Optimal Supply Networks II: Blood, Water, and Truthicide

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Complex Networks | @networksvox CSYS/MATH 303, Spring, 2019

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Stories—The Fraction Assassin:

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Law and Order, Special Science Edition: Truthicide Department

"In the scientific integrity system known as peer review, the people are represented by two highly overlapping yet equally important groups: the independent scientists who review papers and the scientists who punish those who publish garbage. This is one of their stories."

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Animal power

Fundamental biological and ecological constraint:

 $P = c M^{\alpha}$

P =basal metabolic rate

M =organismal body mass







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$P = c M^{\alpha}$

Prefactor c depends on body plan and body temperature:

Birds $39-41^{\circ}C$ Eutherian Mammals 36–38°C Marsupials 34-36 $^{\circ}C$ Monotremes $30-31^{\circ}C$





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Death by fractions

COcoNuTS

The prevailing belief of the Church of Quarterology:

Most obvious concern:

3/4 - 2/3 = 1/12

- An exponent higher than 2/3 points suggests a
- Organisms must somehow be running 'hotter' than they need to balance heat loss.

The prevailing belief of the Church of

 $\alpha = 3/4$

 $P \propto M^{3/4}$

Huh?

Quarterology:

fundamental inefficiency in biology.

What one might expect:

 $\alpha = 2/3$ because ...

Dimensional analysis suggests an energy balance surface law:

$$P \propto S \propto V^{2/3} \propto M^{\,2/3}$$

- Assumes isometric scaling (not quite the spherical cow).
- & Lognormal fluctuations:

Gaussian fluctuations in $log_{10}P$ around

Stefan-Boltzmann law for radiated energy:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}E}{\mathrm{d}t} = \sigma \varepsilon S T^4 \propto S$$

Related putative scalings:

Wait! There's more!:

- $\red {
 m s}$ number of capillaries $\propto M^{3/4}$
- $\red{solution}$ time to reproductive maturity $\propto M^{1/4}$
- \clubsuit heart rate $\propto M^{-1/4}$
- $\red {
 m \&}$ cross-sectional area of aorta $\propto M^{3/4}$
- \clubsuit population density $\propto M^{-3/4}$

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The great 'law' of heartbeats:

Assuming:

& Average lifespan $\propto M^{\beta}$

Average heart rate $\propto M^{-\beta}$

 $\mbox{\&}$ Irrelevant but perhaps $\beta = 1/4$.

Then:

Average number of heart beats in a lifespan \simeq (Average lifespan) \times (Average heart rate) $\propto M^{\dot{\beta}-\dot{\beta}}$ $\propto M^0$

Number of heartbeats per life time is independent of organism size!

& ≈ 1.5 billion

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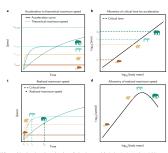




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"A general scaling law reveals why the largest animals are not the fastest" Hirt et al.,

Nature Ecology & Evolution, **1**, 1116, 2017. [23]



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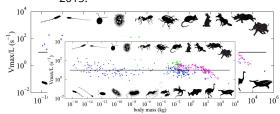
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From PoCS, the Prequel to CocoNuTs:



"How fast do living organisms move: Maximum speeds from bacteria to elephants and whales"

Meyer-Vernet and Rospars, American Journal of Physics, 83, 719-722, 2015. [35]



animals are not the fastest"

"A general scaling law reveals why the largest

Nature Ecology & Evolution, 1, 1116, 2017. [23]



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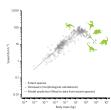
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Theoretical story:



- Maximum speed increases with size: $v_{\mathsf{max}} = a M^b$
- 🗞 Takes a while to get going: $v(t) = v_{\text{max}}(1 - e^{-kt})$
- $k\sim F_{\rm max}/M\sim cM^{d-1}$ Literature: $0.75\lesssim d\lesssim 0.94$
- Acceleration time = depletion time for anaerobic energy: $au \sim f M^g$ Literature: $0.76 \lesssim g \lesssim 1.27$
- $v_{\text{max}} = aM^b \left(1 e^{-hM^i}\right)$
- i = d 1 + g and h = cf



- & Literature search for for maximum speeds of running, flying and
- Search terms: "maximum speed", "escape speed" and "sprint speed".

Note: [35] not cited. A theory is born:

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1840's: Sarrus and Rameaux [44] first suggested $\alpha = 2/3$.



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Hirt et al.,

A theory grows:

1883: Rubner^[42] found $\alpha \simeq 2/3$.



Theory meets a different 'truth':

1930's: Brody, Benedict study mammals. [6] Found $\alpha \simeq 0.73$ (standard).



Our hero faces a shadowy cabal:



- 💫 1932: Kleiber analyzed 13 mammals. [25]
- \Re Found $\alpha = 0.76$ and suggested $\alpha = 3/4$.
- Scaling law of Metabolism became known as Kleiber's Law (2011 Wikipedia entry is embarrassing).
- 🚵 1961 book: "The Fire of Life. An Introduction to Animal Energetics". [26]

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When a cult becomes a religion:

1950/1960: Hemmingsen^[20, 21] Extension to unicellular organisms. $\alpha=3/4$ assumed true.



