Why Complexify?

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Outline

Universality

Symmetry Breaking

The Big Theory

Final words

For your consideration

References

Limits to what's possible:

Universality **□**:

- The property that the macroscopic aspects of a system do not depend sensitively on the system's details.
- & Key figure: Leo Kadanoff
- Kadanoff's retrospective: "Innovations in Statistics Physics" [4]

Examples:

The Central Limit Theorem:

$$P(x;\mu,\sigma)\mathrm{d}x = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma}e^{-(x-\mu)^2/2\sigma^2}\mathrm{d}x.$$

- Navier Stokes equation for fluids.
- Nature of phase transitions in statistical mechanics.

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- Sometimes details don't matter too much.
- Many-to-one mapping from micro to macro
- Suggests not all possible behaviors are available at higher levels of complexity.
- Universality means some things are fated.

Large questions:

Fluid mechanics

evolution.

oceans, lood,

- How universal is universality?
- What are the possible long-time states (attractors) for a universe?

Fluid mechanics = One of the great successes of

Navier-Stokes equations: micro-macro system

The big three: Experiment + Theory + Simulations.

understanding complex systems.

Works for many very different 'fluids':

and ball bearings on lattices ...?

the atmosphere,

the earth's mantle, galaxies, ...



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Hexagons—Honeycomb:



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Orchestrated? Or an accident of bees working

See "On Growth and Form" by D'Arcy Wentworth Thompson 2. [7, 8]

Hexagons—Giant's Causeway: ☑



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Hexagons—Giant's Causeway:

http://newdesktopwallpapers.info

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http://www.physics.utoronto.ca/

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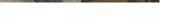
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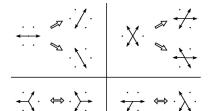
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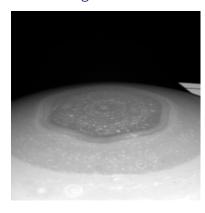
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Lattice gas models Collision rules in 2-d on a hexagonal lattice:



- Lattice matters ...
- No 'good' lattice in 3-d.
- Upshot: play with 'particles' of a system to obtain new or specific macro behaviours.

Saturn has a hexagon:



🙈 One side is longer than Earth's diameter 🗹

Hexagons run amok:



 Graphene
Single layer of carbon molecules in a perfect hexagonal lattice (super strong).



🙈 Chicken wire 🗹 ...

Triumph of the Hexagon

From the remarkable Hexnet.org , the Global Hexagonal Awareness Resource Center.



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Symmetry Breaking



"More is different" P. W. Anderson, Science, **177**, 393–396, 1972. [1]

2006 study: "most creative physicist in the world"

"Elementary entities of science X obey the laws of

♣ Y



Symmetry Breaking

🚳 solid state or

chemistry

🚓 cell biology

psychology

Anderson:

social sciences

Symmetry Breaking

hypothesis.

matter.

many-body physics

molecular biology

science Y"

♣ X

Anderson **☑** argues against idea that the only real scientists are those working on the fundamental laws.

Symmetry breaking → different laws/rules at different scales ...

elementary particle

molecular biology

many-body physics

physics

solid state

chemistry

physiology

psychology

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"Critical Phenomena in Natural Sciences" 3. 2

by Didier Sornette (2003). [5]

Page 291–292 of Sornette [6]: Renormalization \equiv Anderson's hierarchy.

& But Anderson's hierarchy is not a simple one: the rules change.

& Crucial dichotomy between evolving systems following stochastic paths that lead to (a) inevitable or (b) particular destinations (states).

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FIELDS ARRANGED BY PURITY MORE PURE OH, HEY, I DIDN'T SEE YOU GUYS ALL WHICH IS JUST APPLIED PHYSICS. SOCIOLOGY IS JUST APPLIED PSYCHOLOGY DOYCHOLOGY IS BIOLOGY IS JUST APPLIED BIOLOGY. JUST APPLIED CHEMISTRY THE LIAY OVER THERE SOCIOLOGISTS PSYCHOLOGISTS CHEMISTS. MATHEMATICIANS

http://xkcd.com/435/

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A real science of complexity:

A real theory of everything anything:

1. Is not just about the ridiculously small stuff ...

2. It's about the increase of complexity

Symmetry breaking/ Accidents of history

Universality

Second law of thermodynamics: we're toast in the

So how likely is the local complexification of structure we enjoy?

How likely are the Big Transitions?

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[the more we know about] "fundamental laws, the

Scale and complexity thwart the constructionist

Accidents of history and path dependence

problems of the rest of science."

less relevance they seem to have to the very real

Why complexify?



"Why do things become more complex?" ✓ W. Brian Arthur, Scientific American, **268**, 92, 1993. [2]

- Argues that evolution toward increased performance brings a ratcheting cycle of complexification and simplification.
- Jet engine replaced the complex piston engine and then itself became more complex.
- & Complexification \equiv evolution of algorithms?
- & Differential equations and stories \subset Algorithms.
- Life is a loaded word: The Search for Extraterrestrial Algorithms (SETA)?

Why complexify?

Driving complexity's trajectory:

- Big Bang
- Randomness leads to replicating structures;
- Biological evolution;
- Sociocultural evolution;
- Technological evolution;
- Sociotechnological evolution.

