Fundamentals

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Principles of Complex Systems, Vols. 1 & 2 CSYS/MATH 300 and 303, 2021–2022 |@pocsvox

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Computational Story Lab | Vermont Complex Systems Center Vermont Advanced Computing Core | University of Vermont



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The PoCSverse Fundamentals 1 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence

Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell



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Data

Measurement

Emergence

Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell



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The PoCSverse Fundamentals 3 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence

Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell



Outline Data Measurement Emergence Self-Organization Modeling Statistical Mechanics Nutshell References

The PoCSverse Fundamentals 4 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence

Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell



The Boggoracle Speaks:

The PoCSverse Fundamentals 5 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence

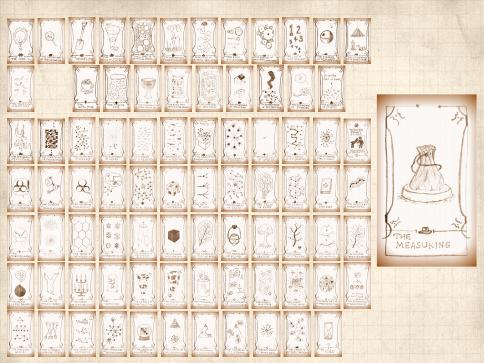
Self-Organization

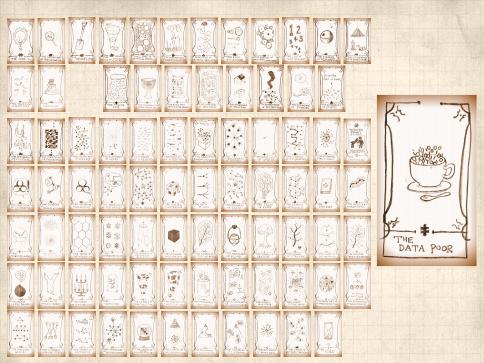
Modeling

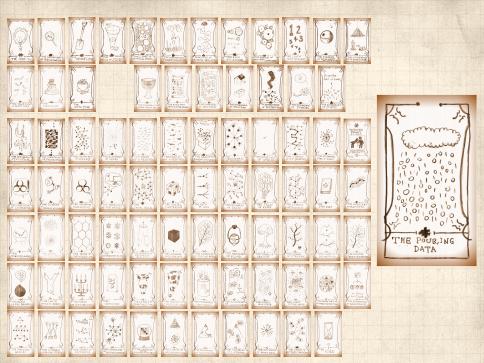
Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell









Data, Data, Everywhere—the Economist, Feb 25, 2010



Exponential growth: \sim 60% per year.

Big Data Science:

- 2013: year traffic on Internet estimate to reach 2/3 Zettabytes (1ZB = 10³EB = 10⁶PB = 10⁹TB)
- Large Hadron Collider: 40 TB/second.
- 2016—Large Synoptic Survey Telescope: 140 TB every 5 days.
- Facebook: ~ 250 billion photos (mid 2013)
 Twitter: ~ 500 billion
 - Twitter: \sim 500 billion tweets (mid 2013)

The PoCSverse Fundamentals 9 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence

Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell



No really, that's a lot of data

Data inflation

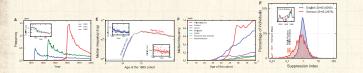
Unit	Size	What it means
Bit (b)	1 or 0	Short for "binary digit", after the binary code (1 or 0) computers use to store and process data
Byte (B)	8 bits	Enough information to create an English letter or number in computer code. It is the basic unit of computing
Kilobyte (KB)	1,000, or 2 ¹⁰ , bytes	From "thousand" in Greek. One page of typed text is 2KB
Megabyte (MB)	1,000KB; 2 ²⁰ bytes	From "large" in Greek. The complete works of Shakespeare total 5MB. A typical pop song is about 4MB
Gigabyte (GB)	1,000MB; 2 ³⁰ bytes	From "giant" in Greek. A two-hour film can be compressed into 1-2GB
Terabyte (TB)	1,000GB; 2 ⁴⁰ bytes	From "monster" in Greek. All the catalogued books in America's Library of Congress total 15TB
Petabyte (PB)	1,000TB; 2 ⁵⁰ bytes	All letters delivered by America's postal service this year will amount to around 5PB. Google processes around 1PB every hour
Exabyte (EB)	1,000PB; 2 ⁶⁰ bytes	Equivalent to 10 billion copies of The Economist
Zettabyte (ZB)	1,000EB; 2 ⁷⁰ bytes	The total amount of information in existence this year is forecast to be around 1.2ZB
Yottabyte (YB)	1,000ZB; 2 ⁸⁰ bytes	Currently too big to imagine
	The prefixes are set	by an intergovernmental group, the International Bureau of Weights and Measures.

Source: The Economist

prefixes are set by an intergovernmental group, the International Bureau of Weights and Measures. Yotta and Zetta were added in 1991; terms for larger amounts have yet to be established.

Big Data—Culturomics:

"Quantitative analysis of culture using millions of digitized books" by Michel et al., Science, 2011^[9]



http://www.culturomics.org/ and Google Books ngram viewer The PoCSverse Fundamentals 11 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence

Self-Organization

Modeling

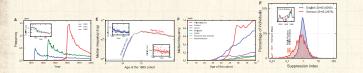
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Nutshell



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http://www.culturomics.org/ and Google Books ngram viewer

Barney Rubble:

0 PLOS	
	Strong Limits to Information of Social Cultural and Limpinite Destation
	mean .
	Number of Statements of Statements of Statements of Statements

"Characterizing the Google Books corpus: Strong limits to inferences of socio-cultural and linguistic evolution" Pechenick, Danforth, and Dodds, PLoS ONE, **10**, e0137041, 2015.^[10] The PoCSverse Fundamentals 11 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence

Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell



Lord Kelvin (possibly): & "To measure is to know."



Data

Measurement

Emergence

Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell



Lord Kelvin (possibly):
"To measure is to know."
"If you cannot measure it, you cannot improve it."

The PoCSverse Fundamentals 12 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence

Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell



Lord Kelvin (possibly):
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Bonus:

The PoCSverse Fundamentals 12 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence

Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell



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Bonus:

The PoCSverse Fundamentals 12 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence

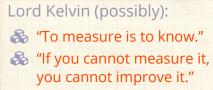
Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell





Bonus: "X-rays will prove to be a hoax." The PoCSverse Fundamentals 12 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence

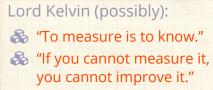
Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell





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Data

Measurement

Emergence

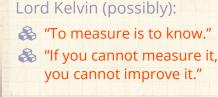
Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell





Bonus:

"X-rays will prove to be a hoax."

