## Social Contagion

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Principles of Complex Systems, Vols. 1, 2, & 3D CSYS/MATH 6701, 6713, & a pretend number, 2024–2025

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Computational Story Lab | Vermont Complex Systems Center Santa Fe Institute | University of Vermont

























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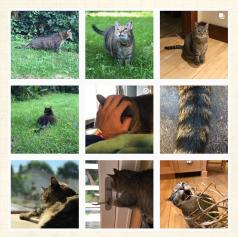
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### Outline

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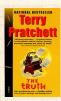
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## 'The rumor spread through the city like wildfire



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'The rumor spread through the city like wildfire which had quite often spread through Ankh-Morpork



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'The rumor spread through the city like wildfire which had quite often spread through Ankh-Morpork since its citizens had learned the words



"The Truth" **3 2** by Terry Pratchett (2000). [22]

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'The rumor spread through the city like wildfire which had quite often spread through Ankh-Morpork since its citizens had learned the words "fire insurance").'



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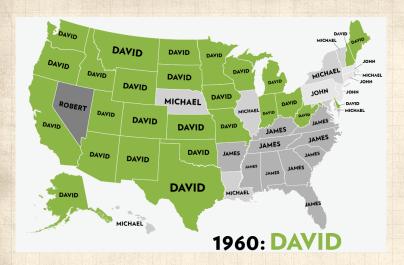
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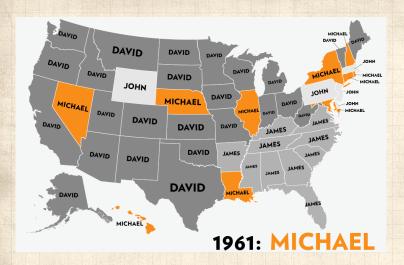
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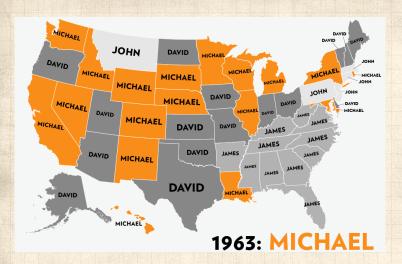
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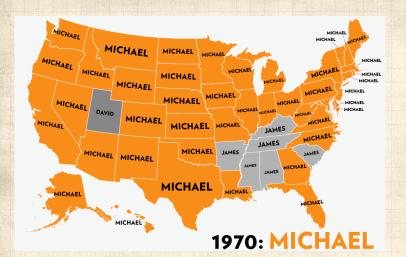


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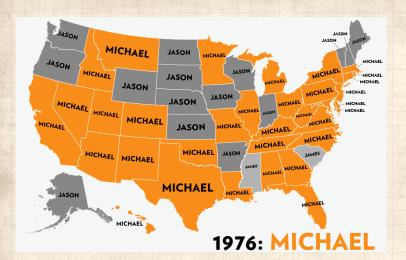
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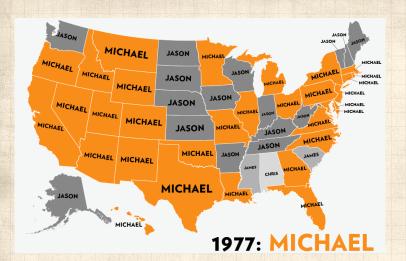
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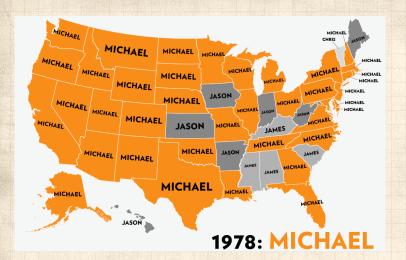
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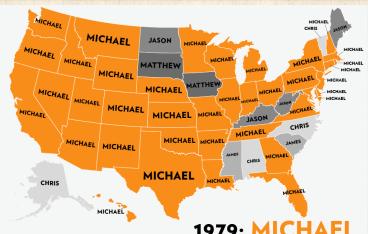
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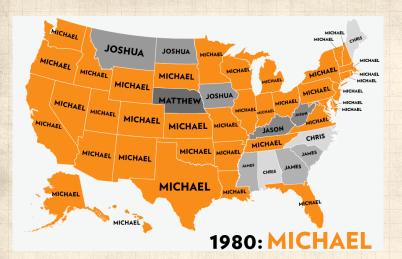


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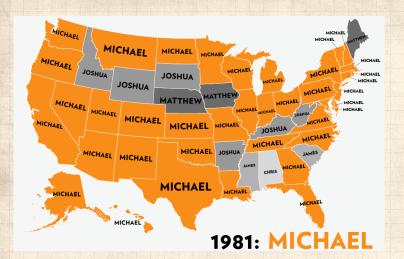
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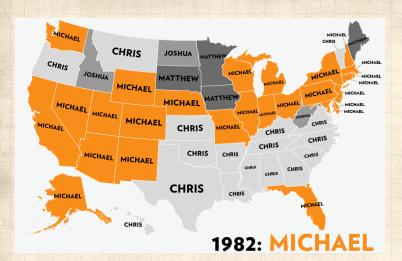
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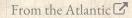
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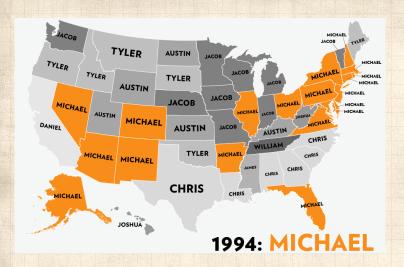
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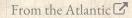
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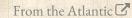