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Quarterology spreads throughout the land: The Cabal assassinates 2/3-scaling:

1964: Troon, Scotland.

3rd Symposium on Energy Metabolism.

 $\alpha = 3/4$ made official ...

An unsolved truthicide:

So many questions ...

hypothesis?

truth?

...29 to zip.



- But the Cabal slipped up by publishing the conference proceedings ...
- & "Energy Metabolism; Proceedings of the 3rd symposium held at Troon, Scotland, May 1964," Ed. Sir Kenneth Blaxter [4

Did the truth kill a theory? Or did a theory kill the

Or was the truth killed by just a lone, lowly

To the National Academies of Science?

Could 2/3-scaling have faked its own death?

What kind of people would vote on scientific facts?

Does this go all the way to the top?

& Is 2/3-scaling really dead?





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Modern Quarterology, Post Truthicide

3/4 is held by many to be the one true exponent.



In the Beat of a Heart: Life, Energy, and the Unity of Nature—by John Whitfield

But: much controversy ...

See 'Re-examination of the "3/4-law" of metabolism'

by the Heretical Unbelievers Dodds, Rothman, and Weitz [14], and ensuing madness ...

Linear regression Optimal Supply Networks II

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Important:

- Ordinary Least Squares (OLS) Linear regression is only appropriate for analyzing a dataset $\{(x_i, y_i)\}$ when we know the x_i are measured without error.
- \clubsuit Here we assume that measurements of mass Mhave less error than measurements of metabolic
- Linear regression assumes Gaussian errors.

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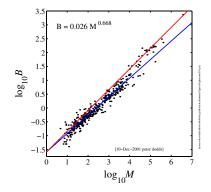
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Some data on metabolic rates



A Heusner's data (1991)[22]

391 Mammals

blue line: 2/3

& red line: 3/4. AB (B=P)



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Measuring exponents

More on regression:

If (a) we don't know what the errors of either variable

or (b) no variable can be considered independent,

then we need to use

Standardized Major Axis Linear Regression. [43, 41]

(aka Reduced Major Axis = RMA.)

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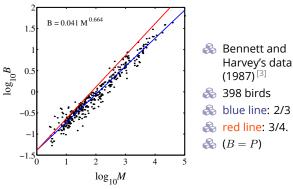
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Some data on metabolic rates



Passerine vs. non-passerine issue ...

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For Standardized Major Axis Linear Regression:

standard deviation of y data $slope_{sma} = \frac{standard\ deviation\ of\ x\ data}{standard\ deviation\ of\ x\ data}$

- Wery simple!
- Minimization of sum of areas of triangles induced by vertical and horizontal residuals with best fit line.
- The only linear regression that is Scale invariant .
- Attributed to Nobel Laureate economist Paul Samuelson , [43] but discovered independently by others.
- 🚓 #somuchwin

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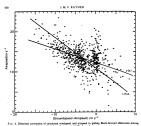
Relationship to ordinary least squares regression is simple:

$$\begin{aligned} \mathsf{slope}_{\mathsf{SMA}} &=& r^{-1} \times \mathsf{slope}_{\mathsf{OLS}\,y\,\mathsf{on}\,x} \\ &=& r \times \mathsf{slope}_{\mathsf{OLS}\,x\,\mathsf{on}\,y} \end{aligned}$$

where r = standard correlation coefficient:

$$r = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n}(x_i - \bar{x})(y_i - \bar{y})}{\sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{n}(x_i - \bar{x})^2}\sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{n}(y_i - \bar{y})^2}}$$

Substitution of the Groovy upshot: If (1) a paper uses OLS regression when RMA would be appropriate, and (2) r is reported, we can figure out the RMA slope. [41, 29]



y(x) regression r.m.a. x(y) regression	12:30 10:93 7:80	- 0·334 - 0·769 - 1·766	-0384 to -0284 -0894 to -0661 -2076 to -1536
model	intercept 2	gradient β	range (95%)
n	todel of speed corr	rection: $V_a = 2$	+ βV _~
correlation p	-0435		
covariance S,	-4-653	, , ,	
variances Sxx. S,		218 (ms-1)	
means x, g	-3:14 13:	35 ms ⁻¹	
number of data			
Calculated statis albatross Diom	edea melanophris	md windspred V in gliding flig 982)	in the Black-brone ht, after Pennycuic
		LE II	
LINEAL	R RELATION:	S IN BIOM	ECHANICS

- Disparity between slopes for y on x and x on yregressions is a factor of r^2 (r^{-2})
- & (Rayner uses ρ for r.)
- \clubsuit Here: $r^2 = .435^2 = 0.189$, and $r^{-2} = .435^{-2} = 2.29^2 = 5.285.$
- See also: LaBarbera [29] (who resigned ...)