"There is nothing new to be discovered in physics now, All that remains is more and more precise measurement." The PoCSverse Fundamentals 12 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence

Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell



A brief history of measuring time:

- 🚳 Megaliths for Big Time
- 🚳 Sundials, 1500 BC, Egypt (solid for over 2000 years)
- Escapements (200s), Hourglasses (1300s?), AA. Pendulum clocks (Galileo, 1500s)
 - Chronometers, 1700s:



"Longitude: The True Story of a Lone Genius Who Solved the Greatest Scientific Problem of His Time" a C by Dava Sobel (2007). [16]



🚳 Billionths of a second accuracy: Atomic clocks (Lord Kelvin, 1879)

The PoCSverse **Fundamentals** 13 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence

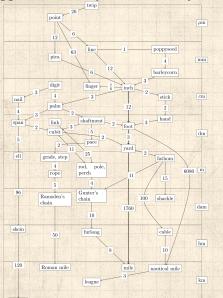
Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell

Our struggle to sensibly measure anything at all:



The PoCSverse Fundamentals 14 of 76 Data Measurement Emergence Self-Organization Modeling Statistical Mechanics Nutshell References



By 42CrMo4, Christoph Päper – English length units graph (PNG), CC BY-SA 4.0 https://commons.wikimedia.org/w/index.php?curid=61338012C From https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Barleycorn_(unit)C

spindle

Measuring temperature was thought impossible:

The properties measured by our instruments usually begin as subjective judgments. Temperature is a good example. People were aware of variations in temperature long before there were any objective measurements of temperature. Judgments of temperature are imperfectly correlated among different persons, or even the same person at different times, depending on the humidity, the person's activity level and age, surrounding air currents, and so on. The idea that anything as subtle and complex as all the manifestations of changes in temperature could be measured and quantified on a single numerical scale was scoffed at as impossible, even by the leading philosophers of the sixteenth century.

The first thermometer invented by Galileo in 1592 did not go far in dispelling the notion that temperature was inherently unmeasurable, because the earliest thermometers, for about their first hundred years, were so imperfect as to make it possible for those who wished to do so to argue that no one could ever succeed in measuring temperature. Temperature was then confounded with all the subtleties of subjective judgment, which easily seem incompatible with a single numerical scale of measurement. How could the height of a column of mercury in a glass tube possibly reflect the rich varieties of temperature—damp cold, dank cold, frosty cold, crisp cold, humid heat, searing heat, scalding heat, dry heat, feverish heat, prickly heat, and so on?

From "Bias in Mental Testing", Arthur Jensen, 1980^[8] per @Silver/Vulpes 7: Also: Inventing Temperature, Hasok Chang, 2004^[3]

The PoCSverse **Fundamentals** 15 of 76 Data Measurement Emergence Self-Organization Modeling Statistical Mechanics Nutshell References

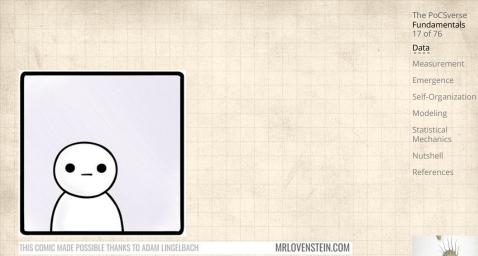
Measuring temperature was thought impossible:

The early thermometers were inconsistent, both with themselves and with each other. Because they consisted of open-ended glass tubes, they were sensitive to changes in barometric pressure as well as to temperature. And there were problems of calibration, such as where to locate the zero point and how to divide the column of mercury into units. It was believed, incorrectly, that all caves had the same temperature, so thermometers were calibrated in caves. The freezing and boiling points of water were also used in calibration, but, as these vary with impurities in the water and the barometric pressure, the calibration of different thermometers at different times and places resulted in thermometers that failed to correlate perfectly with one another in any given instance. They lacked reliability, as we now would say.

All the while, no one knew what temperature is in a theoretical or scientific sense. There was no theory of thermodynamics that could explain temperature phenomena and provide a complete scientific rationale for the construction and calibration of thermometers. Yet quite adequate and accurate thermometers, hardly differing from those we use today, were eventually developed by the middle of the eighteenth century. Thus the objective measurement of temperature considerably preceded the development of an adequate theory of temperature and heat, and necessarily so, as the science of thermodynamics could not possibly have developed without first having been able to quantify or measure the temperatures of liquids, gasses, and other substances independently of

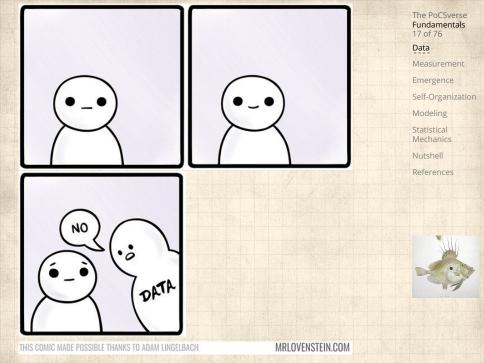
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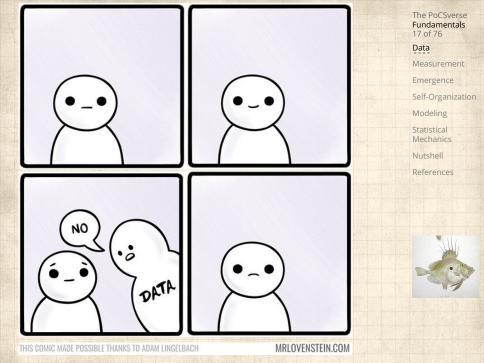
The PoCSverse **Fundamentals** 16 of 76 Data Measurement Emergence Self-Organization Modeling Statistical Mechanics Nutshell References











Data Angry. Data Smash.