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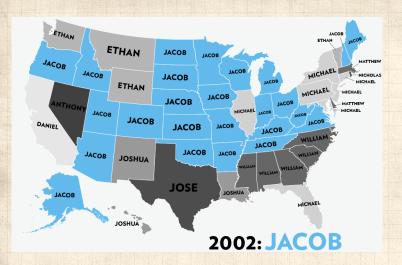
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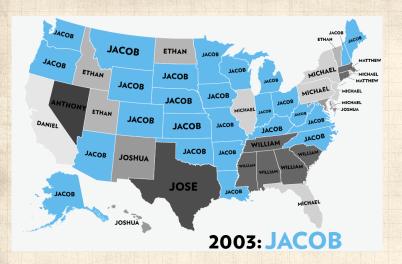
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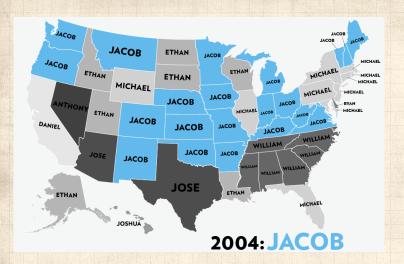
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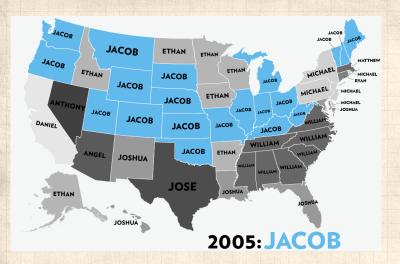
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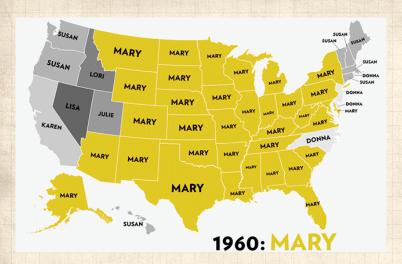
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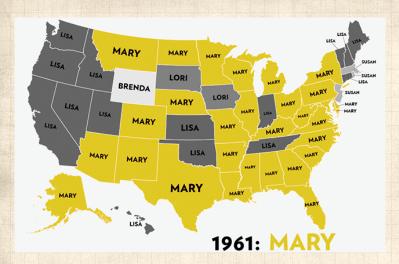
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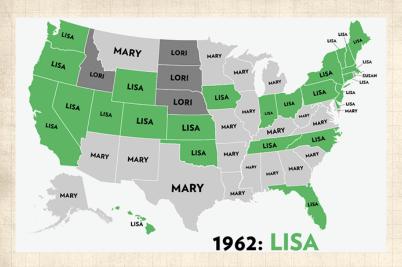
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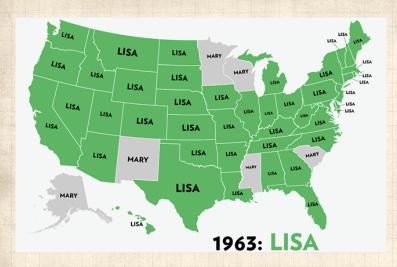
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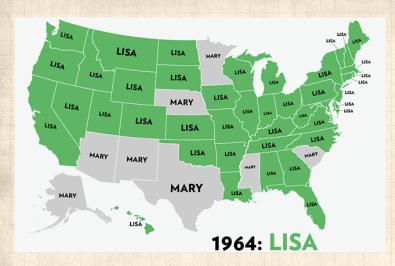
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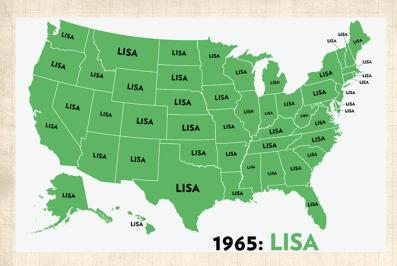
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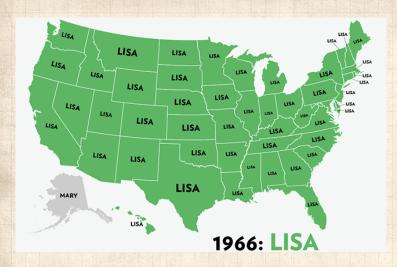
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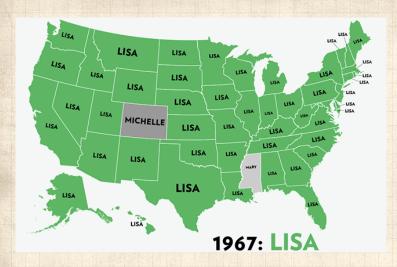
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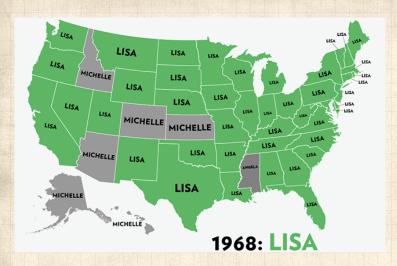
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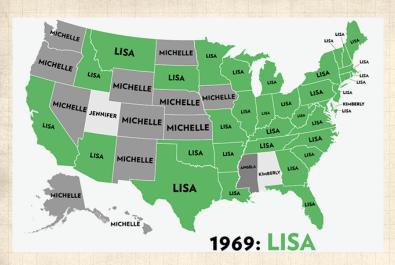
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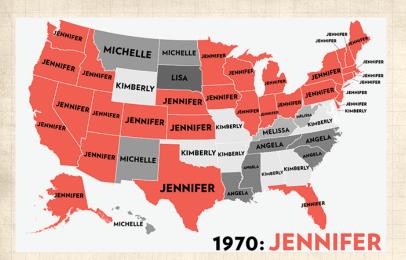
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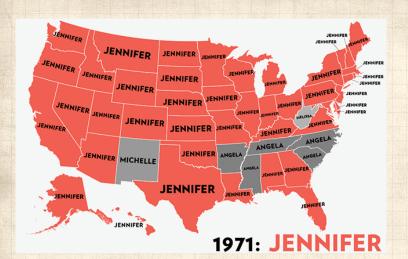
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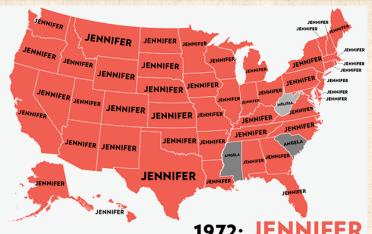
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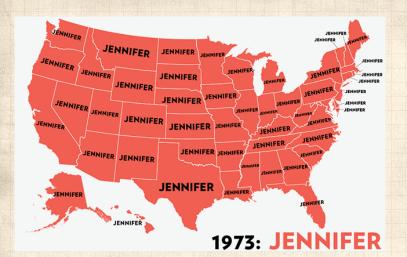
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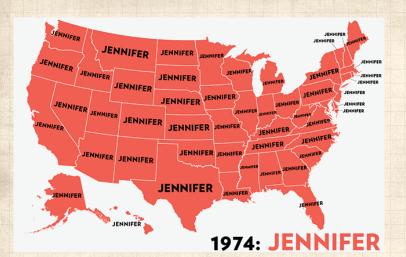
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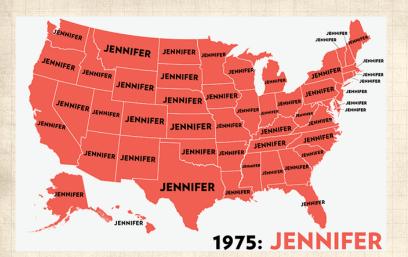
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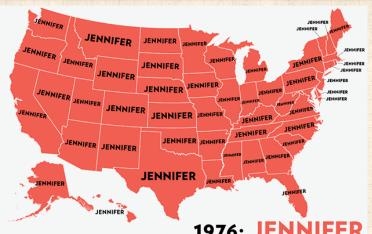
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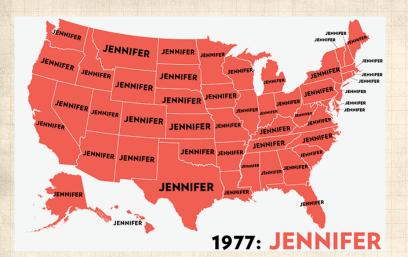
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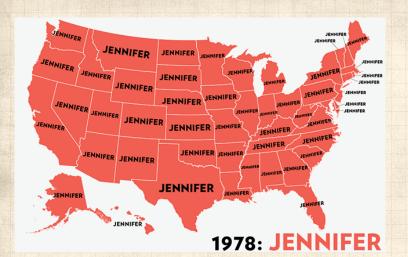
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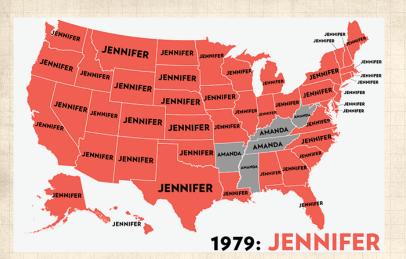
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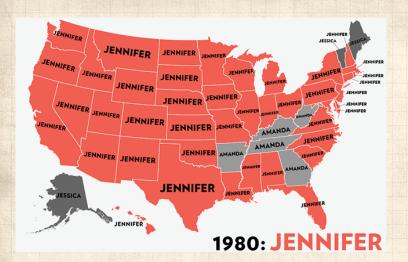
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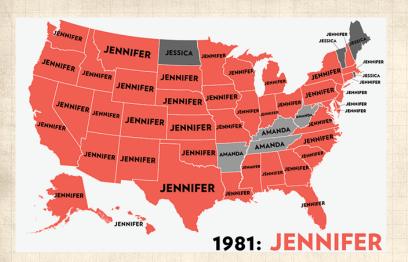
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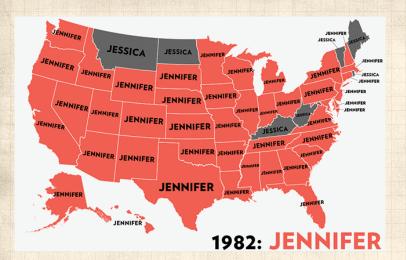
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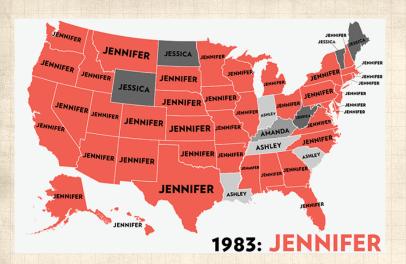
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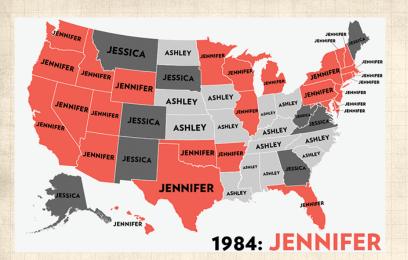
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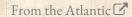
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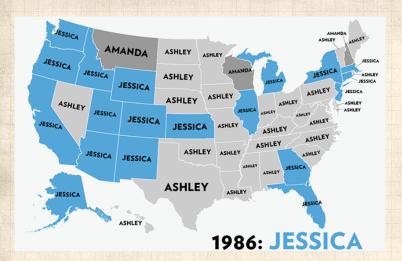
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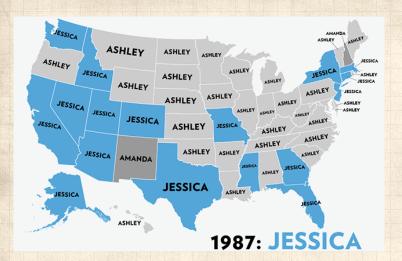
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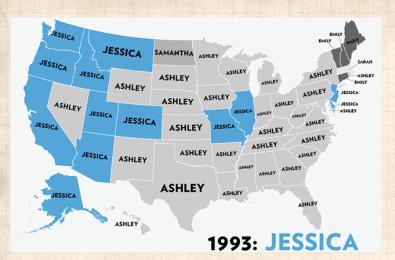
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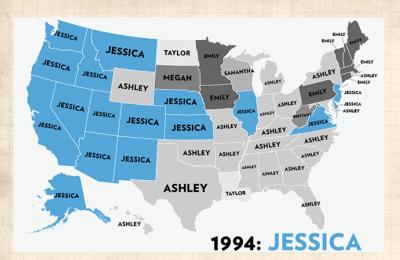
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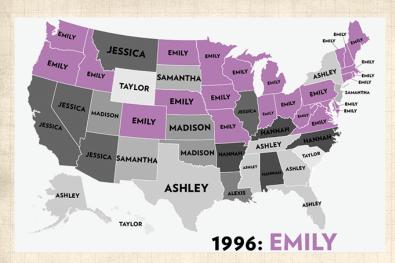
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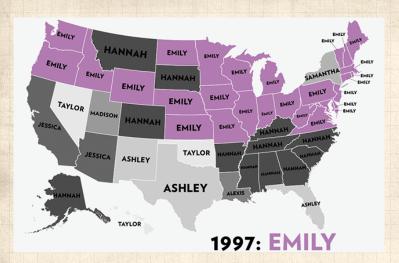
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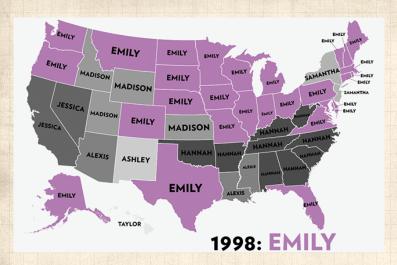
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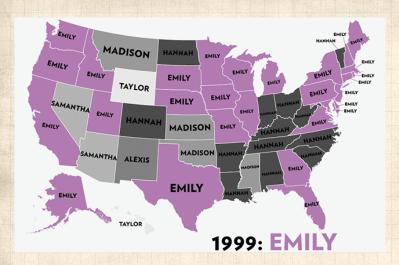
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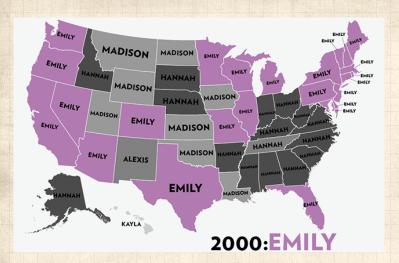
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From the Atlantic [2]

## The PoCSverse Social Contagion 8 of 110

Social Contagion Models

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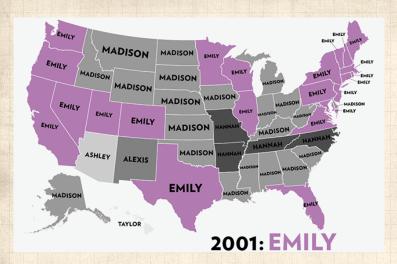
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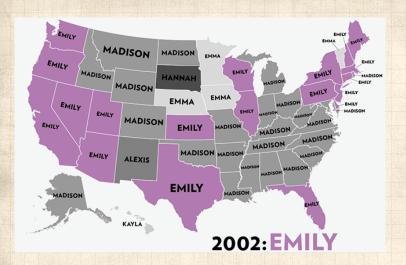
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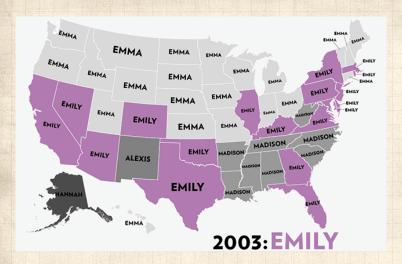
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Spreading success

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The PoCSverse Social Contagion 8 of 110

Social Contagion Models

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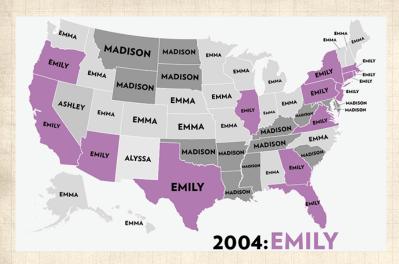
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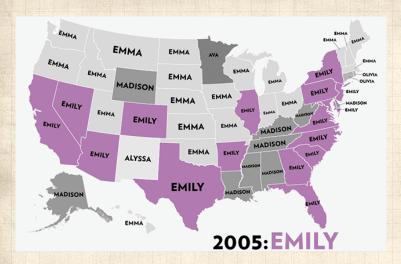
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The PoCSverse Social Contagion 8 of 110

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Background

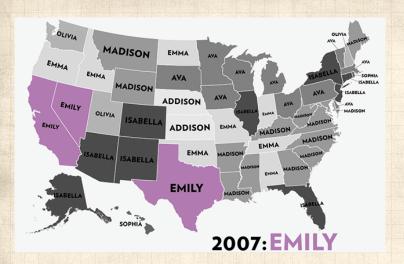
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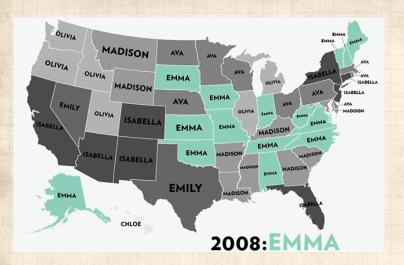
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#### The PoCSverse Social Contagion 8 of 110

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Background

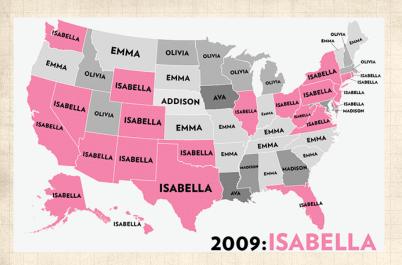
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Granovetter's mo

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The PoCSverse Social Contagion 8 of 110

Social Contagion Models

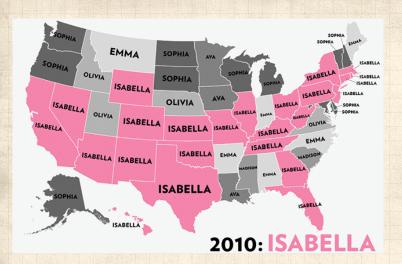
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#### The PoCSverse Social Contagion 8 of 110

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inal size

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## Richard Feynmann on the Social Sciences:

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## Sheldon Cooper on the Social Sciences:

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# Things that spread well:

buzzfeed.com ♥:



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Dangerously self aware: 11 Elements that make a perfect viral video. ☑



# Things that spread well:

buzzfeed.com 2:



A Dangerously self aware: 11 Elements that make a perfect viral video.