Heusner's data, 1991 (391 Mammals)

range of M	N	\hat{lpha}
$\leq 0.1~\mathrm{kg}$	167	0.678 ± 0.038
$\leq 1~{\sf kg}$	276	0.662 ± 0.032
$\leq 10~{ m kg}$	357	0.668 ± 0.019
$\leq 25~{ m kg}$	366	0.669 ± 0.018
$\leq 35~\mathrm{kg}$	371	0.675 ± 0.018
$\leq 350 \text{ kg}$	389	0.706 ± 0.016
$\leq 3670~\mathrm{kg}$	391	0.710 ± 0.021

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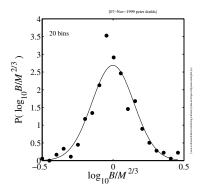
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Bennett and Harvey, 1987 (398 birds)

$M_{\sf max}$	N	\hat{lpha}
≤ 0.032	162	0.636 ± 0.103
≤ 0.1	236	0.602 ± 0.060
≤ 0.32	290	0.607 ± 0.039
≤ 1	334	0.652 ± 0.030
≤ 3.2	371	0.655 ± 0.023
≤ 10	391	0.664 ± 0.020
≤ 32	396	0.665 ± 0.019
≤ 100	398	0.664 ± 0.019

$M_{\sf max}$	N	$\hat{\alpha}$
≤ 0.032	162	0.636 ± 0.103
≤ 0.1	236	0.602 ± 0.060
≤ 0.32	290	0.607 ± 0.039
≤ 1	334	0.652 ± 0.030
≤ 3.2	371	0.655 ± 0.023
≤ 10	391	0.664 ± 0.020
≤ 32	396	0.665 ± 0.019
≤ 100	398	0.664 ± 0.019

Fluctuations—Things look normal ...



- $P(B|M) = 1/M^{2/3}f(B/M^{2/3})$
- Use a Kolmogorov-Smirnov test.

Hypothesis testing

Test to see if α' is consistent with our data $\{(M_i, B_i)\}$:

$$H_0: \alpha = \alpha'$$
 and $H_1: \alpha \neq \alpha'$.

- \mathbb{A} Assume each \mathbf{B}_i (now a random variable) is normally distributed about $\alpha' \log_{10} M_i + \log_{10} c$.
- & Follows that the measured α for one realization obeys a t distribution with N-2 degrees of freedom.
- Calculate a p-value: probability that the measured α is as least as different to our hypothesized α' as we observe.
- See, for example, DeGroot and Scherish, "Probability and Statistics." [11]

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Revisiting the past—mammals

Full mass range:

	N	$\hat{\alpha}$	$p_{2/3}$	$p_{3/4}$	
				,	
Kleiber	13	0.738	$< 10^{-6}$	0.11	
Brody	35	0.718	$< 10^{-4}$	$< 10^{-2}$	
Heusner	391	0.710	$< 10^{-6}$	$< 10^{-5}$	
Bennett	398	0.664	0.69	$< 10^{-15}$	
and Harvey					

Revisiting the past—mammals

$M \leq 10 \text{ kg}$:

	N	\hat{lpha}	$p_{2/3}$	$p_{3/4}$
Kleiber	5	0.667	0.99	0.088
Brody	26	0.709	$< 10^{-3}$	$< 10^{-3}$
,	257	0.660	0.04	15
Heusner	357	0.668	0.91	$< 10^{-15}$

$M \geq 10$ kg:

	N	\hat{lpha}	$p_{2/3}$	$p_{3/4}$	
Kleiber	8	0.754	$< 10^{-4}$	0.66	
Brody	9	0.760	$< 10^{-3}$	0.56	
Heusner	2/	0 877	< 10-12	$< 10^{-7}$	

Analysis of residuals

- 1. Presume an exponent of your choice: 2/3 or 3/4.
- 2. Fit the prefactor ($log_{10}c$) and then examine the residuals:

$$r_i = \log_{10} B_i - (\alpha' \log_{10} M_i - \log_{10} c).$$

- 3. H_0 : residuals are uncorrelated H_1 : residuals are correlated.
- 4. Measure the correlations in the residuals and compute a p-value.

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Earlier theories

We use the spiffing Spearman Rank-Order Correlation Coefficient 2

Basic idea:

& Given $\{(x_i,y_i)\}$, rank the $\{x_i\}$ and $\{y_i\}$ separately from smallest to largest. Call these ranks R_i and



$$r_s = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n (R_i - \bar{R})(S_i - \bar{S})}{\sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^n (R_i - \bar{R})^2} \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^n (S_i - \bar{S})^2}}$$

monotonically.

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Analysis of residuals

- \aleph Now calculate correlation coefficient for ranks, r_s :



$$r_s = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n (R_i - \bar{R})(S_i - \bar{S})}{\sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^n (R_i - \bar{R})^2} \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^n (S_i - \bar{S})^2}}$$

 \mathbb{A} Perfect correlation: x_i 's and y_i 's both increase

Analysis of residuals

We assume all rank orderings are equally likely:

- $\begin{cases} \&\label{eq:rs} r_s is distributed according to a Student's \end{cases}$ *t*-distribution \square with N-2 degrees of freedom.
- Excellent feature: Non-parametric—real distribution of x's and y's doesn't matter.

🙈 See Numerical Recipes in C/Fortran 🗹 which

Bonus: works for non-linear monotonic relationships as well.

contains many good things. [39]

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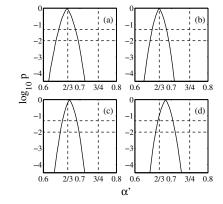
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Analysis of residuals—mammals

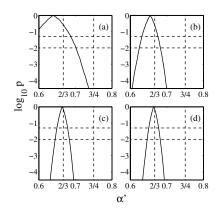


(a) M < 3.2 kg, (b) M < 10 kg,

(c) M < 32 kg,

(d) all mammals.