The PoCSverse Fundamentals 18 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence

Self-Organization

Modeling

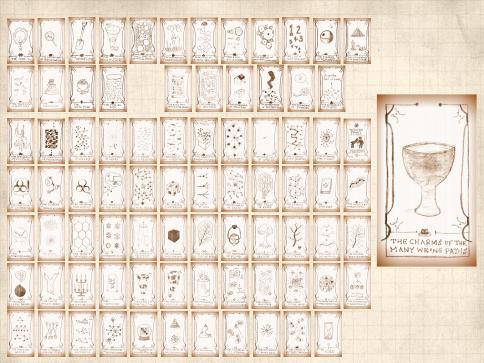
Statistical Mechanics

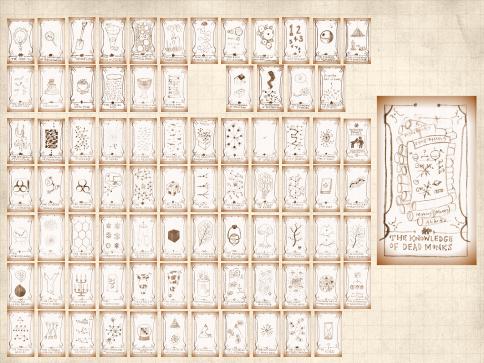
Nutshell

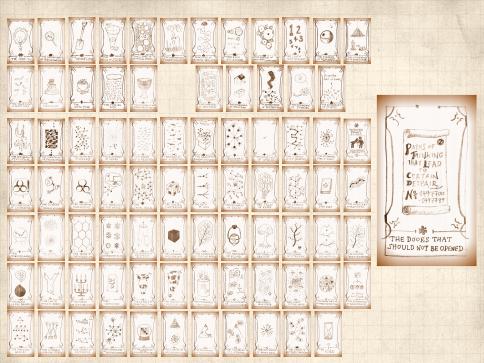
References



http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=4248OpqEAbg?rel=0



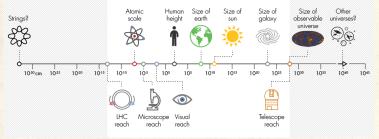




Limits of testability and happiness in Science: From A Fight for the soul of Science T in Quanta Magazine (2016/02):

The Ends of Evidence

Humans can probe the universe over a vast range of scales (white area), but many modern physics theories involve scales outside of this range (grey).



The PoCSverse Fundamentals 22 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence

Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell

The Newness of being a Scientist (1833 on):

Google books Ngram Viewer



🚳 Etymology here 🗹.



The PoCSverse

Fundamentals



The Newness of being a Scientist (1833 on):

Google books Ngram Viewer



\lambda Etymology here 🗹.

Scientists are the people who ask a question about a phenomenon and proceed to systematically go about answering the question themselves. They are by nature curious, creative and well organized." References

The PoCSverse

Fundamentals 23 of 76

Measurement

Emergence Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell

Data

Please do not measure complex systems with one number:



The PoCSverse Fundamentals 24 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence

Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell

References

This is real C — someone having some fun.
 Obtained from this tweet. C
 Sadness for Buckingham (if Buckingham has no sense of humor).

The conceptual trapping pit of a single scale: Lure of simplicity: Comparisons and rankings are easy.

The PoCSverse Fundamentals 25 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence

Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell



- Lure of simplicity: Comparisons and rankings are easy.
- A single scale measure is very appealing, very hard to resist ...

The PoCSverse Fundamentals 25 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence

Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell



- Lure of simplicity: Comparisons and rankings are easy.
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The PoCSverse Fundamentals 25 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence

Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell



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🚳 Examples:

The PoCSverse **Fundamentals** 25 of 76

Measurement

Emergence

Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell



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- \lambda Examples:

Grade point average (GPA)

The PoCSverse Fundamentals 25 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence

Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell



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- \lambda Examples:
 - Grade point average (GPA)
 - College rankings, City rankings, Country rankings, Wine scores, Michelin Guide , Yelp scores, Amazon ratings , ...

The PoCSverse Fundamentals 25 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence

Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell



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 Body Mass Index (BMI)

The PoCSverse Fundamentals 25 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence

Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell



Lure of simplicity: Comparisons and rankings are easy.

The PoCSverse

Fundamentals 25 of 76

Measurement Emergence

Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell

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 Body Mass Index (BMI)
 - Intelligence Quotient (IQ)¹

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 - College rankings, City rankings, Country rankings, Wine scores, Michelin Guide , Yelp scores, Amazon ratings , ...
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 - Intelligence Quotient (IQ)¹
 - Effective temperature

The PoCSverse Fundamentals 25 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence

Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell



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 - Price for all things: One dimension of belief

The PoCSverse Fundamentals 25 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence

Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell



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 - Salary!

The PoCSverse Fundamentals 25 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence

Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell



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 - stock market valuation for corporations

The PoCSverse Fundamentals 25 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence

Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell



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 - Complexity of civilizations [17]

The PoCSverse Fundamentals 25 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence

Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell



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 - Complexity of civilizations^[17]
 - A 1-d axis for political ideologies (a spatial metaphor trap, thanks France! ⁽²⁾)

The PoCSverse Fundamentals 25 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence

Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell



Personality distributions:



"A Theory of the Emergence, Persistence, and Expression of Geographic Variation in Psychological Characteristics" Rentfrow, Gosling, and Potter, Perspectives on Psychological Science, **3**, 339–369, 2008. ^[11]

Five Factor Model (FFM):
Extraversion [E]
Agreeableness [A]
Conscientiousness [C]
Neuroticism [N]
Openness [O]

"...a robust and widely accepted framework for conceptualizing the structure of personality... Although the FFM is not universally accepted in the field..."^[11] The PoCSverse Fundamentals 26 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence

Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell



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Data

Measurement

Emergence

Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell



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Data

Measurement

Emergence

Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell







The PoCSverse Fundamentals 27 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence

Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell

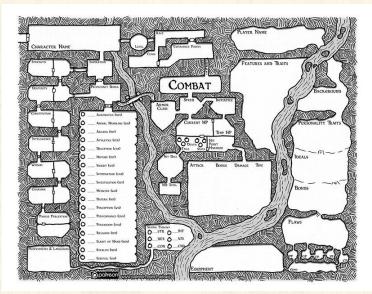








Dungeons & Dragons' full embrace of complexity:



The PoCSverse Fundamentals 28 of 76

Measurement Emergence

Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell

References

From here C.

Dungeons & Dragons—Two alignment axes for character:



Lawful GOOC Kind people are always kind, not just when it's easy.



neutral good Some things are more connected than others, like tarantulas and me peeing my pants.