+ News ...

The PoCSverse Social Contagion 11 of 110 Social Contagion

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Background

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Spreading success Groups



LOL + cute + fail + wtf:

# Oopsie!



BUZZFEED FELL DOWN AND WENT BUOM.

Please try reloading this page. If the problem persists <u>let us know</u>.

#### The PoCSverse Social Contagion 12 of 110

Social Contagion Models

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- I CONTRACTOR

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# The whole lolcats thing:



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Backgrou

Granovetter's model

Network version Final size

Spreading success Groups



# Some things really stick:



#### The PoCSverse Social Contagion 14 of 110

Social Contagion Models

Backgrou

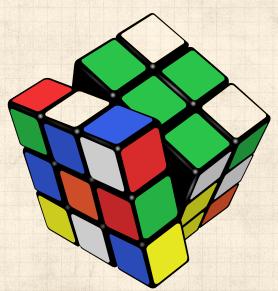
Granovetter's model

Final size

Spreading success Groups



# wtf + geeky + omg:



#### The PoCSverse Social Contagion 15 of 110

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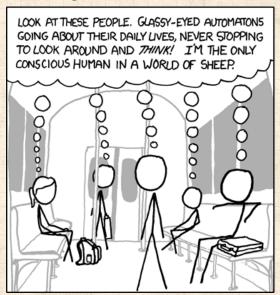
Granovetter's mo

Final size

Spreading success



# Why social contagion works so well:



http://xkcd.com/610/

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#### Background

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Spreading success





Ugg Boots

Blundstones

The PoCSverse Social Contagion 18 of 110

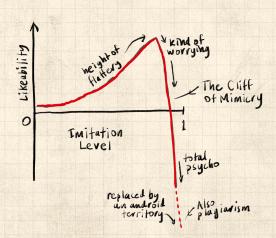
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Granovetter's mod-Network version

Spreading success Groups





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Social Contagion Models

#### Background

Granovetter's mode

Final size

Spreading success

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## Examples are claimed to abound:

A Fashion

备 Striking

smoking [7]

Residential segregation [23]

iPhones and iThings

obesity [6]

Stupidity

A Harry Potter

voting

备 gossip

A Rubik's cube

religious beliefs

school shootings

The PoCSverse Social Contagion 20 of 110

Social Contagion Models

Background



## Examples are claimed to abound:

A Fashion

备 Striking

smoking [7]

Residential segregation [23]

iPhones and iThings

obesity [6]

**Stupidity** 

A Harry Potter

voting

备 gossip

A Rubik's cube

religious beliefs

school shootings

🚓 yawning 🗹

The PoCSverse Social Contagion 20 of 110

Social Contagion Models

Background



## Examples are claimed to abound:

A Fashion

备 Striking

smoking [7]

Residential segregation [23]

iPhones and iThings

obesity [6]

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A Harry Potter

voting

备 gossip

🙈 Rubik's cube 💗

religious beliefs

school shootings

🚓 yawning 🗹

leaving lectures

The PoCSverse Social Contagion 20 of 110

Social Contagion Models

Background



## Examples are claimed to abound:

- Fashion

备 Striking

smoking [7]

Residential segregation [23]

iPhones and iThings

obesity [6]

Stupidity

A Harry Potter

A Rubik's cube

religious beliefs

school shootings

🚓 yawning 🗹

leaving lectures

voting References 备 gossip

SIR and SIRS type contagion possible

Classes of behavior versus specific behavior



The PoCSverse

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## Examples are claimed to abound:

Rashion Fashion

备 Striking

smoking [7]

Residential segregation [23]

iPhones and iThings

obesity [6]

Stupidity

A Harry Potter

voting

备 gossip

A Rubik's cube

religious beliefs

school shootings

🚓 yawning 🗹

leaving lectures

## SIR and SIRS type contagion possible

Representation of the control of the movies, getting married, invading countries, ...

The PoCSverse Social Contagion 20 of 110

Social Contagion Models

Background



Mixed messages: Please copy, but also, don't copy ...

The PoCSverse Social Contagion 21 of 110

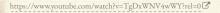
Social Contagion Models

#### Background

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## Mixed messages: Please copy, but also, don't copy ...

The PoCSverse Social Contagion 21 of 110

Social Contagion Models

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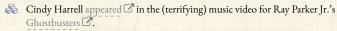
Granovetter's mod

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## Mixed messages: Please copy, but also, don't copy ...

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References

 $https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=TgDxWNV4wWY?rel=0 \ \ \, \square$ 

- Sindy Harrell appeared I in the (terrifying) music video for Ray Parker Jr.'s Ghostbusters I.
- 🚵 In Stranger Things 2 🗷 , Steve Harrington reveals his Fabergé secret 🗹 .



### Market much?

The PoCSverse Social Contagion 22 of 110

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References

 $https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=FEaCflp9qR4?rel=0 \ \ \, \square$ 



Advertisement enjoyed during "Herstory of Dance" C, Community S4E08, April 2013.



## Evolving network stories (Christakis and Fowler):

The spread of quitting smoking [7]

The spread of spreading [6]

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## Evolving network stories (Christakis and Fowler):

The spread of quitting smoking [7]

The spread of spreading [6]

Also: happiness [11], loneliness, ...

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## Evolving network stories (Christakis and Fowler):

The spread of spreading [6]

Also: happiness [27], loneliness, ...

The book: Connected: The Surprising Power of Our Social Networks and How They Shape Our Lives

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## Evolving network stories (Christakis and Fowler):

 $\ensuremath{\mathfrak{S}}$  The spread of quitting smoking  $\ensuremath{\mathbb{Z}}^{[7]}$ 

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## Controversy:

Are your friends making you fat? (Clive Thomspon, NY Times, September 10, 2009).

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## Evolving network stories (Christakis and Fowler):

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## Controversy:

Are your friends making you fat? (Clive Thomspon, NY Times, September 10, 2009).

Everything is contagious —Doubts about the social plague stir in the human superorganism (Dave Johns, Slate, April 8, 2010).

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Two focuses for us

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#### Two focuses for us



Nidespread media influence

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#### Two focuses for us



Nidespread media influence



Word-of-mouth influence

#### The PoCSverse Social Contagion 24 of 110

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## Two focuses for us



Nidespread media influence



Word-of-mouth influence

We need to understand influence

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## Two focuses for us



Nidespread media influence



Word-of-mouth influence

## We need to understand influence



Who influences whom?

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## Two focuses for us



Nidespread media influence



Word-of-mouth influence

## We need to understand influence.



Who influences whom? Very hard to measure...

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## Two focuses for us



Nidespread media influence



Word-of-mouth influence

## We need to understand influence



Who influences whom? Very hard to measure...



What kinds of influence response functions are there?

The PoCSverse Social Contagion 24 of 110

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## Two focuses for us



Nidespread media influence



Word-of-mouth influence

## We need to understand influence



Who influences whom? Very hard to measure...



What kinds of influence response functions are there?

Are some individuals super influencers?

The PoCSverse Social Contagion 24 of 110

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## Two focuses for us



Nidespread media influence



Word-of-mouth influence

## We need to understand influence



Nho influences whom? Very hard to measure...



What kinds of influence response functions are there?

Are some individuals super influencers? Highly popularized by Gladwell [12] as 'connectors'

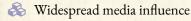
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## Two focuses for us



Word-of-mouth influence

## We need to understand influence

& Who influences whom? Very hard to measure...

What kinds of influence response functions are there?

Are some individuals super influencers?

Highly popularized by Gladwell [12] as 'connectors'

The infectious idea of opinion leaders (Katz and Lazarsfeld) [19]

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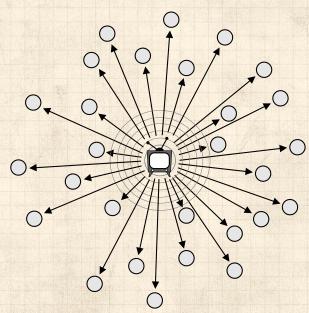
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# The hypodermic model of influence



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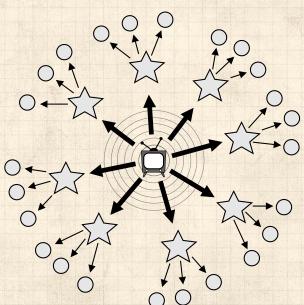
Granovetter's mod

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# The two step model of influence [19]



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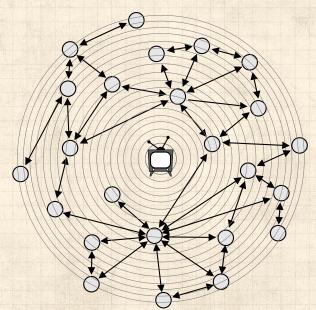
Granovetter's model

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# The general model of influence: the Social Wild



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#### Background

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Because of properties of special individuals?

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Because of properties of special individuals?



Or system level properties?

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Because of properties of special individuals?



Or system level properties?



A Is the match that lights the fire important?

#### The PoCSverse Social Contagion 28 of 110

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Because of properties of special individuals?



Or system level properties?



A Is the match that lights the fire important?



A Yes. But only because we are storytellers: homo narrativus .

The PoCSverse Social Contagion 28 of 110

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## Background



Because of properties of special individuals?

Or system level properties?

Is the match that lights the fire important?

A Yes. But only because we are storytellers: homo narrativus .

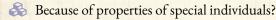
We like to think things happened for reasons ...

The PoCSverse Social Contagion

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Background





Or system level properties?

& Is the match that lights the fire important?

※ Yes. But only because we are storytellers: homo narrativus 

✓.

We like to think things happened for reasons ...

Reasons for success are usually ascribed to intrinsic properties (examples next).

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Social Contagion Models

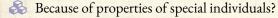
## Background

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Teleological stories of fame are often easy to generate and believe.

The PoCSverse Social Contagion 28 of 110

Social Contagion Models

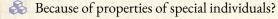
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Granovetter's mod

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Or system level properties?

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A Teleological stories of fame are often easy to generate and believe.

System/group dynamics harder to understand because most of our stories are built around individuals.

The PoCSverse Social Contagion 28 of 110

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Because of properties of special individuals?

Or system level properties?

& Is the match that lights the fire important?

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We like to think things happened for reasons ...

Reasons for success are usually ascribed to intrinsic properties (examples next).

Teleological stories of fame are often easy to generate and believe.

System/group dynamics harder to understand because most of our stories are built around individuals.

Always good to examine what is said before and after the fact

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🗞 "Becoming Mona Lisa: The Making of a Global Icon"—David Sassoon

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"Becoming Mona Lisa: The Making of a Global Icon"—David Sassoon

Not the world's greatest painting from the start...