Freeman Dyson's of West's "Scale": [3]

The Key to Everything (nybooks.com)

"The astronomer Fang Lizhi published with his wife, Li Shuxian, a popular book, Creation of the Universe (1989), which includes the best explanation that I have seen of the paradox of order and disorder.

The explanation lies in the peculiar behavior of gravity in the physical world. On the balance sheet of energy accounting, gravitational energy is a deficit.

When you are close to a massive object, your gravitational energy is minus the amount of energy it would take to get away from the mass all the way to infinity.

When you walk up a hill on the earth, your gravitational energy is becoming less negative, but never gets up to zero. Any object whose motions are dominated by gravity will have energy decreasing as temperature increases and

energy increasing as temperature decreases."

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Dyson:

"As a consequence of the second law of thermodynamics, when energy flows from one such object to another, the hot object will grow hotter and the cold object will grow colder.

That is why the sun grew hotter and the planets grew cooler as the solar system evolved.

In every situation where gravity is dominant, the second law causes local contrasts to increase together with entropy.

This is true for astronomical objects like the sun, and also for large terrestrial objects such as thunderstorms and hurricanes.

The diversity of astronomical and terrestrial objects, including living creatures, tends to increase with time, in spite of the second law.

The evolution of natural ecologies and of human societies is a part of this pattern. West is evidently unaware of Fang and Li's insight."

Note: Unfortunately, Dyson takes the (disastrously wrong) biological scaling stuff as sorted.

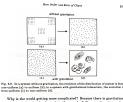
"Creation of the Universe" (a. [2] by Zhi and Xian (1989). [9]

Final words For your consideration Formation of Structures

ownstion of Structura-Let us look at another instructive example for cosmology. If, in a container of gas, the distribution of the gas molecules is not uniform and has structures (as in Fig. 6,6(s)), then the direction of its evolution is for the distribution to become uniform and structureless (as in Fig. 6,6(s)). This be distribution to become uniform and structureless (as in Fig. 6,6(s)). This contains the structure of the structure of the container of the structure o

If the effect of gravitation among the gas molecules in this box of gas cannot be completely neglected, what will be the result? Suppose the distribution of the gas molecules is uniform at the beginning (as in Fig. 6.0(c)). When there so gravitation, this is the equilibrium state, when there is gravitation, this ravitation, this is the equilibrium state; when there is gravitation, thus time state becomes untable. As some some local region acquires a bigine density through fluctuation, its gravitation becomes stronger, and forming an even preaser density. Likewise, if airly is some region is slightly lowered by fluctuation, its gravitation tends of the content of the cont

Throughout the universe, gravitation is dominant. Therefore, even if the initial universe is uniform and structureless, it will spontaneously generate a non-uniform and structured state. Clusters of galaxies of various scales owe their formation to this process of inhumansarium.



n. Why does chaos become order? Because there is gravitation. Out of thermal equilibrium, how can thermal nonequilibrium be gene

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Why Complexify?

Coming of systems conceptually Enally appointed the micro-macro stories 3 Frames for and versality Complexity Why Complexify "theory of anything" **ECIENCES** squishy Sciences) emergence) The whole i different from the sum of the parts.

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Unlocks our (limited) ability to: Create, predict, and control.

1. Find interesting/meaningful/important phenomena,

optionally involving spectacular amounts of data.

And be good people: Share.

3. Describe what you see.

4. Explain it.

CocoNuTs:

back

The PoCS strikes

CSYS/MATH 303:

@networksvox 🗗

@storyologyvox ☑

Complex

Networks ☑

The absolute basics:

Modern basic science in three steps:

2. Taste matters. Develop taste in research.

Beware your assumptions: Don't use tools/models because they're there, or because everyone else does ...

This is a thing that could be next:

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Moar Contagion.

systems).

Random networks-arama.

Distributed Search.

Organizational networks.

Deeper investigations of scale-free networks.

Branching networks (rivers, cardiovascular

Optimal (re)distribution networks (hospitals,

coffee shops, airlines, post, Internet).

Structure detection for complex systems.

Allotaxonometry

and more ...

Complexification—the Big Transitions:

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Big Word. Big Random-

გ Big Bang.

ness.

备 Big Life.

Big Evolve.

Structure.

Replicate.

备 Big

备 Big

Big Story.

Big Number.

Big Farm.

🚳 Big God.

Big Make.

Big City.

& Big Culture. & Big ...?

Big Science. Big Data.

🚳 Big Information.

Big Algorithm.

Big Connection.

Big Social.

Big Awareness.

备 Big Spread.

UVM

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This is also a thing that could be next:

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Storyology Episode VI: PoCS with ewoks



CSYS/MATH ???: @storyologyvox ☑

- & Exploring texts of all kinds, centrality of stories.
- & News, social media, fiction, Twitter.
- Dark arts of text parsing, cleaning, regular expression.
- Measuring happiness and sadness through
- Measuring and understanding cultural evolution through texts: legal and government texts, music lyrics, news.
- & Structure, dynamics, and evolution of stories.
- Possible expansion to other storytelling realms: Music, images, audio, video, sports,



[1] P. W. Anderson.

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More is different.

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