Analysis of residuals—birds



Other approaches to measuring exponents:

See Clauset's page on measuring power law

💫 Clauset, Shalizi, Newman: "Power-law

distributions in empirical data" [10]

exponents (code, other goodies).

See this collection of tweets for related

SIAM Review, 2009.

amusement.

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(a) M < 0.1 kg,

(b) M < 1 kg,

(d) all birds.

(c) M < 10 kg,

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The widening gyre:

Now we're really confused (empirically):

- \ref{Model} White and Seymour, 2005: unhappy with large herbivore measurements $^{[56]}.$ Pro 2/3: Find $\alpha \simeq 0.686 \pm 0.014.$
- Glazier, BioScience (2006) [18]: "The 3/4-Power Law Is Not Universal: Evolution of Isometric, Ontogenetic Metabolic Scaling in Pelagic Animals."
- Glazier, Biol. Rev. (2005) [17]: "Beyond the 3/4-power law': variation in the intra- and interspecific scaling of metabolic rate in animals."
- Savage et al., PLoS Biology (2008) [45] "Sizing up allometric scaling theory" Pro 3/4: problems claimed to be finite-size scaling.

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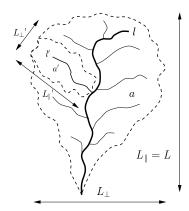
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Somehow, optimal river networks are connected:



a = drainage basin area

ℓ = length of longest (main) stream

 $L = L_{\parallel} =$ longitudinal length of basin

Impure scaling?:

- $\mbox{\&}$ So: The exponent $\alpha=2/3$ works for all birds and mammals up to 10–30 kg
- For mammals > 10-30 kg, maybe we have a new scaling regime
- Possible connection?: Economos (1983)—limb length break in scaling around 20 kg [15]
- But see later: non-isometric growth leads to lower metabolic scaling. Oops.

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Mysterious allometric scaling in river networks

45 1957: J. T. Hack [19]

"Studies of Longitudinal Stream Profiles in Virginia and Maryland"

 $\ell \sim a^h$

 $h \sim 0.6$

- \clubsuit Anomalous scaling: we would expect h = 1/2 ...
- Subsequent studies: $0.5 \lesssim h \lesssim 0.6$
- Another quest to find universality/god ...
- A catch: studies done on small scales.

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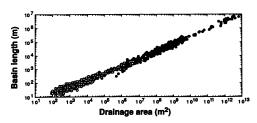
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Large-scale networks:

(1992) Montgomery and Dietrich [36]:

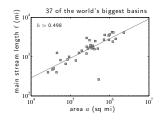


- Composite data set: includes everything from unchanneled valleys up to world's largest rivers.
- Estimated fit:

 $L \simeq 1.78a^{0.49}$

Mixture of basin and main stream lengths.

World's largest rivers only:



- Data from Leopold (1994) [31, 13]
- \Leftrightarrow Estimate of Hack exponent: $h = 0.50 \pm 0.06$

Earlier theories (1973–):

Building on the surface area idea:

- McMahon (70's, 80's): Elastic Similarity [32, 34]
- Idea is that organismal shapes scale allometrically with 1/4 powers (like trees ...)
- Disastrously, cites Hemmingsen [21] for surface area data.
- Appears to be true for ungulate legs ... [33]
- Metabolism and shape never properly connected.

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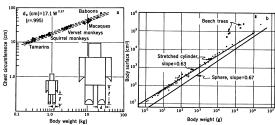
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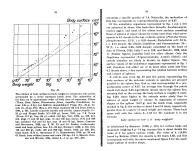




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"Size and shape in biology" T. McMahon, Science, **179**, 1201–1204, 1973. [32]





- A Hemmingsen's "fit" is for a 2/3 power, notes possible 10 kg transition. [?]
- p 46: "The energy metabolism thus definitely varies interspecifically over similar wide weight ranges with a higher power of the body weight than the body surface."

Earlier theories (1977):

Building on the surface area idea ...

Blum (1977)^[5] speculates on four-dimensional biology:

 $P \propto M^{(d-1)/d}$

 \ll d=3 gives $\alpha=2/3$

d = 4 gives $\alpha = 3/4$

So we need another dimension ...

& Obviously, a bit silly... [46]

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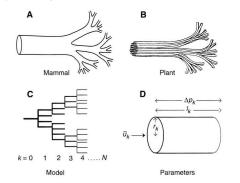




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Nutrient delivering networks:

- 🚓 1960's: Rashevsky considers blood networks and finds a 2/3 scaling.
- 3 1997: West et al. [53] use a network story to find 3/4 scaling.