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#### Background

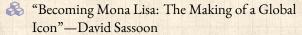
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Not the world's greatest painting from the start...

Escalation through theft, vandalism,

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Granovetter's mod Network version

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Escalation through theft, vandalism, parody, ...

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#### Background







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Escalation through theft, vandalism, parody, ...

#### The PoCSverse Social Contagion 29 of 110

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🗞 "Becoming Mona Lisa: The Making of a Global Icon"—David Sassoon



Not the world's greatest painting from the start...



Escalation through theft, vandalism, parody, ...

#### The PoCSverse Social Contagion 29 of 110

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## 'Tattooed Guy' Was Pivotal in Armstrong Case [nytimes]



🗞 "... Leogrande's doping sparked a series of events ..."

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# The completely unpredicted fall of Eastern Europe:



Timunr Kuran: [20, 21] "Now Out of Never: The Element of Surprise in the East European Revolution of 1989"

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# The dismal predictive powers of editors...



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BLVR: Did the success of Where the Wild Things Are ever feel like an albatross?

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AND PICTURES BY MAURICE SENDA

BLVR: Did the success of Where the Wild Things Are ever feel like an albatross?

MS: It's a nice book.

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Y AND PICTURES BY MAURICE SEND

BLVR: Did the success of Where the Wild Things Are ever feel like an albatross?

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BLVR: Did the success of Where the Wild Things Are ever feel like an albatross?

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BLVR: Did the success of Where the Wild Things Are ever feel like an albatross?

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The PoCSverse Social Contagion 33 of 110

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#### Background

Granovetter's mode

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The PoCSverse Social Contagion 33 of 110

Social Contagion Models

## Background

ranovetter's mode

Final size

Spreading success



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The PoCSverse Social Contagion 33 of 110

Social Contagion Models

### Background

ranovetter's mode

inal size

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Groups



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The PoCSverse Social Contagion 33 of 110

Social Contagion Models

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Spreading success



BLVR: Did the success of Where the Wild Things Are ever feel like an albatross?

MS: It's a nice book. It's perfectly nice. I can't complain about it. I remember Herman Melville said, "When I die no one is going to mention Moby-Dick. They're all going to talk about my first book, about \*\*\*\*ing maidens in Tahiti." He was right. No mention of Moby-Dick then. Everyone wanted another Tahitian book, a beach book. But then he kept writing deeper and deeper and then came Moby-Dick and people hated it.

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Sendak named his dog Herman.

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The essential Colbert interview: Pt. 1 and Pt. 2 .

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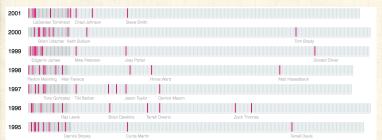
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## Drafting success in the NFL:

#### Top Players by Round, 1995-2012





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Messing with social connections

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### Messing with social connections



Ads based on message content

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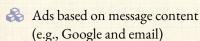
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### Messing with social connections



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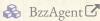
Spreading success

Groups



### Messing with social connections

Ads based on message content (e.g., Google and email)



- Harnessing of BzzAgents to directly market through social ties.
- Generally: BzzAgents did not reveal their BzzAgent status and did not want to be paid.
- NYT, 2004-12-05: "The Hidden (in Plain Sight)
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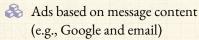
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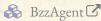
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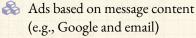
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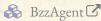
Network W

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- All of Facebook's advertising attempts.

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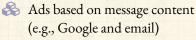
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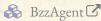
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### Messing with social connections





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- Generally: BzzAgents did not reveal their BzzAgent status and did not want to be paid.
- NYT, 2004-12-05: "The Hidden (in Plain Sight)
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- One of Facebook's early advertising attempts: Beacon
- All of Facebook's advertising attempts.
- Seriously, Facebook. What could go wrong?

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An influential book: 'Influence' [8] by Robert Cialdini

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An influential book: 'Influence' [8] by Robert Cialdini

Six modes of influence:

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An influential book: 'Influence' [8] by Robert Cialdini

### Six modes of influence:

1. Reciprocation: *The Old Give and Take... and Take*; e.g., Free samples, Hare Krishnas.

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An influential book: 'Influence' [8] by Robert Cialdini

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- 1. Reciprocation: *The Old Give and Take... and Take*; e.g., Free samples, Hare Krishnas.
- 2. Commitment and Consistency: *Hobgoblins of the Mind*; e.g., Hazing.

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An influential book: 'Influence' [8] by Robert Cialdini

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- 3. Social Proof: *Truths Are Us*; e.g., Jonestown ☑, Kitty Genovese ☑ (contested).

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- 4. Liking: *The Friendly Thief*; e.g., Separation into groups is enough to cause problems.

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- 5. Authority: *Directed Deference*; e.g., Milgram's obedience to authority experiment.

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An influential book: 'Influence' [8] by Robert Cialdini

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- 4. Liking: *The Friendly Thief*; e.g., Separation into groups is enough to cause problems.
- Authority: Directed Deference;
   e.g., Milgram's obedience to authority experiment.
- 6. Scarcity: The Rule of the Few; e.g., Prohibition.

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## Social proof:



♣ The Office, S7E07 ☑

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Cialdini's modes are heuristics that help up us get through life.



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A Cialdini's modes are heuristics that help up us get through life.



Useful but can be leveraged...



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Cialdini's modes are heuristics that help up us get through life.

Useful but can be leveraged...

Other acts of influence:



Background

Cialdini's modes are heuristics that help up us get through life.

🚳 Useful but can be leveraged...

### Other acts of influence:

Conspicuous Consumption (Veblen, 1912)

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Cialdini's modes are heuristics that help up us get through life.

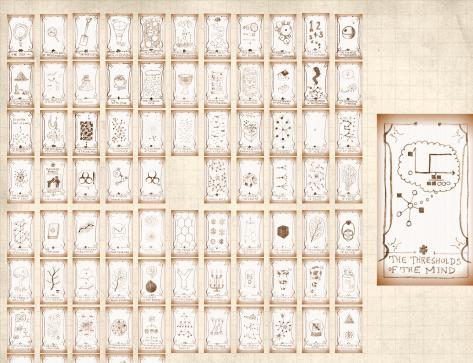
Useful but can be leveraged...

### Other acts of influence:

Conspicuous Consumption (Veblen, 1912)

Conspicuous Destruction (Potlatch)





### Some important models:



Tipping models—Schelling (1971) [23, 24, 25]

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### Some important models:



Tipping models—Schelling (1971) [23, 24, 25]

Simulation on checker boards

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### Some important models:



Tipping models—Schelling (1971) [23, 24, 25]

- Simulation on checker boards
- Idea of thresholds

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### Some important models:



Tipping models—Schelling (1971) [23, 24, 25]

- Simulation on checker boards
- Idea of thresholds
- Polygon-themed online visualization. (Includes optional diversity-seeking proclivity.)

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- Herding models—Bikhchandani, Hirschleifer, Welch (1992) [2, 3]

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- Threshold models—Granovetter (1978) [15]
- Herding models—Bikhchandani, Hirschleifer, Welch (1992) [2, 3]
  - Social learning theory, Informational cascades,...

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Thresholds

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#### Thresholds



Basic idea: individuals adopt a behavior when a certain fraction of others have adopted

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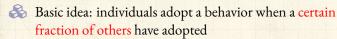
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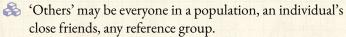
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### Thresholds





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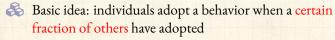
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#### Thresholds



Others' may be everyone in a population, an individual's close friends, any reference group.

Response can be probabilistic or deterministic.

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#### Thresholds

- Basic idea: individuals adopt a behavior when a certain fraction of others have adopted
- Others' may be everyone in a population, an individual's close friends, any reference group.
- Response can be probabilistic or deterministic.
- Individual thresholds can vary

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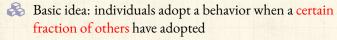
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### Thresholds



Others' may be everyone in a population, an individual's close friends, any reference group.

Response can be probabilistic or deterministic.

🙈 Individual thresholds can vary

Assumption: order of others' adoption does not matter...

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#### Thresholds

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- Assumption: level of influence per person is uniform

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Some possible origins of thresholds:

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## Some possible origins of thresholds:



A Inherent, evolution-devised inclination to coordinate, to conform, to imitate. [1]

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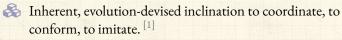
#### Background

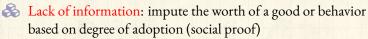
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## Some possible origins of thresholds:





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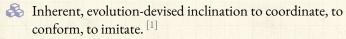
Granovetter's mod

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## Some possible origins of thresholds:



Lack of information: impute the worth of a good or behavior based on degree of adoption (social proof)

& Economics: Network effects or network externalities

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  - Externalities = Effects on others not directly involved in a transaction
  - Examples: telephones, fax machine, TikTok, operating systems

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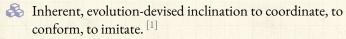
Network w

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## Some possible origins of thresholds:



Lack of information: impute the worth of a good or behavior based on degree of adoption (social proof)



- Externalities = Effects on others not directly involved in a transaction
- Examples: telephones, fax machine, TikTok, operating systems
- An individual's utility increases with the adoption level among peers and the population in general

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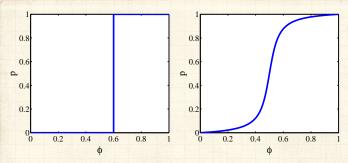
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## Threshold models—response functions



Example threshold influence response functions: deterministic and stochastic The PoCSverse Social Contagion 44 of 110

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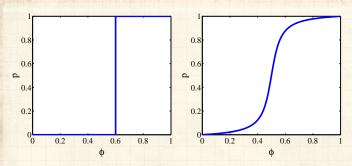
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## Threshold models—response functions



Example threshold influence response functions: deterministic and stochastic

 $\Leftrightarrow \phi$  = fraction of contacts 'on' (e.g., rioting)

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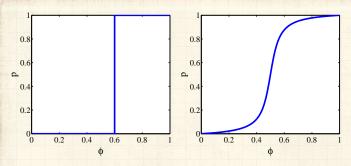
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## Threshold models—response functions



Example threshold influence response functions: deterministic and stochastic

 $\Leftrightarrow \phi$  = fraction of contacts 'on' (e.g., rioting)

Two states: S and I.

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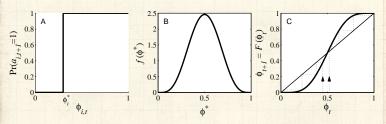
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### Action based on perceived behavior of others:



No states: S and I.

 $\phi$  = fraction of contacts 'on' (e.g., rioting)

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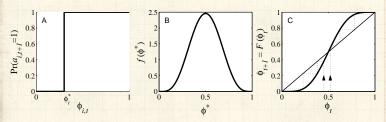
Granovetter's model

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### Action based on perceived behavior of others:



Two states: S and I.

 $\Leftrightarrow \phi$  = fraction of contacts 'on' (e.g., rioting)

Discrete time update (strong assumption!)

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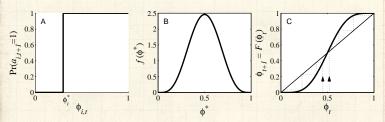
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### Action based on perceived behavior of others:



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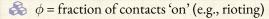
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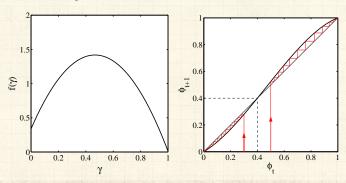


Discrete time update (strong assumption!)