Lawful EVIL Call me Craig, and call blackmail a day at the mall with Craig.



neutral evil I only entered this to get back at Vicki for not lending me a pencil.



Chaotic Good If loving worms is stupid I don't wanna be smart!



TPHE DELITPA

I don't believe in dibs, or love at first sight,

or love, or best friends, or doing things,

Chaotic neutral We're at the mercy of each other and ourselves.



Chaotic evil I'm gonna deep fry your dog and eat your momma's face! Law–Chaos (vertical) and Good–Evil (horizontal). The PoCSverse Fundamentals 29 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence

Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell

References



²From this Reddit thread **C**, where, naturally, the choices are enthusiastically debated.

Please just don't do it:

The PoCSverse Fundamentals 30 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence

Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell



Dopeness, etc.:

The PoCSverse Fundamentals 31 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence

Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell



The Boggoracle Speaks:

The PoCSverse Fundamentals 32 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence

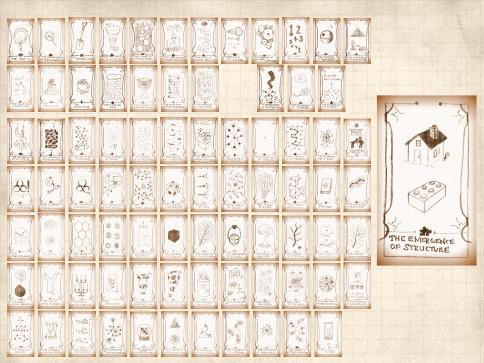
Self-Organization

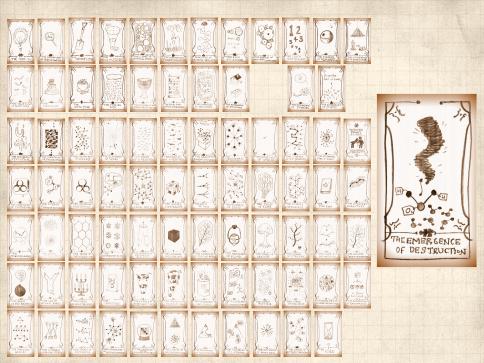
Modeling

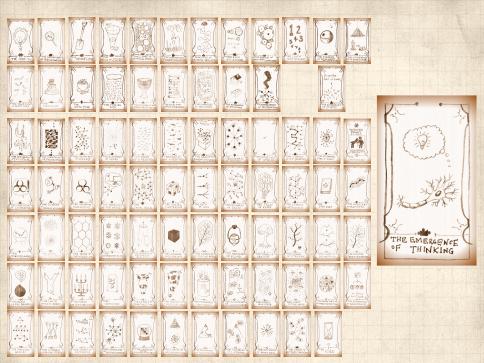
Statistical Mechanics

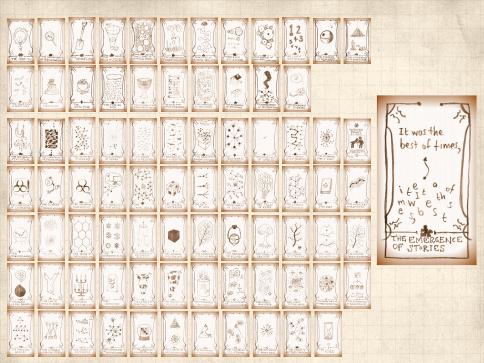
Nutshell











The Wikipedia on Emergence (2006):

"In philosophy, systems theory and the sciences, emergence refers to the way complex systems and patterns arise out of a multiplicity of relatively simple interactions.



The PoCSverse Fundamentals 37 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell



The Wikipedia on Emergence (2006):

"In philosophy, systems theory and the sciences, emergence refers to the way complex systems and patterns arise out of a multiplicity of relatively simple interactions. ... emergence is central to the physics of complex systems and yet very controversial."



The PoCSverse Fundamentals 37 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell



The Wikipedia on Emergence (2006):

"In philosophy, systems theory and the sciences, emergence refers to the way complex systems and patterns arise out of a multiplicity of relatively simple interactions. ... emergence is central to the physics of complex systems and yet very controversial."

Wikipedia, 2016:

In philosophy, systems theory, science, and art, emergence is a process whereby larger entities arise through interactions among smaller or simpler entities such that the larger entities exhibit properties the smaller/simpler entities do not exhibit.



The PoCSverse Fundamentals 37 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell



The Wikipedia on Emergence (2006):

"In philosophy, systems theory and the sciences, emergence refers to the way complex systems and patterns arise out of a multiplicity of relatively simple interactions. ... emergence is central to the physics of complex systems and yet very controversial."

Wikipedia, 2016:

In philosophy, systems theory, science, and art, emergence is a process whereby larger entities arise through interactions among smaller or simpler entities such that the larger entities exhibit properties the smaller/simpler entities do not exhibit.

The philosopher G. H. Lewes first used the word explicity in 1875.



The PoCSverse Fundamentals 37 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell



Fireflies \Rightarrow Synchronized Flashes:

The PoCSverse Fundamentals 38 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence

Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell

References



Film: Sir David Attenborough, BBC. Voiceover: Steve Strogatz on Radiolab's Emergence, S1E3 .

Tornadoes, financial collapses, human emotion aren't found in water molecules, dollar bills, or carbon atoms.

The PoCSverse Fundamentals 39 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence

Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell



Tornadoes, financial collapses, human emotion aren't found in water molecules, dollar bills, or carbon atoms.

Examples:

- Solution Fundamental particles \Rightarrow Life, the Universe, and Everything
- Senes ⇒ Organisms
- \clubsuit Neurons etc. \Rightarrow Brain \Rightarrow Thoughts
- \mathfrak{F} People \Rightarrow Religion, Collective behaviour
- \clubsuit People \Rightarrow The Web
- \mathfrak{B} People \Rightarrow Language, and rules of language
- \mathfrak{R} ? \Rightarrow time; ? \Rightarrow gravity; ? \Rightarrow reality.

The PoCSverse Fundamentals 39 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell



Tornadoes, financial collapses, human emotion aren't found in water molecules, dollar bills, or carbon atoms.