Nutrient delivering networks:

West et al.'s assumptions:

- 1. hierarchical network
- 2. capillaries (delivery units) invariant
- 3. network impedance is minimized via evolution

Claims:

- $P \propto M^{3/4}$
- networks are fractal
- quarter powers everywhere

Impedance measures:

Poiseuille flow (outer branches):

$$Z = \frac{8\mu}{\pi} \sum_{k=0}^{N} \frac{\ell_k}{r_k^4 N_k}$$

Pulsatile flow (main branches):

$$Z \propto \sum_{k=0}^N \frac{h_k^{1/2}}{r_k^{5/2} N_k}$$

- Wheel out Lagrange multipliers ...
- $\ref{Poiseuille}$ Poiseuille gives $P \propto M^1$ with a logarithmic correction.
- Pulsatile calculation explodes into flames.

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Not so fast ...

Actually, model shows:

- $P \propto M^{3/4}$ does not follow for pulsatile flow
- networks are not necessarily fractal.

Do find:

Murray's cube law (1927) for outer branches: [37]

$$r_0^3 = r_1^3 + r_2^3$$

- Impedance is distributed evenly.
- & Can still assume networks are fractal.

Connecting network structure to α

1. Ratios of network parameters:

$$R_n = \frac{n_{k+1}}{n_k}, \ R_\ell = \frac{\ell_{k+1}}{\ell_k}, \ R_r = \frac{r_{k+1}}{r_k}$$

2. Number of capillaries $\propto P \propto M^{\alpha}$.

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{\alpha = -\frac{\ln R_n}{\ln R_r^2 R_\ell}}$$

(also problematic due to prefactor issues)

Obliviously soldiering on, we could assert:

area-preservingness:

$$R_r = R_n^{-1/2}$$

$$R_n^{-1/2}$$

 \Re space-fillingness: $R_{\ell} = R_n^{-1/3}$

Data from real networks:

Network	R_n	R_r	R_{ℓ}	$-\frac{\ln R_r}{\ln R_n}$	$-\frac{\ln R_{\ell}}{\ln R_n}$	α
West et al.	-	-	-	1/2	1/3	3/4
(-1-)						
rat (PAT)	2.76	1.58	1.60	0.45	0.46	0.73
cat (PAT)	3.67	1.71	1.78	0.41	0.44	0.79
(Turcotte et al. ^[50])						
(DAT)	2.60	4.67	4 50	0.00	0.00	
dog (PAT)	3.69	1.67	1.52	0.39	0.32	0.90
(1.6)()	2.57	4.00	2.20	0.50	0.60	0.60
pig (LCX)	3.57	1.89	2.20	0.50	0.62	0.62
pig (RCA)	3.50	1.81	2.12	0.47	0.60	0.65
pig (LAD)	3.51	1.84	2.02	0.49	0.56	0.65
human (PAT)	3.03	1.60	1.49	0.42	0.36	0.83
human (PAT)	3.36	1.56	1.49	0.37	0.33	0.94

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 $\Rightarrow \alpha = 3/4$

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Attempts to look at actual networks:



Testing foundations of biological scaling theory using automated measurements of vascular networks" 2

Newberry, Newberry, and Newberry, PLoS Comput Biol, **11**, e1004455, 2015. [38]



"—" 🗹 Newberry et al., PLoS Comput Biol, **11**, e1004455, . [?] COcoNuTS Optimal Supply Networks II

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"It was the epoch of belief, it was the epoch of incredulity"



"A General Model for the Origin of West, Brown, and Enquist, Science, 276, 122-126, 1997. [53]



"Nature" West, Brown, and Enquist, Nature, **400**, 664–667, 1999. [55]



the problem:

Really, quite confused:

735-738, 2005. ^[7]

739-743, 2005.

Let's try a quadratic:

"The fourth dimension of life: Fractal geometry and allometric scaling of organisms" 🗹

West, Brown, and Enquist, Science Magazine, 284, 1677-1679, 1999. [54]

Whole 2004 issue of Functional Ecology addresses

🚵 J. Kozlowski, M. Konrzewski. "Is West, Brown and

mathematically correct and biologically relevant?"

Enquist's model of allometric scaling

Functional Ecology 18: 283-9, 2004. [28

🚵 J. H. Brown, G. B. West, and B. J. Enquist. "Yes,

scaling is both mathematically correct and

biologically relevant." Functional Ecology 19:

🚵 J. Kozlowski, M. Konarzewski. "West, Brown and

Enquist's model of allometric scaling again: the same questions remain." Functional Ecology 19:

"Curvature in metabolic scaling" 🗗

 $\log_{10} P \sim \log_{10} c + \alpha_1 \log_{10} M + \alpha_2 \log_{10} M^2$

Nature, **464**, 753, 2010. [27]

Kolokotrones, Savage, Deeds, and Fontana.

West, Brown and Enquist's model of allometric

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Some people understand it's truly a disaster:



"Power, Sex, Suicide: Mitochondria and the Meaning of Life" 3, 4 by Nick Lane (2005). [30]

"As so often happens in science, the apparently solid foundations of a field turned to rubble on closer inspection."

> "The fourth dimension of life: Fractal geometry and allometric scaling of

Science Magazine, 284, 1677-1679,

Distinguish between biological and physical length

& New disaster: after going on about fractality of a_i

scales (distance between mitochondria versus cell

Let's never talk about this again:

organisms" 🗹

1999. ^[54]

exchange area a.

& Buckingham π action. [9]

radius).