This is a Critical mass model



Another example of critical mass model:



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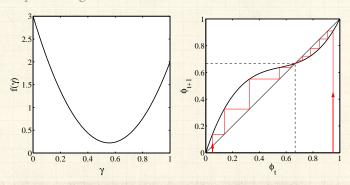
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### Example of single stable state model:



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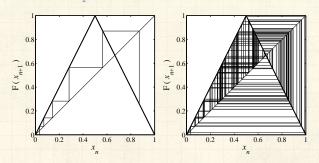
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Chaotic behavior possible [17, 16, 9, 18]



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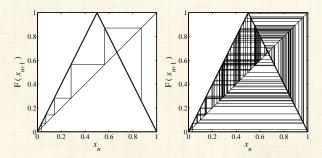
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Chaotic behavior possible [17, 16, 9, 18]





 $\red$  Period doubling arises as map amplitude r is increased.

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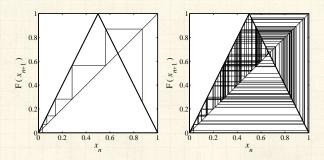
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Chaotic behavior possible [17, 16, 9, 18]



 $\red$  Period doubling arises as map amplitude r is increased.

Synchronous update assumption is crucial

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Implications for collective action theory:

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## Implications for collective action theory:

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## Implications for collective action theory:

- 1. Collective uniformity ⇒ individual uniformity
- 2. Small individual changes  $\Rightarrow$  large global changes

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## Implications for collective action theory:

- 1. Collective uniformity ⇒ individual uniformity
- 2. Small individual changes  $\Rightarrow$  large global changes
- 3. The stories/dynamics of complex systems are conceptually inaccessible for individual-centric narratives.

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## Implications for collective action theory:

- 1. Collective uniformity ≠ individual uniformity
- 2. Small individual changes  $\Rightarrow$  large global changes
- 3. The stories/dynamics of complex systems are conceptually inaccessible for individual-centric narratives.
- 4. System stories live in left null space of our stories—we can't even see them.

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## Implications for collective action theory:

- 1. Collective uniformity ≠ individual uniformity
- 2. Small individual changes  $\Rightarrow$  large global changes
- 3. The stories/dynamics of complex systems are conceptually inaccessible for individual-centric narratives.
- 4. System stories live in left null space of our stories—we can't even see them.
- 5. But we happily impose simplistic, individual-centric stories—we can't help ourselves ☑.

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"A simple model of global cascades on random networks" D. J. Watts. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci., 2002 [27]

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"A simple model of global cascades on random networks" D. J. Watts. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci., 2002 [27]

Mean field model → network model

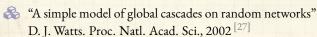
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Mean field model → network model

Individuals now have a limited view of the world

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- "A simple model of global cascades on random networks"
  D. J. Watts. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci., 2002 [27]
  - Mean field model → network model
  - Individuals now have a limited view of the world

### We'll also explore:

- Seed size strongly affects cascades on random networks" [14] Gleeson and Cahalane, Phys. Rev. E, 2007.
- \*Direct, physically motivated derivation of the contagion condition for spreading processes on generalized random networks" [10] Dodds, Harris, and Payne, Phys. Rev. E, 2011
- "Influentials, Networks, and Public Opinion Formation" [28]
  Watts and Dodds, J. Cons. Res., 2007.
- \*Threshold models of Social Influence" [29]
  Watts and Dodds, The Oxford Handbook of Analytical Sociology, 2009.

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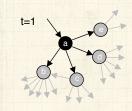
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All nodes have threshold  $\phi = 0.2$ .

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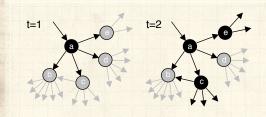
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All nodes have threshold  $\phi = 0.2$ .

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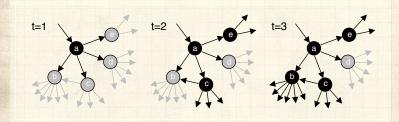
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All nodes have threshold  $\phi = 0.2$ .

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Interactions between individuals now represented by a network.

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Interactions between individuals now represented by a network.

Network is sparse.

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Interactions between individuals now represented by a network.

Network is sparse.

Individual i has  $k_i$  contacts.

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Interactions between individuals now represented by a network.

Network is sparse.

 $\clubsuit$  Individual i has  $k_i$  contacts.

Influence on each link is reciprocal and of unit weight.

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Interactions between individuals now represented by a network.

Network is sparse.

 $\Leftrightarrow$  Individual i has  $k_i$  contacts.

Influence on each link is reciprocal and of unit weight.

& Each individual i has a fixed threshold  $\phi_i$ .

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Spreading :



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A Individuals repeatedly poll contacts on network.

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Spreading :



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Influence on each link is reciprocal and of unit weight.

& Each individual i has a fixed threshold  $\phi_i$ .

Individuals repeatedly poll contacts on network.

Synchronous, discrete time updating.

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Interactions between individuals now represented by a network.

Network is sparse.

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Influence on each link is reciprocal and of unit weight.

& Each individual i has a fixed threshold  $\phi_i$ .

Individuals repeatedly poll contacts on network.

Synchronous, discrete time updating.

Individual *i* becomes active when fraction of active contacts  $\frac{a_i}{k_i} \ge \phi_i$ .

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Interactions between individuals now represented by a network.

Network is sparse.

 $\Leftrightarrow$  Individual i has  $k_i$  contacts.

A Influence on each link is reciprocal and of unit weight.

& Each individual i has a fixed threshold  $\phi_i$ .

Individuals repeatedly poll contacts on network.

Synchronous, discrete time updating.

Individual i becomes active when fraction of active contacts  $\frac{a_i}{k_i} \ge \phi_i$ .

Individuals remain active when switched (no recovery = SI model).

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First study random networks:

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### First study random networks:



 $\clubsuit$  Start with N nodes with a degree distribution  $P_k$ 

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### First study random networks:

Start with N nodes with a degree distribution  $P_k$ 

Nodes are randomly connected (carefully so)

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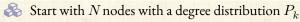
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### First study random networks:



Nodes are randomly connected (carefully so)

Aim: Figure out when activation will propagate

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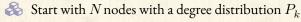
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### First study random networks:



Nodes are randomly connected (carefully so)

🙈 Aim: Figure out when activation will propagate

Determine a cascade condition

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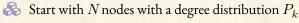
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### First study random networks:



Nodes are randomly connected (carefully so)

🙈 Aim: Figure out when activation will propagate

Determine a cascade condition

#### The Cascade Condition:

1. If one individual is initially activated, what is the probability that an activation will spread over a network?

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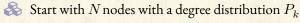
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### First study random networks:



Nodes are randomly connected (carefully so)

🙈 Aim: Figure out when activation will propagate

Determine a cascade condition

#### The Cascade Condition:

- 1. If one individual is initially activated, what is the probability that an activation will spread over a network?
- 2. What features of a network determine whether a cascade will occur or not?

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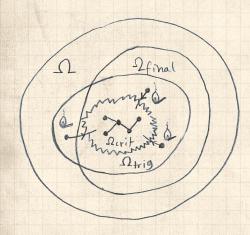
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## Example random network structure:



 $\begin{array}{ll} & \Omega_{\rm crit} = \Omega_{\rm vuln} = \\ & {\rm critical\ mass} = \\ & {\rm global\ vulnerable} \\ & {\rm component} \end{array}$ 

 $\Omega_{\text{trig}}$  = triggering component

 $\Omega_{\text{final}}$  = potential extent of spread

 $\Omega$  = entire network

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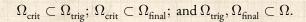
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Follow active links

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#### Follow active links



An active link is a link connected to an activated node.

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#### Follow active links



An active link is a link connected to an activated node.



A If an infected link leads to at least 1 more infected link, then activation spreads.

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#### Follow active links



An active link is a link connected to an activated node.



A If an infected link leads to at least 1 more infected link, then activation spreads.



We need to understand which nodes can be activated when only one of their neigbors becomes active.

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Vulnerables:

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#### Vulnerables:



We call individuals who can be activated by just one contact being active vulnerables

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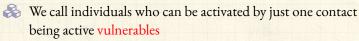
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#### Vulnerables:



The vulnerability condition for node i:

$$1/k_i \ge \phi_i$$

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#### Vulnerables:

- We call individuals who can be activated by just one contact being active vulnerables
- The vulnerability condition for node i:

$$1/k_i \geq \phi_i$$

 $\mbox{\&}$  Which means # contacts  $k_i \leq \lfloor 1/\phi_i \rfloor$ 

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#### Vulnerables:

- We call individuals who can be activated by just one contact being active vulnerables
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- For global cascades on random networks, must have a *global* cluster of vulnerables [27]

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- Cluster of vulnerables = critical mass

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#### Vulnerables:

- We call individuals who can be activated by just one contact being active vulnerables
- The vulnerability condition for node i:

$$1/k_i \geq \phi_i$$

- For global cascades on random networks, must have a *global* cluster of vulnerables [27]
- Cluster of vulnerables = critical mass
- $\ensuremath{\mathfrak{S}}$  Network story: 1 node  $\rightarrow$  critical mass  $\rightarrow$  everyone.

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Back to following a link:

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### Back to following a link:



A randomly chosen link, traversed in a random direction, leads to a degree k node with probability  $\propto kP_k$ .

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### Back to following a link:

- A randomly chosen link, traversed in a random direction, leads to a degree k node with probability  $\propto kP_k$ .
- Follows from there being k ways to connect to a node with degree k.

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### Back to following a link:

- A randomly chosen link, traversed in a random direction, leads to a degree k node with probability  $\propto kP_k$ .
- $\Leftrightarrow$  Follows from there being k ways to connect to a node with degree k.
- Normalization:

$$\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} k P_k = \langle k \rangle$$

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#### Back to following a link:

- A randomly chosen link, traversed in a random direction, leads to a degree k node with probability  $\propto kP_k$ .
- $\Leftrightarrow$  Follows from there being k ways to connect to a node with degree k.
- Normalization:

$$\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} k P_k = \langle k \rangle$$

🚜 So

$$P(\text{linked node has degree }k) = \frac{kP_k}{\langle k \rangle}$$

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Next: Vulnerability of linked node

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### Next: Vulnerability of linked node



Linked node is vulnerable with probability

$$\beta_k = \int_{\phi_*'=0}^{1/k} f(\phi_*') \mathrm{d}\phi_*'$$

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Next: Vulnerability of linked node

& Linked node is vulnerable with probability

$$\beta_k = \int_{\phi'_*=0}^{1/k} f(\phi'_*) \mathrm{d}\phi'_*$$

A If linked node is vulnerable, it produces k-1 new outgoing active links



Next: Vulnerability of linked node

& Linked node is vulnerable with probability

$$\beta_k = \int_{\phi'_*=0}^{1/k} f(\phi'_*) \mathrm{d}\phi'_*$$

- A If linked node is vulnerable, it produces k-1 new outgoing active links
- A If linked node is not vulnerable, it produces no active links.