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"The whole is more than the sum of its parts" -Aristotle

The PoCSverse Fundamentals 39 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell



Friedrich Hayek 🕜 (Economist/Philospher/Nobelist):

Markets, legal systems, political systems are emergent and not designed. The PoCSverse Fundamentals 40 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence

Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell



Friedrich Hayek 🕜 (Economist/Philospher/Nobelist):

- Markets, legal systems, political systems are emergent and not designed.
- Taxis' = made order (by God, Sovereign, Government, ...)

The PoCSverse Fundamentals 40 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence

Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell



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The PoCSverse Fundamentals 40 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

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- Archetypal limits of hierarchical and decentralized structures.

The PoCSverse Fundamentals 40 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell



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- lierarchies arise once problems are solved. [5]

The PoCSverse Fundamentals 40 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell



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The PoCSverse Fundamentals 40 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell



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- lierarchies arise once problems are solved.^[5]
- Decentralized structures help solve problems.
- 🚳 Dewey Decimal System versus tagging.

The PoCSverse Fundamentals 40 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence Self-Organization

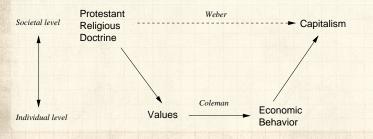
Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell



James Coleman C in Foundations of Social Theory:



The PoCSverse Fundamentals 41 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence

Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

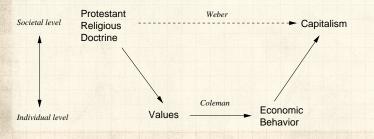
Nutshell

References

Understand macrophenomena arises from microbehavior which in turn depends on macrophenomena.^[4]



James Coleman C in Foundations of Social Theory:



The PoCSverse Fundamentals 41 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence

Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell

References

Understand macrophenomena arises from microbehavior which in turn depends on macrophenomena.^[4]

More on Coleman here 🗹.



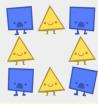
Thomas Schelling C (Economist/Nobelist):



"Micromotives and Macrobehavior"^[14]

- Segregation^[12, 15]
- Wearing hockey helmets ^[13]
 - Seating choices

Vi Hart and Nicky Case's Polygonthemed visualization C:



The PoCSverse Fundamentals 42 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell



The emergence of taste:



3 Molecules \Rightarrow Ingredients \Rightarrow Taste 🚳 See Michael Pollan's article on nutritionism 🗹 in the New York Times, January 28, 2007.



nvtimes.com

The PoCSverse **Fundamentals** 43 of 76

Measurement

Emergence Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell



Reductionism and food:

The PoCSverse Fundamentals 44 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence

Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell



Reductionism and food:

Pollan: "even the simplest food is a hopelessly complex thing to study, a virtual wilderness of chemical compounds, many of which exist in complex and dynamic relation to one another..." The PoCSverse Fundamentals 44 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence

Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell



Reductionism and food:

Pollan: "even the simplest food is a hopelessly complex thing to study, a virtual wilderness of chemical compounds, many of which exist in complex and dynamic relation to one another..."

So ... break the thing down into its component parts and study those one by one, even if that means ignoring complex interactions and contexts, as well as the fact that the whole may be more than, or just different from, the sum of its parts. This is what we mean by reductionist science." The PoCSverse Fundamentals 44 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence

Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell



"people don't eat nutrients, they eat foods, and foods can behave very differently than the nutrients they contain." The PoCSverse Fundamentals 45 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell



"people don't eat nutrients, they eat foods, and foods can behave very differently than the nutrients they contain."

Studies suggest diets high in fruits and vegetables help prevent cancer. The PoCSverse Fundamentals 45 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell



"people don't eat nutrients, they eat foods, and foods can behave very differently than the nutrients they contain."

- Studies suggest diets high in fruits and vegetables help prevent cancer.
- So... find the nutrients responsible and eat more of them

The PoCSverse Fundamentals 45 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell



- "people don't eat nutrients, they eat foods, and foods can behave very differently than the nutrients they contain."
- Studies suggest diets high in fruits and vegetables help prevent cancer.
- So... find the nutrients responsible and eat more of them
- But "in the case of beta carotene ingested as a supplement, scientists have discovered that it actually increases the risk of certain cancers. Oops."

The PoCSverse Fundamentals 45 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell



Thyme's known antioxidants:

4-Terpineol, alanine, anethole, apigenin, ascorbic acid, beta carotene, caffeic acid, camphene, carvacrol, chlorogenic acid, chrysoeriol, eriodictyol, eugenol, ferulic acid, gallic acid, gamma-terpinene isochlorogenic acid, isoeugenol, isothymonin, kaempferol, labiatic acid, lauric acid, linalyl acetate, luteolin, methionine, myrcene, myristic acid, naringenin, oleanolic acid, p-coumoric acid, p-hydroxy-benzoic acid, palmitic acid, rosmarinic acid, selenium, tannin, thymol, tryptophan, ursolic acid, vanillic acid.



[cnn.com]

The PoCSverse Fundamentals 46 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell



"It would be great to know how this all works, but in the meantime we can enjoy thyme in the knowledge that it probably doesn't do any harm (since people have been eating it forever) and that it may actually do some good (since people have been eating it forever) and that even if it does nothing, we like the way it tastes." The PoCSverse Fundamentals 47 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell



"It would be great to know how this all works, but in the meantime we can enjoy thyme in the knowledge that it probably doesn't do any harm (since people have been eating it forever) and that it may actually do some good (since people have been eating it forever) and that even if it does nothing, we like the way it tastes."

Gulf between theory and practice (see baseball and bumblebees).

The PoCSverse Fundamentals 47 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell



This is a Collateralized Debt Obligation:

Sel C

The PoCSverse Fundamentals 48 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence

Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell



line Universe is made of stories, not of atoms."



The PoCSverse Fundamentals 49 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence

Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell

References

From "The Speed of Darkness" (1968) by Muriel Rukeyser



🚳 "The Universe is made of stories, not of atoms."



The PoCSverse Fundamentals 49 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence

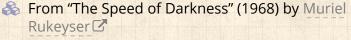
Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell

References



Quoted by Metatron in Supernatural, Meta Fiction, S9E18.