West, Brown, and Enquist,

No networks: Scaling argument for energy

 $\mbox{\&}$ Arrive at $a \propto M^{D/D+1}$ and $\ell \propto M^{1/D}$.

then state $v \propto a\ell$ in general.

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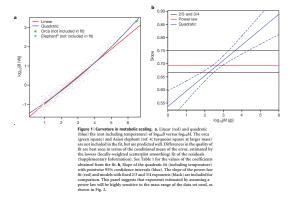
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Yah:



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Still going:



"A general model for metabolic scaling in self-similar asymmetric networks"

Brummer, Brummer, and Enquist, PLoS Comput Biol, **13**, e1005394, 2017. [8]

Wut?:

attained within many asymmetric networks."

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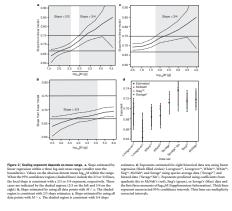
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"Most importantly, we show that the 3/4 metabolic scaling exponent from Kleiber's Law can still be

"This raises the question of whether the theory can be adapted to agree with the data"1



¹Already raised and fully established 9 years earlier. ^[14]

Oh no:



"Scale: The Universal Laws of Growth, Innovation, Sustainability, and the Pace of Life in Organisms, Cities, Economies, and Companies" **3**, 🗹

by Geoffrey B. West (2017). [52]

Amazon reviews excerpts (so, so not fair but ...):

- "Full of intriguing, big ideas but amazingly sloppy both in details and exposition, especially considering the author is a theoretical physicist."
- The beginning is terrible. He shows four graphs to illustrate scaling relationships, none of which have intelligible scales"
- "(he actually repeats several times that businesses can die but are not really an animal - O RLY?)"

Simple supply networks:





"The Phantom Tollbooth" 🚨 🗹 by Norton Juster (1961). [24]

 \mathbb{A} Regression starting at high M makes ...no sense

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🙈 Banavar et al.,



Ignore impedance.

Nature,

 $(1999)^{[1]}$.

Very general attempt to find most efficient transportation networks.

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Simple supply networks

Banavar et al. find 'most efficient' networks with

 $P \propto M^{\,d/(d+1)}$

🚓 ...but also find

 $V_{
m network} \propto M^{\,(d+1)/d}$

d = 3:

 $V_{
m blood} \propto M^{\,4/3}$

& Consider a 3 g shrew with $V_{blood} = 0.1 V_{body}$

 \Longrightarrow 3000 kg elephant with $V_{\rm blood}$ = $10V_{\rm body}$

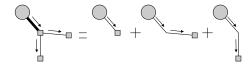
Geometric argument



"Optimal Form of Branching Supply and Collection Networks"

Peter Sheridan Dodds, Phys. Rev. Lett., **104**, 048702, 2010. [12]

- Consider one source supplying many sinks in a d-dim. volume in a D-dim. ambient space.
- Assume sinks are invariant.
- Assume sink density $\rho = \rho(V)$.
- Assume some cap on flow speed of material.
- See network as a bundle of virtual vessels:



Geometric argument

- Q: how does the number of sustainable sinks N_{sinks} scale with volume V for the most efficient network design?
- \mathfrak{S} Or: what is the highest α for $N_{\mathsf{sinks}} \propto V^{\alpha}$?

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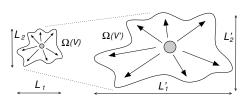




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Geometric argument

Allometrically growing regions:



Have d length scales which scale as

$$L_i \propto V^{\gamma_i}$$
 where $\gamma_1 + \gamma_2 + ... + \gamma_d = 1$.

- \Leftrightarrow For isometric growth, $\gamma_i = 1/d$.
- For allometric growth, we must have at least two of the $\{\gamma_i\}$ being different

Spherical cows and pancake cows:

Assume an isometrically Scaling family of cows:

Extremes of allometry:





The pancake cows-



Spherical cows and pancake cows:

- & Question: How does the surface area S_{cow} of our two types of cows scale with cow volume V_{cow} ? Insert question from assignment 4 🗹
- Question: For general families of regions, how does surface area S scale with volume V? Insert question from assignment 4 🗹

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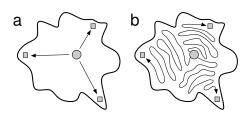




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Geometric argument

Best and worst configurations (Banavar et al.)



Rather obviously: ${\sf min}V_{\sf net} \propto \sum {\sf distances}$ from source to sinks.

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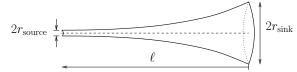
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Minimal network volume:

We add one more element:



- Vessel cross-sectional area may vary with distance from the source.
- Flow rate increases as cross-sectional area decreases.
- & e.g., a collection network may have vessels tapering as they approach the central sink.
- \clubsuit Find that vessel volume v must scale with vessel length ℓ to affect overall system scalings.