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### Putting things together:

Expected number of active edges produced by an active edge:

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#### Putting things together:

Expected number of active edges produced by an active edge:

$$R = \left[ \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \underbrace{(k-1) \cdot \beta_k \cdot \frac{kP_k}{\langle k \rangle}}_{\text{success}} + \right]$$

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#### Putting things together:

Expected number of active edges produced by an active edge:

$$R = \left[ \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \underbrace{\frac{(k-1) \cdot \beta_k \cdot \frac{kP_k}{\langle k \rangle}}_{\text{success}}} \right. + \underbrace{\frac{0 \cdot (1-\beta_k) \cdot \frac{kP_k}{\langle k \rangle}}_{\text{failure}}} \right]$$

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#### Putting things together:

Expected number of active edges produced by an active edge:

$$\begin{split} R = \left[ \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \underbrace{\frac{(k-1) \cdot \beta_k \cdot \frac{kP_k}{\langle k \rangle}}_{\text{success}}} \right. + \underbrace{\frac{0 \cdot (1-\beta_k) \cdot \frac{kP_k}{\langle k \rangle}}_{\text{failure}}} \right] \\ = \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} (k-1) \cdot \beta_k \cdot \frac{kP_k}{\langle k \rangle} \end{split}$$

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So... for random networks with fixed degree distributions, cacades take off when:

$$\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} (k-1) \cdot \beta_k \cdot \frac{kP_k}{\langle k \rangle} > 1.$$

 $\beta_k = \text{probability a degree } k \text{ node is vulnerable.}$ 

 $\Re P_k$  = probability a node has degree k.

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Two special cases:

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#### Two special cases:



 $\{\}$  (1) Simple disease-like spreading succeeds:  $\beta_k = \beta$ 

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#### Two special cases:



 $\{ \}$  (1) Simple disease-like spreading succeeds:  $\beta_k = \beta$ 

$$\beta \cdot \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} (k-1) \cdot \frac{kP_k}{\langle k \rangle} > 1.$$

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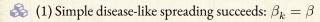
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#### Two special cases:



$$\beta \cdot \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} (k-1) \cdot \frac{kP_k}{\langle k \rangle} > 1.$$

 $\clubsuit$  (2) Giant component exists:  $\beta = 1$ 

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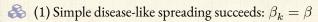
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#### Two special cases:



$$\beta \cdot \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} (k-1) \cdot \frac{kP_k}{\langle k \rangle} > 1.$$

 $\clubsuit$  (2) Giant component exists:  $\beta = 1$ 

$$1 \cdot \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} (k-1) \cdot \frac{kP_k}{\langle k \rangle} > 1.$$

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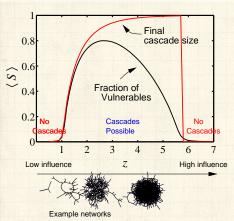
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#### Cascades on random networks





Cascades occur only if size of max vulnerable cluster > 0.

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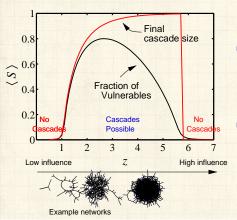
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#### Cascades on random networks





Cascades occur only if size of max vulnerable cluster > 0.



System may be 'robust-yet-fragile'.

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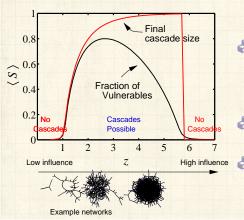
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#### Cascades on random networks



Cascades occur only if size of max vulnerable cluster > 0.



System may be 'robust-yet-fragile'.



'Ignorance' facilitates spreading.

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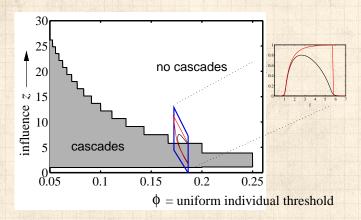
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#### Cascade window for random networks





 $\Leftrightarrow$  'Cascade window' widens as threshold  $\phi$  decreases.



& Lower thresholds enable spreading.

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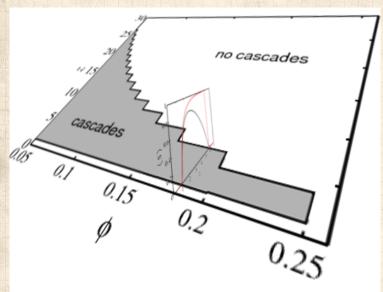
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### Cascade window for random networks



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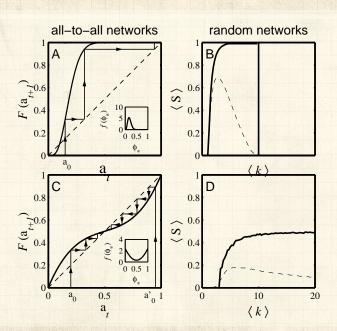
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### All-to-all versus random networks



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For our simple model of a uniform threshold:

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#### For our simple model of a uniform threshold:

1. Low  $\langle k \rangle$ : No cascades in poorly connected networks. No global clusters of any kind.

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#### For our simple model of a uniform threshold:

- 1. Low  $\langle k \rangle$ : No cascades in poorly connected networks. No global clusters of any kind.
- 2. High  $\langle k \rangle$ : Giant component exists but not enough vulnerables.

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### For our simple model of a uniform threshold:

- 1. Low  $\langle k \rangle$ : No cascades in poorly connected networks. No global clusters of any kind.
- 2. High  $\langle k \rangle$ : Giant component exists but not enough vulnerables.
- 3. Intermediate  $\langle k \rangle$ : Global cluster of vulnerables exists. Cascades are possible in "Cascade window."

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Next: Find expected fractional size of spread.

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Next: Find expected fractional size of spread.



Not obvious even for uniform threshold problem.

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Not obvious even for uniform threshold problem.



hits switch on.

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Next: Find expected fractional size of spread.



Not obvious even for uniform threshold problem.



 $\stackrel{\textstyle >}{\Longrightarrow}$  Difficulty is in figuring out if and when nodes that need  $\geq 2$ hits switch on.



Problem beautifully solved for infinite seed case by Gleeson and Cahalane:

"Seed size strongly affects cascades on random networks," Phys. Rev. E, 2007. [14]

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Developed further by Gleeson in "Cascades on correlated and modular random networks," Phys. Rev. E, 2008. [13]

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# Determining expected size of spread:



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Randomly turn on a fraction  $\phi_0$  of nodes at time t=0



Capitalize on local branching network structure of random networks (again)

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 $\red Randomly turn on a fraction <math>\phi_0$  of nodes at time t=0



Capitalize on local branching network structure of random networks (again)



Now think about what must happen for a specific node i to become active at time t:

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 $\red Randomly turn on a fraction <math>\phi_0$  of nodes at time t=0



Capitalize on local branching network structure of random networks (again)



Now think about what must happen for a specific node i to become active at time t:

• t = 0: i is one of the seeds (prob =  $\phi_0$ )

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Now think about what must happen for a specific node i to become active at time t:

- t = 0: i is one of the seeds (prob =  $\phi_0$ )
- t = 1: i was not a seed but enough of i's friends switched on at time t = 0 so that i's threshold is now exceeded.

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 $\red Randomly turn on a fraction <math>\phi_0$  of nodes at time t=0



Capitalize on local branching network structure of random networks (again)



Now think about what must happen for a specific node i to become active at time t:

- t = 0: i is one of the seeds (prob =  $\phi_0$ )
- t = 1: i was not a seed but enough of i's friends switched on at time t = 0 so that i's threshold is now exceeded.
- t=2: enough of i's friends and friends-of-friends switched on at time t = 0 so that i's threshold is now exceeded.

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 $\red Randomly turn on a fraction <math>\phi_0$  of nodes at time t=0



Capitalize on local branching network structure of random networks (again)



Now think about what must happen for a specific node i to become active at time t:

- t = 0: i is one of the seeds (prob =  $\phi_0$ )
- t = 1: i was not a seed but enough of i's friends switched on at time t = 0 so that i's threshold is now exceeded.
- t=2: enough of i's friends and friends-of-friends switched on at time t=0 so that i's threshold is now exceeded.
- t = n: enough nodes within n hops of i switched on at t = 0and their effects have propagated to reach i.

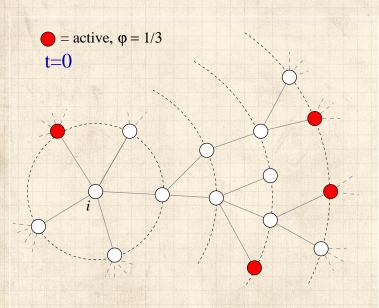
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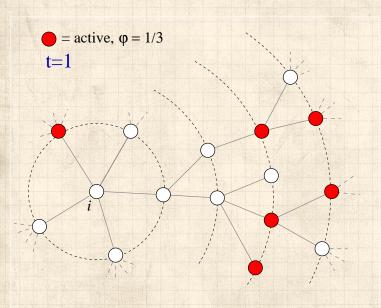
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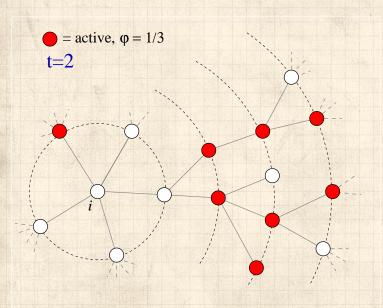
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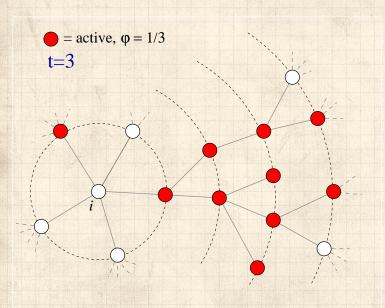
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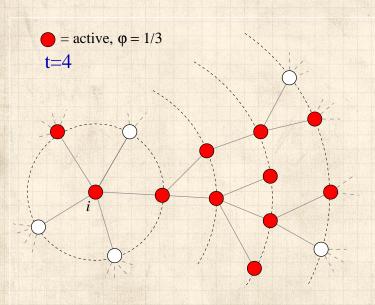
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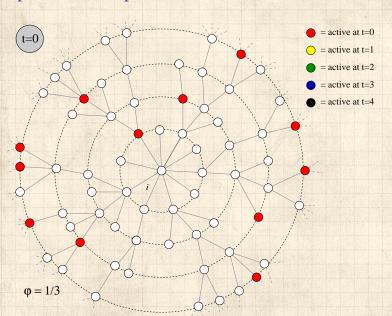
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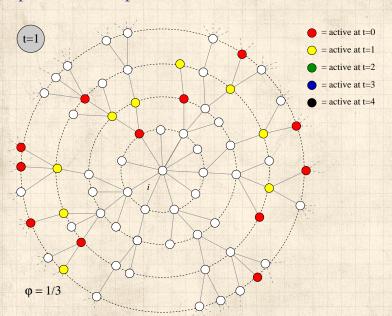
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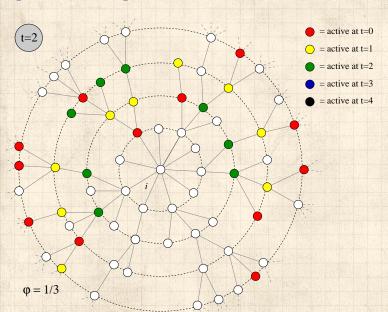
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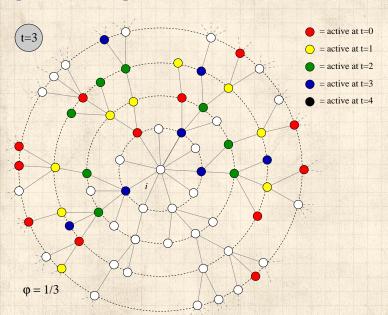
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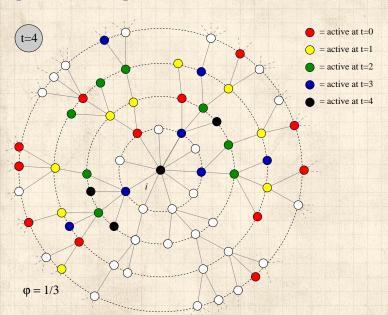
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#### Notes:



Calculations are possible if nodes do not become inactive (strong restriction).