(Sir Terry) Pratchett's 🖸 Narrativium 🖸:



Data

Measurement

Emergence

Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell





(Sir Terry) Pratchett's 🖸 Narrativium 🗗:



"The most common element on the disc, although not included in the list of the standard five: earth, fire, air, water and surprise. It ensures that everything runs properly as a story." The PoCSverse Fundamentals 50 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell



(Sir Terry) Pratchett's 🖸 Narrativium 🗗:



"The most common element on the disc, although not included in the list of the standard five: earth, fire, air, water and surprise. It ensures that everything runs properly as a story."

*A little narrativium goes a long way: the simpler the story, the better you understand it. Storytelling is the opposite of reductionism: 26 letters and some rules of grammar are no story at all." The PoCSverse Fundamentals 50 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence

Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell



Many system scales (or levels) that interact with each other. The PoCSverse Fundamentals 51 of 76

Measurement

Emergence

Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell



- Many system scales (or levels) that interact with each other.
- Potentially much harder to explain/understand.



Measurement

Emergence

Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell



- Many system scales (or levels) that interact with each other.
- Potentially much harder to explain/understand.

Even mathematics: [6]

...



Gödel's Theorem **C**: we can't prove every theorem that's true



"Gödel, Escher, Bach"^[7]

The PoCSverse Fundamentals 51 of 76 Data

Measurement

Emergence Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell



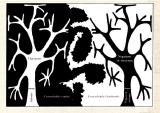
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"Gödel, Escher, Bach"^[7]

The PoCSverse Fundamentals 51 of 76 Data

Measurement

Emergence

Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell

References



Suggests a strong form of emergence:

- Many system scales (or levels) that interact with each other.
- Potentially much harder to explain/understand.

Even mathematics: [6]

...



Gödel's Theorem **C**: we can't prove every theorem that's true



"Gödel, Escher, Bach"^[7]

The PoCSverse Fundamentals 51 of 76 Data

Measurement

Emergence Self-Organization

eit-Organizatioi

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell

References



Suggests a strong form of emergence: Some phenomena cannot be analytically deduced from elementary aspects of a system.

Roughly speaking, there are two types of emergence:

The PoCSverse Fundamentals 52 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence

Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell



Roughly speaking, there are two types of emergence:

I. Weak emergence:

System-level phenomena is different from that of its constituent parts yet can be connected theoretically.

The PoCSverse Fundamentals 52 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence

Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell



Roughly speaking, there are two types of emergence:

I. Weak emergence:

System-level phenomena is different from that of its constituent parts yet can be connected theoretically.

II. Strong emergence:

System-level phenomena fundamentally cannot be deduced from how parts interact.

The PoCSverse Fundamentals 52 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence Self-Organization

en organizatio

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell



Reductionist techniques can explain weak emergence.

The PoCSverse Fundamentals 53 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence

Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell



Reductionist techniques can explain weak emergence.

Magic explains strong emergence.^[2]

The PoCSverse Fundamentals 53 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence

Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell



- Reductionist techniques can explain weak emergence.
- Magic explains strong emergence.^[2]
- But: maybe magic should be interpreted as an inscrutable yet real mechanism that cannot ever be simply described.

The PoCSverse Fundamentals 53 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence Self-Organization

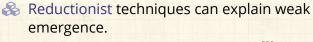
Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell



Emergence:



- line strong emergence. [2]
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The PoCSverse Fundamentals 53 of 76

Data

Measurement

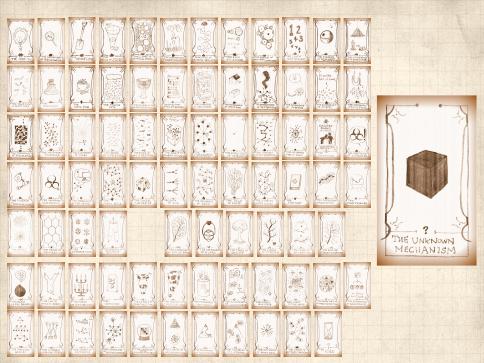
Emergence Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell





Limits of Science | Radiolab



Listen to Steve Strogatz, Hod Lipson, and Michael Schmidt (Cornell) in the last piece (11:16) on Radiolab's show 'Limits' (April 5, 2010).



(El Bibliomata/flickr)

Dr. Steve Strogatz wonders if we've reached the limits of human scientific understanding, and should soon turn the reins of research over to robots. Cold, calculating robots. Then, Dr. Hod Lipson and Michael Schmidt walk us through the workings of a revolutionary computer program that they developed--a program that can deduce mathematical relationships in nature, through simple observation. The catch? As Dr. Gurol Suel explains, the program gives answers to complex biological questions that we humans have yet to ask, or even to understand.

TAGS: mind bending

Pair with some slow tv Bonus: Mike Schmidt's talk on Eureqa UVM's 2011 TEDx event "Big Data, Big Stories." The PoCSverse Fundamentals 55 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence Self-Organization

en organizati

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell



"Self-organization C is a process in which the internal organization of a system, normally an open system, increases in complexity without being guided or managed by an outside source." The PoCSverse Fundamentals 56 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence

Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell



"Self-organization C is a process in which the internal organization of a system, normally an open system, increases in complexity without being guided or managed by an outside source." (also: Self-assembly) The PoCSverse Fundamentals 56 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence

Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell



"Self-organization C is a process in which the internal organization of a system, normally an open system, increases in complexity without being guided or managed by an outside source." (also: Self-assembly)

Examples:

- Molecules/Atoms liking each other \rightarrow Gases, liquids, and solids.
- \mathfrak{S} Spin alignment \rightarrow Magnetization.
- 🚳 Protein folding.
- \mathfrak{A} Imitation o Herding, flocking, mobs, ...

The PoCSverse Fundamentals 56 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence

Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell



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Fundamental question: how likely is 'complexification'?

The PoCSverse Fundamentals 56 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence

Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell



The PoCSverse Fundamentals 57 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence

Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell



Differential equations, difference equations, linear algebra, stochastic models.

The PoCSverse Fundamentals 57 of 76 Data Measurement Emergence Self-Organization Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell



- Differential equations, difference equations, linear algebra, stochastic models.
- Statistical techniques for comparisons and descriptions.

The PoCSverse Fundamentals 57 of 76 Data Measurement Emergence Self-Organization Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell



- Differential equations, difference equations, linear algebra, stochastic models.
- Statistical techniques for comparisons and descriptions.
- Methods from statistical mechanics and computer science.

The PoCSverse Fundamentals 57 of 76 Data Measurement Emergence Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell



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- Machine learning (but beware the black box).



Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell



- Differential equations, difference equations, linear algebra, stochastic models.
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- Methods from statistical mechanics and computer science.
- 🚳 Machine learning (but beware the black box).
 - Computer modeling, everything from
 - Artisanal toy models
 - 📦 to kitchen sink models.

The PoCSverse Fundamentals 57 of 76 Data Measurement Emergence Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell



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Key advance (more soon):

Representation of complex interaction patterns as complex networks. The PoCSverse Fundamentals 57 of 76 Data Measurement Emergence Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell



- Differential equations, difference equations, linear algebra, stochastic models.
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Key advance (more soon):

- Representation of complex interaction patterns as complex networks.
- The driver: Massive amounts of Data

The PoCSverse Fundamentals 57 of 76 Data Measurement Emergence Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell



Rather silly but great example of real science:

"How Cats Lap: Water Uptake by *Felis catus*" Reis et al., *Science*, 2010.

A Study of Cat Lapping

Adult cats and dogs are unable to create suction in their mouths and must use their tongues to drink. A dog will scoop up liquid with the back of its tongue, but a cat will only touch the surface with the smooth tip of its tongue and pull a column of liquid into its mouth.







The PoCSverse Fundamentals 58 of 76 Data Measurement Emergence Self-Organization Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell

References



Source: Science

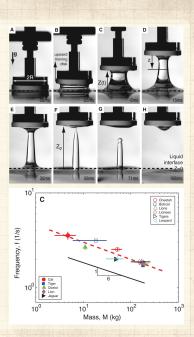
THE NEW YORK TIMES; IMAGES FROM VIDEO BY ROMAN STOCKER, SUNGHWAN JUNG, JEFFREY M. ARISTOFF AND PEDRO M. REIS

Amusing interview here

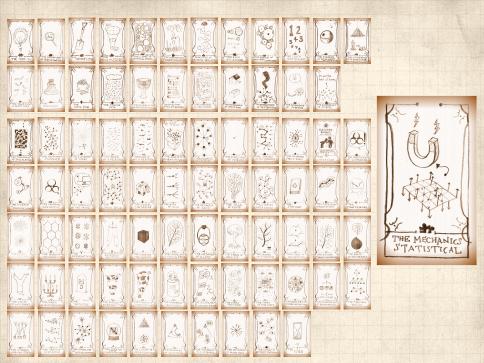
🚳 Another great, great moment in scaling:

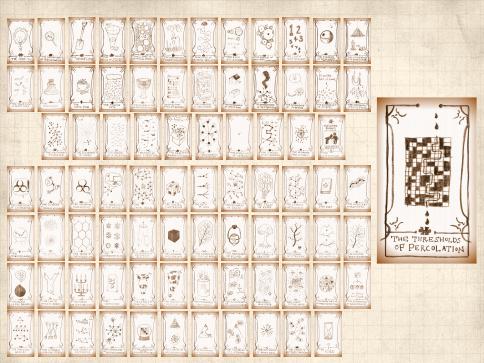
 $f \sim M^{-1/6}$

The balance of inertia and gravity yields a prediction for the lapping frequency of other felines. Assuming isometry within the Felidae family (i.e., that lapping height H scales linearly with tongue width R and animal mass M scales as R^3), the finding that Fr* is of order one translates to the prediction $f \sim R^{-1/2} \sim M^{-1/6}$. Isometry or marginally positive allomety among the Felidae has been demonstrated for skull (20, 21) and limb bones (22). Although variability by function can lead to departures from isometry in interspecific scalings (23), reported variations within the Felidae (23, 24) only minimally affect the predicted scaling $f \sim M^{-1/6}$. We tested this -1/6 power-law dependence by measuring the lapping frequency for eight species of felines, from videos acquired at the Zoo New England or available on YouTube (16). The lapping frequency was observed to decrease with animal mass as $f = 4.6 M^{-0.181 \pm 0.024}$ (f in s⁻¹, M in kg) (Fig. 4C), close to the predicted M-1/6. This close agreement suggests that the domestic cat's inertia- and gravity-controlled lapping mechanism is conserved among felines.



The PoCSverse **Fundamentals** 59 of 76 Measurement Emergence Self-Organization Modeling Statistical Mechanics Nutshell References

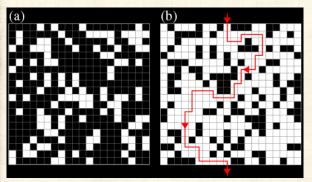




Statistical Mechanics is "a science of collective behavior."

🗞 Simple rules give rise to collective phenomena.

Percolation:



Snared from Michael Gastner's page on percolation [no longer online]

The PoCSverse Fundamentals 62 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence

Self-Organization

Modeling

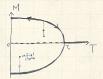
Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell









Each atom is assumed to have a local spin that can be up or down: $S_i = \pm 1$. The PoCSverse Fundamentals 63 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence

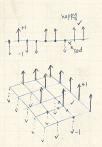
Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell







Each atom is assumed to have a local spin that can be up or down: $S_i = \pm 1$.

Spins are assumed to be arranged on a lattice. The PoCSverse Fundamentals 63 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence

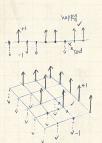
Self-Organization

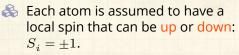
Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell







Spins are assumed to be arranged on a lattice.

In isolation, spins like to align with each other.

The PoCSverse Fundamentals 63 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence

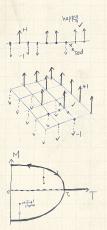
Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell





Each atom is assumed to have a local spin that can be up or down: $S_i = \pm 1$.

Spins are assumed to be arranged on a lattice.

In isolation, spins like to align with each other.

Increasing temperature breaks these alignments.

The PoCSverse Fundamentals 63 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence

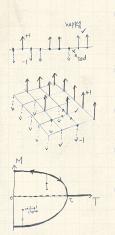
Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell





- Each atom is assumed to have a local spin that can be up or down: $S_i = \pm 1$.
- Spins are assumed to be arranged on a lattice.
- In isolation, spins like to align with each other.
- Increasing temperature breaks these alignments.

The drosophila of statistical mechanics.