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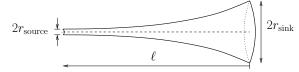




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Minimal network volume:

Effecting scaling:



- & Consider vessel radius $r \propto (\ell+1)^{-\epsilon}$, tapering from $r=r_{\mathsf{max}}$ where $\epsilon \geq 0$.
- $\mbox{\ensuremath{\&}}\mbox{\ensuremath{\text{Gives}}}\mbox{\ensuremath{v}} \propto \ell^{1-2\epsilon} \mbox{\ensuremath{if}} \mbox{\ensuremath{\epsilon}} < 1/2$
- \Leftrightarrow Gives $v \propto 1 \ell^{-(2\epsilon 1)} \rightarrow 1$ for large ℓ if $\epsilon > 1/2$
- \red Previously, we looked at $\epsilon = 0$ only.

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Minimal network volume:

Real supply networks are close to optimal:

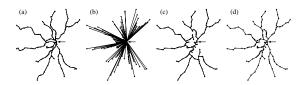


Figure 1. (a) Commuter rail network in the Boston area. The arrow marks the assumed root of the network. (b) Star graph. (c) Minimum spanning tree. (d) The model of equation (3) applied to the same set of stations.

Gastner and Newman (2006): "Shape and efficiency in spatial distribution networks" [16]



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"Rules for Biologically Inspired Adaptive Network Design"

Science, **327**, 439-442, 2010. [49]

Urban deslime in action:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=GwKuFREOgmo

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Minimal network volume:

For $0 \le \epsilon < 1/2$, approximate network volume by integral over region:

$$\mathrm{min} V_{\mathrm{net}} \propto \int_{\Omega_{d,D}(V)} \rho \, ||\vec{x}||^{1-2\epsilon} \, \mathrm{d}\vec{x}$$

Insert question from assignment 4 2

$$\propto
ho V^{1+\gamma_{\max}(1-2\epsilon)}$$
 where $\gamma_{\max}=\max_i \gamma_i.$

For $\epsilon > 1/2$, find simply that

$$minV_{net} \propto \rho V$$

So if supply lines can taper fast enough and without limit, minimum network volume can be made negligible.

For $0 \le \epsilon < 1/2$:

 \implies min $V_{\rm net} \propto \rho V^{1+\gamma_{\rm max}(1-2\epsilon)}$

 $\ \ \,$ If scaling is isometric, we have $\gamma_{\rm max}=1/d$:

$${\rm min}V_{\rm net/iso} \propto \rho V^{1+(1-2\epsilon)/d}$$

 $\ \ \, \& \ \ \,$ If scaling is allometric, we have $\gamma_{\rm max}=\gamma_{\rm allo}>1/d$: and

$$\mathrm{min}V_{\mathrm{net/allo}} \propto \rho V^{1+(1-2\epsilon)\gamma_{\mathrm{allo}}}$$

Isometrically growing volumes require less network volume than allometrically growing volumes:

$$\frac{\mathrm{min}V_{\mathrm{net/iso}}}{\mathrm{min}V_{\mathrm{net/allo}}} \rightarrow 0 \text{ as } V \rightarrow \infty$$

For $\epsilon > 1/2$:

 \implies min $V_{\rm net} \propto \rho V$

Network volume scaling is now independent of overall shape scaling.

Limits to scaling

- & Can argue that ϵ must effectively be 0 for real networks over large enough scales.
- Limit to how fast material can move, and how small material packages can be.
- e.g., blood velocity and blood cell size.

This is a really clean slide

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Blood networks

Blood networks

 \mathbb{A} Then P, the rate of overall energy use in Ω , can at most scale with volume as

Velocity at capillaries and aorta approximately

Material costly ⇒ expect lower optimal bound of

Blood volume scales linearly with body volume [47],

Sink density must : decrease as volume increases:

 $\rho \propto V^{-1/d}$.

constant across body size [51]: $\epsilon = 0$.

Solution For cardiovascular networks, d = D = 3.

 $V_{\mathsf{net}} \propto
ho V^{(d+1)/d}$ to be followed closely.

Density of suppliable sinks decreases with

$$P \propto \rho V \propto \rho \, M \propto M^{\,(d-1)/d}$$

 \clubsuit For d=3 dimensional organisms, we have

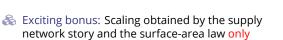
$$P \propto M^{2/3}$$

exponent to a higher, less efficient value.

organism size.

$$P \propto \rho V \propto \rho M \propto M^{(d-1)/d}$$

Including other constraints may raise scaling



match for isometrically growing shapes. Insert question from assignment 4 2

The surface area—supply network mismatch for allometrically growi



P oc Nsinks oc VI-Bmax

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Recall:

- $\ \, \ \,$ The exponent $\alpha=2/3$ works for all birds and mammals up to 10–30 kg
- For mammals > 10-30 kg, maybe we have a new scaling regime
- Economos: limb length break in scaling around 20 kg
- White and Seymour, 2005: unhappy with large herbivore measurements. Find $\alpha \simeq 0.686 + 0.014$

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- Nolume of water in river network can be calculated by adding up basin areas
- Flows sum in such a way that

$$V_{\mathsf{net}} = \sum_{\mathsf{all\ pixels}} a_{\mathsf{pixel}\ i}$$

A Hack's law again:

$$\ell \sim a^h$$

🙈 Can argue

$$V_{\mathrm{net}} \propto V_{\mathrm{basin}}^{1+h} = a_{\mathrm{basin}}^{1+h}$$

where h is Hack's exponent.