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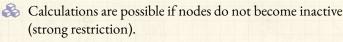
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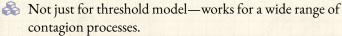
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#### Notes:





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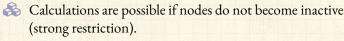
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#### Notes:



Not just for threshold model—works for a wide range of contagion processes.

We can analytically determine the entire time evolution, not just the final size. The PoCSverse Social Contagion 73 of 110

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#### Notes:

- Calculations are possible if nodes do not become inactive (strong restriction).
- Not just for threshold model—works for a wide range of contagion processes.
- We can analytically determine the entire time evolution, not just the final size.
- We can in fact determine  $\mathbf{Pr}$  (node of degree k switching on at time t).

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#### Notes:

- Calculations are possible if nodes do not become inactive (strong restriction).
- Not just for threshold model—works for a wide range of contagion processes.
- We can analytically determine the entire time evolution, not just the final size.
- We can in fact determine  $\mathbf{Pr}$  (node of degree k switching on at time t).
- Asynchronous updating can be handled too.

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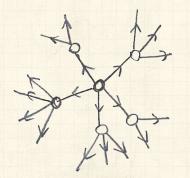
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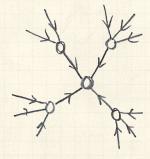
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#### Pleasantness:

Taking off from a single seed story is about expansion away from a node.





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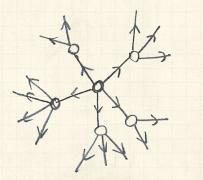
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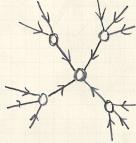


#### Pleasantness:

Taking off from a single seed story is about expansion away from a node.

Extent of spreading story is about contraction at a node.





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Notation:  $\phi_{k,t} = \mathbf{Pr}(\mathbf{a} \text{ degree } k \text{ node is active at time } t)$ .

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Notation:  $\phi_{k,t} = \mathbf{Pr}(\mathbf{a} \text{ degree } k \text{ node is active at time } t)$ .



Notation:  $B_{kj} = \mathbf{Pr}$  (a degree k node becomes active if j neighbors are active).

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 $\mbox{\&}$  Our starting point:  $\phi_{k,0} = \phi_0$ .

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 $\binom{k}{i}\phi_0^j(1-\phi_0)^{k-j} = \mathbf{Pr}(j \text{ of a degree } k \text{ node's neighbors were})$ seeded at time t = 0).

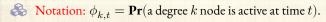
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 $(k \choose j) \phi_0^j (1 - \phi_0)^{k-j} = \mathbf{Pr}(j \text{ of a degree } k \text{ node's neighbors were seeded at time } t = 0).$ 

 $\ensuremath{\mathfrak{S}}$  Probability a degree k node was a seed at t=0 is  $\phi_0$  (as above).

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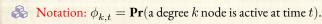
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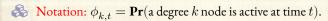
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 $(k \choose j) \phi_0^j (1 - \phi_0)^{k-j} = \mathbf{Pr}(j \text{ of a degree } k \text{ node's neighbors were seeded at time } t = 0).$ 

 $\red{k}$  Probability a degree k node was a seed at t=0 is  $\phi_0$  (as above).

 $\ensuremath{\&}$  Probability a degree k node was not a seed at t=0 is  $(1-\phi_0)$ .

& Combining everything, we have:

$$\phi_{k,1} = \phi_0 + (1 - \phi_0) \sum_{j=0}^k \binom{k}{j} \phi_0^j (1 - \phi_0)^{k-j} B_{kj}.$$

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a degree k node at time t is active.

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a degree k node at time t is active.



Notation: call this probability  $\theta_t$ .

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a degree k node at time t is active.



Notation: call this probability  $\theta_t$ .



 $\Leftrightarrow$  We already know  $\theta_0 = \phi_0$ .

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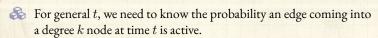
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 $lap{Notation:}$  call this probability  $\theta_t$ .

Story analogous to t = 1 case. For node i:

$$\phi_{i,t+1} = \frac{\phi_0}{\phi_0} + \frac{(1-\phi_0)}{\sum_{j=0}^{k_i}} \binom{k_i}{j} \theta_t^j (1-\theta_t)^{k_i-j} B_{k_i j}.$$

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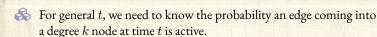
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 $\ensuremath{\&}$  We already know  $\theta_0 = \phi_0$ .

Story analogous to t=1 case. For node i:

$$\phi_{i,t+1} = \phi_0 + (1 - \phi_0) \sum_{j=0}^{k_i} \binom{k_i}{j} \theta_t^j (1 - \theta_t)^{k_i - j} B_{k_i j}.$$

Average over all nodes to obtain expression for  $\phi_{t+1}$ :

$$\phi_{t+1} = \frac{\phi_0}{\phi_0} + \frac{(1 - \phi_0)}{\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} P_k \sum_{j=0}^{k} \binom{k}{j} \theta_t^j (1 - \theta_t)^{k-j} B_{kj}}.$$

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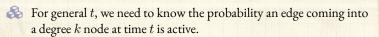
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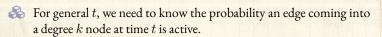
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 $\Leftrightarrow$  We already know  $\theta_0 = \phi_0$ .

Story analogous to t = 1 case. For node i:

$$\phi_{i,t+1} = \phi_0 + (1 - \phi_0) \sum_{j=0}^{k_i} {k_i \choose j} \theta_t^j (1 - \theta_t)^{k_i - j} B_{k_i j}.$$

Average over all nodes to obtain expression for  $\phi_{t+1}$ :

$$\phi_{t+1} = \frac{\phi_0}{\phi_0} + \frac{(1 - \phi_0)}{\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} P_k \sum_{j=0}^{k} \binom{k}{j} \theta_t^j (1 - \theta_t)^{k-j} B_{kj}}.$$

So we need to compute  $\theta_t$ ... massive excitement...

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First connect  $\theta_0$  to  $\theta_1$ :

$$\theta_1 = \phi_0 +$$

$$(1 - \phi_0) \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{k P_k}{\langle k \rangle} \sum_{j=0}^{k-1} \binom{k-1}{j} \theta_0^{j} (1 - \theta_0)^{k-1-j} B_{kj}$$

- $\stackrel{kP_k}{\cancel{(k)}}=R_k$  = **Pr** (edge connects to a degree k node).
- $\sum_{j=0}^{k-1}$  piece gives **Pr**(degree node k activates) of its neighbors k-1 incoming neighbors are active.
- $\ \ \ \phi_0$  and  $(1-\phi_0)$  terms account for state of node at time t=0.

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First connect  $\theta_0$  to  $\theta_1$ :

$$\Theta_1 = \phi_0 +$$

$$(1 - \phi_0) \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{k P_k}{\langle k \rangle} \sum_{j=0}^{k-1} \binom{k-1}{j} \theta_0^{j} (1 - \theta_0)^{k-1-j} B_{kj}$$

- $\frac{kP_k}{\langle k \rangle} = R_k = \mathbf{Pr}$  (edge connects to a degree k node).
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#### Two pieces: edges first, and then nodes

1. 
$$\theta_{t+1} = \underbrace{\phi_0}_{\text{exogenous}}$$

$$+(1-\phi_0)\underbrace{\sum_{k=1}^{\infty}\frac{kP_k}{\langle k\rangle}\sum_{j=0}^{k-1}\binom{k-1}{j}\theta_t^{\ j}(1-\theta_t)^{k-1-j}B_{kj}}_{\text{social effects}}$$

with 
$$\theta_0 = \phi_0$$
.

2. 
$$\phi_{t+1} =$$

$$\underbrace{\phi_0}_{\text{exogenous}} + (1 - \phi_0) \underbrace{\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} P_k \sum_{j=0}^k \binom{k}{j} \theta_t^{\,j} (1 - \theta_t)^{k-j} B_{kj}}_{\text{social effects}}.$$

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#### Iterative map for $\theta_t$ is key:

$$\theta_{t+1} = \underbrace{\phi_0}_{\text{exogenous}}$$

$$+(1-\phi_0)\underbrace{\sum_{k=1}^{\infty}\frac{kP_k}{\langle k\rangle}\sum_{j=0}^{k-1}\binom{k-1}{j}\theta_t^{\ j}(1-\theta_t)^{k-1-j}B_{kj}}_{\text{social effects}}$$

$$=G(\theta_t;\phi_0)$$

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Retrieve cascade condition for spreading from a single seed in limit  $\phi_0 \to 0$ .

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Retrieve cascade condition for spreading from a single seed in limit  $\phi_0 \to 0$ .

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Retrieve cascade condition for spreading from a single seed in limit  $\phi_0 \to 0$ .



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First: if self-starters are present, some activation is assured:

$$G(0;\phi_0) = \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{kP_k}{\langle k \rangle} \bullet B_{k0} > 0.$$

meaning  $B_{k0} > 0$  for at least one value of  $k \ge 1$ .

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Retrieve cascade condition for spreading from a single seed in limit  $\phi_0 \to 0$ .

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meaning  $B_{k0} > 0$  for at least one value of  $k \ge 1$ .

$$G'(0;\phi_0) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{kP_k}{\langle k \rangle} \bullet (k-1) \bullet B_{k1} > 1.$$

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#### In words:



 $\Re$  If  $G(0; \phi_0) > 0$ , spreading must occur because some nodes turn on for free.

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#### In words:



A If  $G(0; \phi_0) > 0$ , spreading must occur because some nodes turn on for free.



also always possible.

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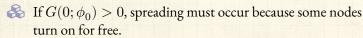
Social Contagion Models

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#### In words:



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#### Non-vanishing seed case:

& Cascade condition is more complicated for  $\phi_0 > 0$ .

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#### In words:

- A If  $G(0; \phi_0) > 0$ , spreading must occur because some nodes turn on for free.
- $\Longrightarrow$  If G has an unstable fixed point at  $\theta=0$ , then cascades are also always possible.

#### Non-vanishing seed case:

- $\ensuremath{\&}$  Cascade condition is more complicated for  $\phi_0 > 0$ .
- If G has a stable fixed point at  $\theta=0$ , and an unstable fixed point for some  $0<\theta_*<1$ , then for  $\theta_0>\theta_*$ , spreading takes off.

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#### In words:

- $\text{ If } G(0;\phi_0)>0 \text{, spreading must occur because some nodes turn on for free.}$
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- $\clubsuit$  Tricky point: G depends on  $\phi_0$ , so as we change  $\phi_0$ , we also change G.

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#### In words:

- $\text{ If } G(0;\phi_0)>0 \text{, spreading must occur because some nodes turn on for free.}$
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- Tricky point: G depends on  $\phi_0$ , so as we change  $\phi_0$ , we also change G.
- A version of a critical mass model again.

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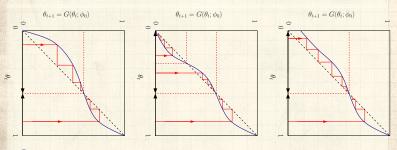
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Given  $\theta_0(=\phi_0)$ ,  $\theta_\infty$  will be the nearest stable fixed point, either above or below.