The PoCSverse Fundamentals 63 of 76

Data

Measurement

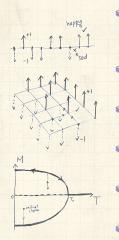
Emergence

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The PoCSverse Fundamentals 63 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence

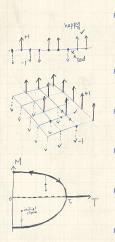
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Example 2-d Ising model simulation: https://mattbierbaum.github.io/ising.js/ The PoCSverse Fundamentals 63 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence

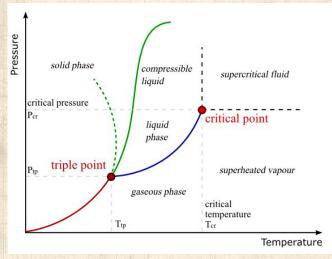
Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell

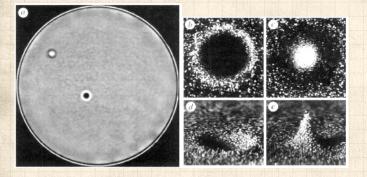




The PoCSverse **Fundamentals** 64 of 76 Measurement Emergence Self-Organization Modeling Statistical Mechanics Nutshell References

Qualitatively distinct macro states.

Oscillons, bacteria, traffic, snowflakes, ...



The PoCSverse Fundamentals 65 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence

Self-Organization

Modeling

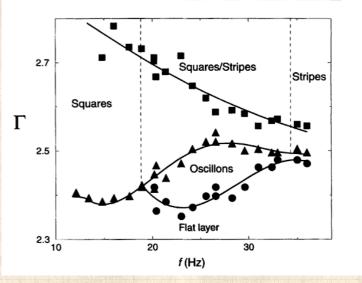
Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell

References



Umbanhowar et al., Nature, 1996^[18]



The PoCSverse Fundamentals 66 of 76

Data

Measurement

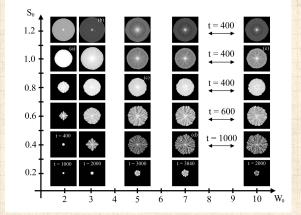
Emergence

Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell



 W_0 = initial wetness, S_0 = initial nutrient supply http://math.arizona.edu/~lega/HydroBact.html The PoCSverse Fundamentals 67 of 76 Data

Measurement

Emergence

Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell



Analytic issues:

🚳 1-d: simple (Ising & Lenz, 1925)

The PoCSverse Fundamentals 68 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence

Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell



Analytic issues:

3 1-d: simple (Ising & Lenz, 1925)
 3 2-d: hard (Onsager, 1944)

The PoCSverse Fundamentals 68 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence

Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell



Analytic issues:

3 1-d: simple (Ising & Lenz, 1925)
2-d: hard (Onsager, 1944)
3-d: extremely hard...

The PoCSverse Fundamentals 68 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence

Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell



Analytic issues:

- 1-d: simple (Ising & Lenz, 1925)
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 4 d and up: cimple
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The PoCSverse Fundamentals 68 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence

Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell



Analytic issues:

- 🗞 1-d: simple (Ising & Lenz, 1925)
- 🗞 2-d: hard (Onsager, 1944)
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- 🚳 4-d and up: simple.

See lower and upper critical dimension in statistical physics.

The PoCSverse Fundamentals 68 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence

Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell



Ising model

Analytic issues:

- 🗞 1-d: simple (Ising & Lenz, 1925)
- 🗞 2-d: hard (Onsager, 1944)
- 🚳 3-d: extremely hard...
- 🚳 4-d and up: simple.

See lower and upper critical dimension I in statistical physics.

🚳 Also: Curse and Blessing of Dimensionality 🗹

The PoCSverse Fundamentals 68 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence

Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell



Historical surprise:

Origins of Statistical Mechanics are in the studies of people... (Maxwell and co.)

The PoCSverse Fundamentals 69 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence

Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell



Historical surprise:

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The PoCSverse Fundamentals 69 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence

Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell



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The PoCSverse Fundamentals 69 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence

Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell



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Beyond Statistical Mechanics:

The PoCSverse Fundamentals 69 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence

Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell



Historical surprise:

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Beyond Statistical Mechanics:

Analytic approaches have their limits, especially in evolutionary, algorithm-rich systems.

The PoCSverse Fundamentals 69 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence

Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell



Historical surprise:

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- Now physicists are using their techniques to study everything else including people...
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Beyond Statistical Mechanics:

- Analytic approaches have their limits, especially in evolutionary, algorithm-rich systems.
- Algorithmic methods and simulation techniques will continue to rise in importance.

The PoCSverse Fundamentals 69 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence

Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell





The central concepts Complexity and Emergence are reasonably well defined.

The PoCSverse **Fundamentals** 70 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence

Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell



The central concepts Complexity and Emergence are reasonably well defined.

There is no general theory of Complex Systems.

The PoCSverse Fundamentals 70 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence

Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell

 The central concepts Complexity and Emergence are reasonably well defined.
 There is no general theory of Complex Systems.
 But the problems exist...

Complex (Adaptive) Systems abound...

The PoCSverse Fundamentals 70 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence

Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics



 The central concepts Complexity and Emergence are reasonably well defined.
 There is no general theory of Complex Systems.
 But the problems exist... Complex (Adaptive) Systems abound...
 And the observation of Universality of dynamical systems, statistical mechanics, and other quantitative areas means not everything is special and different. The PoCSverse Fundamentals 70 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence

Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

- The central concepts Complexity and Emergence are reasonably well defined.
- There is no general theory of Complex Systems.
- 🚳 But the problems exist...
 - Complex (Adaptive) Systems abound...
- And the observation of Universality I of dynamical systems, statistical mechanics, and other quantitative areas means not everything is special and different.
- Framing from the Manifesto: Science's focus is moving to Complex Systems because it finally can.

The PoCSverse Fundamentals 70 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence

Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics



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- 🚳 We use whatever tools we need.

The PoCSverse Fundamentals 70 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence

Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics



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- line we whatever tools we need.
- rightarrow Science \simeq Describe + Explain.

The PoCSverse Fundamentals 70 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence

Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics



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The PoCSverse Fundamentals 71 of 76

Data

Measurement

Emergence

Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell



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Data

Measurement

Emergence

Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell



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The PoCSverse **Fundamentals** 73 of 76

Measurement

Emergence

Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell

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Data

Measurement

Emergence

Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell



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Data

Measurement

Emergence

Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell



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Data

Measurement

Emergence

Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell

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