🚓 .: minimal volume calculations gives

$$h = 1/2$$

Prefactor:

Stefan-Boltzmann law:



$$\frac{\mathrm{d}E}{\mathrm{d}t} = \sigma S T^4$$

where S is surface and T is temperature.

Very rough estimate of prefactor based on scaling of normal mammalian body temperature and surface area S:

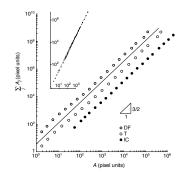
$$B \simeq 10^5 M^{2/3}$$
erg/sec.

& Measured for $M \leq 10$ kg:

$$B = 2.57 \times 10^5 M^{2/3}$$
 erg/sec.

Real data:

- Banavar et al.'s approach ^[1] is okay because ρ really is constant.
- The irony: shows optimal basins are isometric
- $lap{Optimal Hack's}$ law: $\ell \sim a^h$ with h=1/2
- 🙈 (Zzzzz)



From Banavar et al. (1999)^[1]

River networks

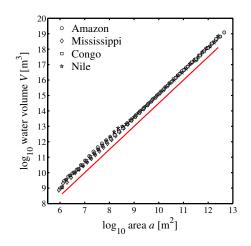
- View river networks as collection networks.
- Many sources and one sink.
- & ϵ ?
- $\mbox{\&}$ Assume ρ is constant over time and $\epsilon=0$:

$$V_{
m net} \propto
ho V^{(d+1)/d} = {
m constant} imes V^{\,3/2}$$

- Network volume grows faster than basin 'volume' (really area).
- & It's all okay: Landscapes are d=2 surfaces living in D=3
- dimensions.

 Streams can grow not just in width but in depth ...
- Streams can grow not just in width but in depth ...

Even better—prefactors match up:



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The Cabal strikes back:

- Banavar et al., 2010, PNAS: "A general basis for quarter-power scaling in animals." [2]
- "It has been known for decades that the metabolic rate of animals scales with body mass with an exponent that is almost always < 1, > 2/3, and often very close to 3/4."
- Cough, cough, cough, hack, wheeze, cough.

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Stories—Darth Quarter:



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Some people understand it's truly a disaster:



Peter Sheridan Dodds, Theoretical Biology's Buzzkill

NBS Share / Save 🛐 🖢 🖫 ...] 💆 Tweet 📳 Like



There is an apocryphal story about a graduate mathematics student at the graduate mathematics student at the University of Virginia studying the properties of certain mathematical objects. In his fifth year some killipov bastard elsewhere published a paper proving that there are no such mathematical objects. He dropped out of the program, and I never did hear where he is today. He's probably making my cappuccino right now.

This week, a professor named Peter Sheridan Dodds published a new paper in Physical Review Letters further fleshing out a theory concerning why a 2/3 power law may apply for metabolic rate. The 2/3 law says that metabolic rate in animals rises as the 2/3 power of body mass. It was in a 2001 Journal of Theoretical Biology paper to loop mass. It was in a 2001 journal or mecretical anology page. that he first argued that perhaps a 2/3 law applies, and that paper – along with others such as the one that just appeared — is what has put him in the Killjoy Hall of Fame. The University of Virginia's killjoy was a mere amateur.

Mark Changizi MORE ARTICLES The Ravenous Color-Blind New Developments For Color-Deficients Don't Hold Your Breath Waiting For Artificial Brains

Mark Changizi is Director of Human Cognition at 2AI, and the author of The Vision
Revolution (Benbella 200 pella 2009) and Harnessed: How.

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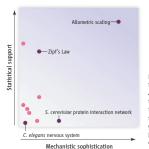
The unnecessary bafflement continues:

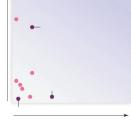
"Testing the metabolic theory of ecology" [40]

C. Price, J. S. Weitz, V. Savage, J. Stegen, A. Clarke, D. Coomes, P. S. Dodds, R. Etienne, A. Kerkhoff, K. McCulloh, K. Niklas, H. Olff, and N. Swenson Ecology Letters, 15, 1465-1474, 2012.

Artisanal, handcraftec

"Critical truths about pow Stumpf and Porter, Scien-





How good is your power law? The chart reflects the level of statistical support—as measured in (16, 21)—and our opinion about the mechanistic sophistication underlying hypothetical generative models for various reported power laws. Some relation-ships are identified by name; the others reflect the general characteristics of a wide range of reported power laws. Allometric scaling stands out from the other power laws reported for complex systems.

- Call generalization of Central Limit Theorem, stable distributions. Also: PLIPLO action.
- Summary: Wow.

Conclusion

- Supply network story consistent with dimensional analysis.
- Isometrically growing regions can be more efficiently supplied than allometrically growing ones.
- Ambient and region dimensions matter (D = d versus D > d).
- Deviations from optimal scaling suggest inefficiency (e.g., gravity for organisms, geological boundaries).
- Actual details of branching networks not that important.
- Exact nature of self-similarity varies.
- 2/3-scaling lives on, largely in hiding.
- 3/4-scaling? Jury ruled a mistrial.
- 🚓 The truth will out. Maybe.

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