmically with distance from expected location. (B) A similar trend is observed when individuals are grouped into ten equally populated bins according to their gyration. Both trends persist through variations in binning and different measures of mobility.

We grow fonder as we wander.



Raw movement patterns agree with cell phone data findings. [18]

For cell phone data: Time spent at locations decays as an

Summarize the PNAS article entitled "Human language reveals a universal positivity bias" by Peter Sheridan Dodds, Eric M Clark, Suma Dasu, Morgan R Frank, Andrew J Reagan, Jake Ryland Williams, Lewis Mitchell, Kameron Decker Harris, Isabel M Kloumann, James P Bagrow, Karine Megerdooian, Matthew T McMahon, Brian F Twinan, and Christopher M Danforth. Write the summary in a rhyming scheme like Dr. Seuss.

This study looked at language, and what it can teach,
 About how people express themselves when they speak.
 The researchers analyzed words that were used,
 To see if there was a bias, positive or abused.

And what they found was quite revealing,
 A positivity bias, all people revealing.
 From English to Chinese, to Spanish and more,
 People speak positively, that's what the data bore.

Words like "love" and "happy" are used with more weight,
 Than negative ones like "hate" that people debate.
 This bias is universal, across all tongues,
 A happy outlook, with few pessimistic lings.

So next time you're talking, try to keep in mind,
 That positive words can be quite a find.
 They make people happier, and that's no fable,
 As this study shows, with language on the table.



Quokka Labs

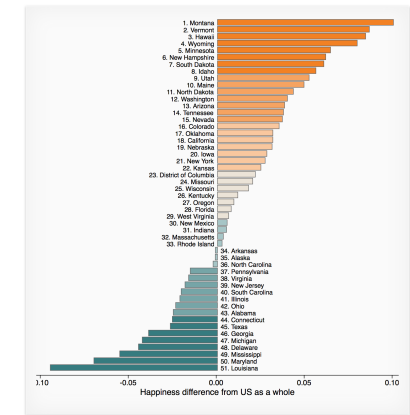
Summarize the PLOS one publication entitled "The Geography of Happiness: Connecting Twitter Sentiment and Expression, Demographics, and Objective Characteristics of Place" by Lewis Mitchell, Morgan R. Frank, Kameron Decker Harris, Peter Sheridan Dodds, and Christopher M. Danforth using a rhyme scheme like Dr. Seuss

In this study of sentiment on Twitter,
 The authors sought to see if they could deliver
 A connection between happiness and place,
 By analyzing tweets and what they could trace.

They found that location played a big part,
 In the positivity of a Twitter art,
 With income, education, and nature too,
 All contributing to a happier view.

The words people used were also telling,
 In happier places, there was more yelling,
 About love and friends and other good things,
 And fewer mentions of money or bling.

Overall, the study makes clear,
 That social media data can help us steer,
 Towards a better understanding of community well-being,
 And how we can improve it, by seeing what we're feeling.



Developmental Sankey diagrams states and cities.

Summarize the PLOS one publication entitled "The Geography of Happiness: Connecting Twitter Sentiment and Expression, Demographics, and Objective Characteristics of Place" by Lewis Mitchell, Morgan R. Frank, Kameron Decker Harris, Peter Sheridan Dodds, and Christopher M. Danforth. Write the summary as a sad poem in the style of Edgar Allan Poe.

Upon Twitter's vast and dreary plain,
 A study sought to find what brings us pain,
 By analyzing tweets from sea to sea,
 To uncover what plagues our society.

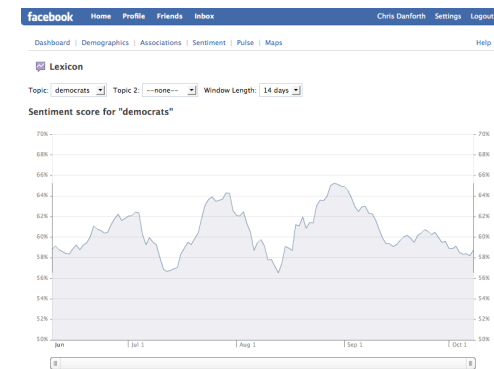
"The Geography of Happiness" was its name,
 A study in PLOS ONE that sought to claim,
 That our well-being is tied to location,
 And objective factors cause our damnation.

Income, education, and access to nature,
 Were all factors that could shape our future,
 And the sentiment expressed on Twitter,
 Could reveal what makes us bitter.

In sad communities, words were often bleak,
 Depression, suicide, and loneliness we'd seek,
 But in happier places, joy was all around,
 Hope, laughter, and love could be easily found.

So take heed, dear reader, and look around,
 Your community's health may be easily found,
 In the words that we tweet and the things that we say,
 Our well-being is tied to our environment, come what may.

Or here: Facebook Lexicon Sentiment Analysis (2008)



Sentiment shows the percentage of posts that are positive vs. negative about the topic. For example, the phrase "I love Facebook" would be identified as a positive sentiment. An 80% score means that 80% of the sentiment is positive and 20% is negative. Drag the ends of the slider to zoom into a specific period of time.

Facebook Lexicon Sentiment Analysis

Binary decision on emotional content



Limitation: Sentiments are classified as either **positive** or **negative**.

'I like Sarah Palin' given same score as 'Sarah Palin's voice fills me with unbridled joy!'

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