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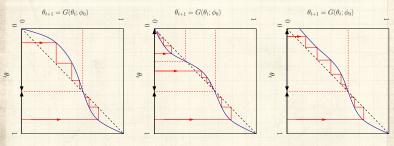
Background

Granovetter's mod

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- Given  $\theta_0(=\phi_0)$ ,  $\theta_\infty$  will be the nearest stable fixed point, either above or below.
- n.b., adjacent fixed points must have opposite stability types.

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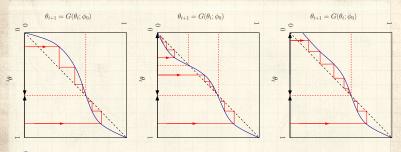
Granovetter's mod-Network version

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- Given  $\theta_0(=\phi_0)$ ,  $\theta_\infty$  will be the nearest stable fixed point, either above or below.
- n.b., adjacent fixed points must have opposite stability types.
- Mark Important: Actual form of G depends on  $\phi_0$ .

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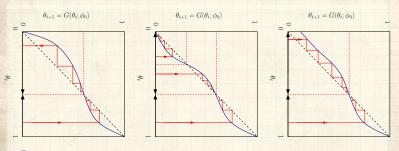
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Granovetter's mod-Network version

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- Given  $\theta_0(=\phi_0)$ ,  $\theta_\infty$  will be the nearest stable fixed point, either above or below.
- n.b., adjacent fixed points must have opposite stability types.
- Mark Important: Actual form of G depends on  $\phi_0$ .
- So choice of  $\phi_0$  dictates both G and starting point—can't start anywhere for a given G.

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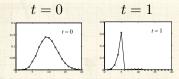
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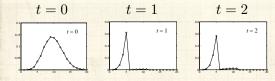
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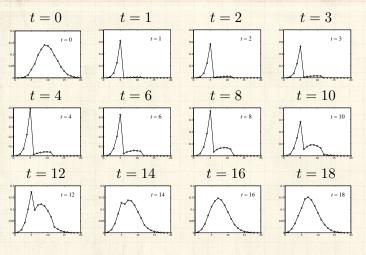
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 $P_{k,t}$  versus k

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# "Influentials, Networks, and Public Opinion Formation"

Watts and Dodds, J. Consum. Res., **34**, 441–458, 2007. [28]

- Exploration of threshold model of social contagion on various networks.
- "Influentials" are limited in power.
- Connected groups of weakly influential-vulnerable" individuals are key.
- Average individuals can have more power than well connected ones.

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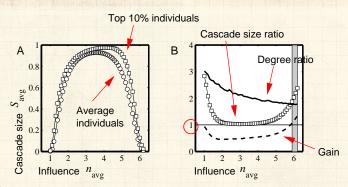
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#### The multiplier effect:



Fairly uniform levels of individual influence.

Multiplier effect is mostly below 1.

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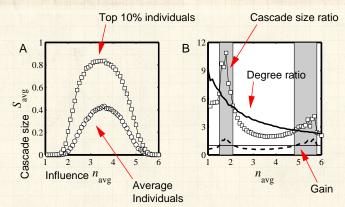
Granovetter's mod

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#### The multiplier effect:



Skewed influence distribution example.

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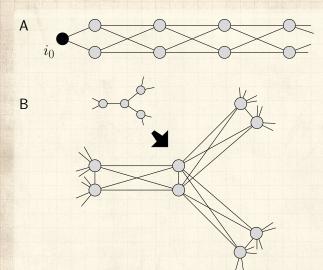
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# Special subnetworks can act as triggers



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# The power of groups...



"A few harmless flakes working together can unleash an avalanche of destruction." The PoCSverse Social Contagion 90 of 110

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recreation





"Threshold Models of Social Influence" Watts and Dodds,
The Oxford Handbook of Analytical Sociology, **34**,
475–497, 2009. [29]



Assumption of sparse interactions is good

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"Threshold Models of Social Influence" Watts and Dodds, The Oxford Handbook of Analytical Sociology, 34, 475-497, 2009. [29]



Assumption of sparse interactions is good



Degree distribution is (generally) key to a network's function

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Assumption of sparse interactions is good



Degree distribution is (generally) key to a network's function

Still, random networks don't represent all networks

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"Threshold Models of Social Influence"
Watts and Dodds,
The Oxford Handbook of Analytical Sociology, 34,

Assumption of sparse interactions is good

💫 Degree distribution is (generally) key to a network's function

Still, random networks don't represent all networks

Major element missing: group structure

475-497, 2009. [29]

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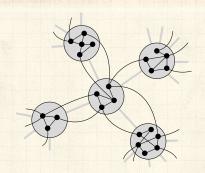
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# Group structure—Ramified random networks



p = intergroup connection probability q = intragroup connection probability.

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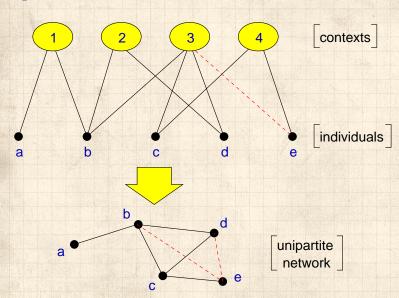
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#### Bipartite networks



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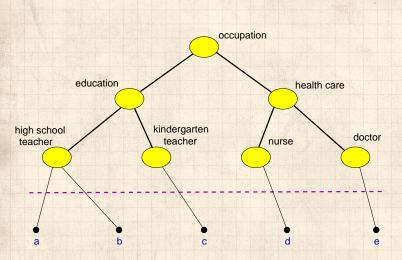
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#### Context distance



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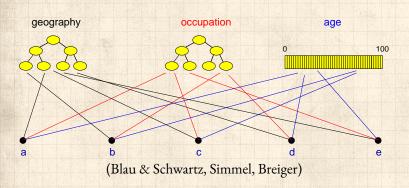
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#### Generalized affiliation model



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# Generalized affiliation model networks with triadic closure



Connect nodes with probability  $\propto e^{-\alpha d}$  where  $\alpha$  = homophily parameter and d = distance between nodes (height of lowest common ancestor)

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# Generalized affiliation model networks with triadic closure

Connect nodes with probability  $\propto e^{-\alpha d}$ where  $\alpha$  = homophily parameter and d = distance between nodes (height of lowest commonancestor)



 $\underset{\tau_1}{\Leftrightarrow} \tau_1$  = intergroup probability of friend-of-friend connection

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# Generalized affiliation model networks with triadic closure



Connect nodes with probability  $\propto e^{-\alpha d}$ where  $\alpha$  = homophily parameter and

d = distance between nodes (height of lowest commonancestor)



 $\underset{\leftarrow}{\&}$   $\tau_1$  = intergroup probability of friend-of-friend connection



 $\underset{\sim}{\&}$   $\tau_2$  = intragroup probability of friend-of-friend connection

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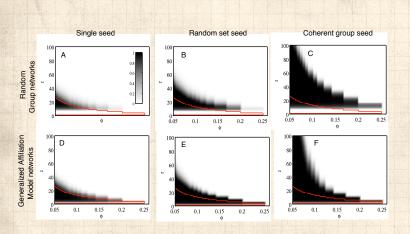
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# Cascade windows for group-based networks



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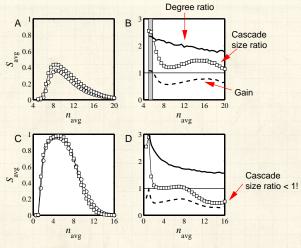
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# Multiplier effect for group-based networks:



Multiplier almost always below 1.

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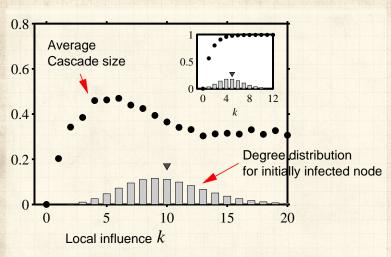
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# Assortativity in group-based networks



The most connected nodes aren't always the most 'influential.'

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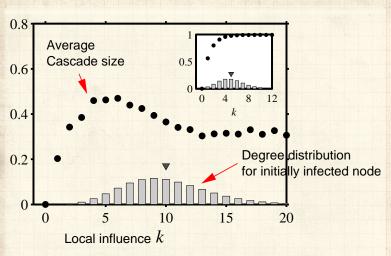
Network version

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# Assortativity in group-based networks



The most connected nodes aren't always the most 'influential.'



Degree assortativity is the reason.

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"Without followers, evil cannot spread." -Leonard Nimoy

#### Summary



influential vulnerables' are key to spread.

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"Without followers, evil cannot spread." -Leonard Nimoy

## Summary



'Influential vulnerables' are key to spread.



Early adopters are mostly vulnerables.

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"Without followers, evil cannot spread." -Leonard Nimoy

## Summary



'Influential vulnerables' are key to spread.



Early adopters are mostly vulnerables.



Vulnerable nodes important but not necessary.

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(Influential vulnerables' are key to spread.



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Vulnerable nodes important but not necessary.



Groups may greatly facilitate spread.

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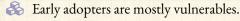


"Without followers, evil cannot spread." -Leonard Nimoy

#### Summary



🍪 'Influential vulnerables' are key to spread.



Nulnerable nodes important but not necessary.

Groups may greatly facilitate spread.

Seems that cascade condition is a global one.

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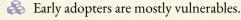


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Most extreme/unexpected cascades occur in highly connected networks

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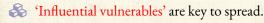
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Groups



"Without followers, evil cannot spread." -Leonard Nimoy

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Early adopters are mostly vulnerables.

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Most extreme/unexpected cascades occur in highly connected networks

'Influentials' are posterior constructs.

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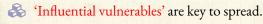
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Groups



"Without followers, evil cannot spread." -Leonard Nimoy

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Early adopters are mostly vulnerables.

Nulnerable nodes important but not necessary.

Groups may greatly facilitate spread.

Seems that cascade condition is a global one.

Most extreme/unexpected cascades occur in highly connected networks

influentials' are posterior constructs.

Many potential influentials exist.

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## **Implications**



Focus on the influential vulnerables.

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#### **Implications**

Focus on the influential vulnerables.



Create entities that can be transmitted successfully through many individuals rather than broadcast from one 'influential.'

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#### **Implications**



Focus on the influential vulnerables.



Create entities that can be transmitted successfully through many individuals rather than broadcast from one 'influential.'



Only simple ideas can spread by word-of-mouth. (Idea of opinion leaders spreads well...)

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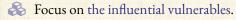
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#### **Implications**



Create entities that can be transmitted successfully through many individuals rather than broadcast from one 'influential.'

Only simple ideas can spread by word-of-mouth. (Idea of opinion leaders spreads well...)

Want enough individuals who will adopt and display.

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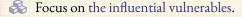
Network version

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#### **Implications**



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Want enough individuals who will adopt and display.

Displaying can be passive = free (fashion), or active = harder to achieve (political messages; even so: buttons and hats).

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#### **Implications**

- Focus on the influential vulnerables.
- Create entities that can be transmitted successfully through many individuals rather than broadcast from one 'influential.'
- Only simple ideas can spread by word-of-mouth.

  (Idea of opinion leaders spreads well...)
- Want enough individuals who will adopt and display.
- Displaying can be passive = free (fashion), or active = harder to achieve (political messages; even so: buttons and hats).
- Entities can be novel or designed to combine with others, e.g. block another one.

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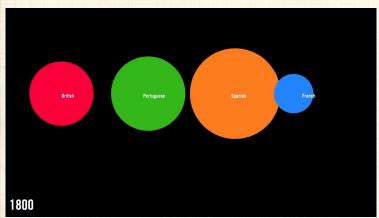
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# How empires have fallen apart:



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