

Branching Networks I

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Complex Networks | @networksvox
CSYS/MATH 303, Spring, 2019

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Introduction

Branching networks are useful things:

- Fundamental to material **supply and collection**
- Supply:** From one source to many sinks in 2- or 3-d.
- Collection:** From many sources to one sink in 2- or 3-d.
- Typically observe hierarchical, recursive self-similar structure

Examples:

- River networks (our focus)
- Cardiovascular networks
- Plants
- Evolutionary trees
- Organizations (only in theory ...)

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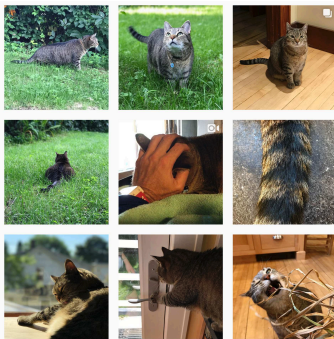
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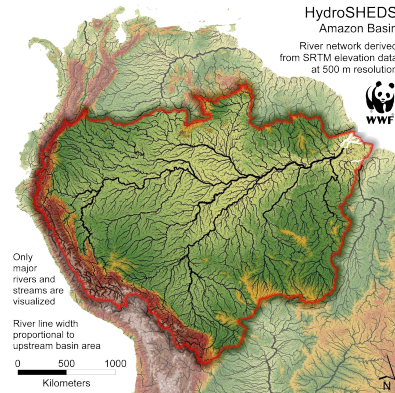
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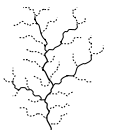
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Branching networks are everywhere ...



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Branching networks are everywhere ...



<http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Image:Applebox.JPG>

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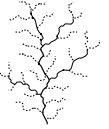
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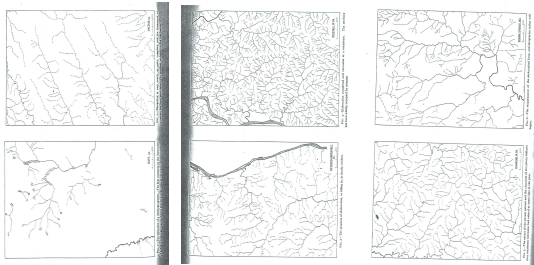
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An early thought piece: Extension and Integration



"The Development of Drainage Systems: A Synoptic View"

Waldo S. Glock,
The Geographical Review, **21**, 475–482,
1931. [2]



Initiation,
Elongation

Elaboration,
Piracy.

Abstraction,
Absorption.

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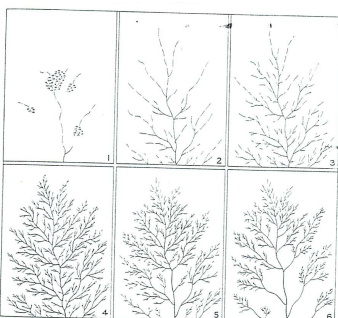


FIG. 4.—Six ideal diagrams illustrating the sequential stages of the development of a drainage system given for purposes of comparison only. The first four parts show extension, that is, initiation; 2, elongation; 3, elaboration; and 4, maximum extension. Parts 5 and 6 represent steps during integration.

The sequential stages recognized in the evolution of a drainage system are "extension" and "integration"; the first, a stage of increasing complexity; the second, of simplification.

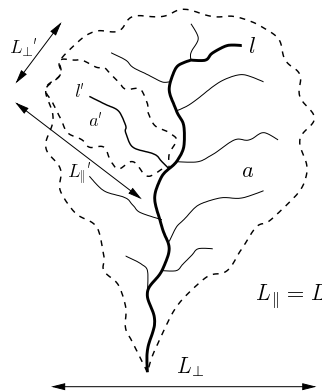
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Basic basin quantities: $a, l, L_{\parallel}, L_{\perp}$:



- a = drainage basin area
- l = length of longest (main) stream (which may be fractal)
- $L = L_{\parallel}$ = longitudinal length of basin
- $L = L_{\perp}$ = width of basin

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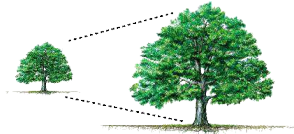
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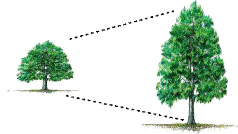
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Allometry

Isometry:
dimensions scale linearly with each other.



Allometry:
dimensions scale nonlinearly.



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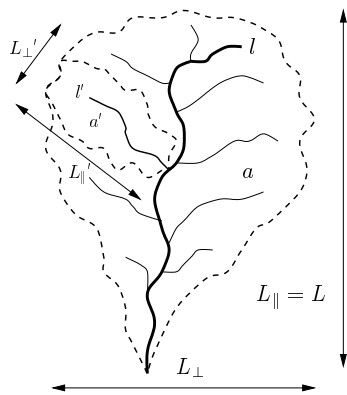
There are a few more 'laws': [1]

Relation:	Name or description:
$T_k = T_1 (R_T)^{k-1}$	Tokunaga's law
$\ell \sim L^d$	self-affinity of single channels
$n_\omega / n_{\omega+1} = R_n$	Horton's law of stream numbers
$\ell_{\omega+1} / \ell_\omega = R_\ell$	Horton's law of main stream lengths
$\bar{a}_{\omega+1} / \bar{a}_\omega = R_a$	Horton's law of basin areas
$\bar{s}_{\omega+1} / \bar{s}_\omega = R_s$	Horton's law of stream segment lengths
$L_\perp \sim L^H$	scaling of basin widths
$P(a) \sim a^{-\tau}$	probability of basin areas
$P(\ell) \sim \ell^{-\gamma}$	probability of stream lengths
$\ell \sim a^h$	Hack's law
$a \sim L^D$	scaling of basin areas
$\Lambda \sim a^\beta$	Langbein's law
$\lambda \sim L^\varphi$	variation of Langbein's law

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Basin allometry



Allometric relationships:

$\ell \propto a^h$

$\ell \propto L^d$

Combine above:

$a \propto L^{d/h} \equiv L^D$

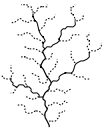
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Reported parameter values: [1]

Parameter:	Real networks:
R_n	3.0-5.0
R_a	3.0-6.0
$R_\ell = R_T$	1.5-3.0
T_1	1.0-1.5
d	1.1 ± 0.01
D	1.8 ± 0.1
h	0.50-0.70
τ	1.43 ± 0.05
γ	1.8 ± 0.1
H	0.75-0.80
β	0.50-0.70
φ	1.05 ± 0.05

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'Laws'

Hack's law (1957) [3]:

$\ell \propto a^h$

reportedly $0.5 < h < 0.7$

Scaling of main stream length with basin size:

$\ell \propto L^d$

reportedly $1.0 < d < 1.1$

Basin allometry:

$L_\parallel \propto a^{h/d} \equiv a^{1/D}$

$D < 2 \rightarrow$ basins elongate.

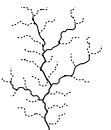
Kind of a mess ...

Order of business:

1. Find out how these relationships are connected.
2. Determine most fundamental description.
3. Explain origins of these parameter values

For (3): **Many attempts: not yet sorted out ...**

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Stream Ordering:

Method for describing network architecture:

- Introduced by Horton (1945)^[4]
- Modified by Strahler (1957)^[7]
- Term: Horton-Strahler Stream Ordering^[5]
- Can be seen as **iterative trimming** of a network.

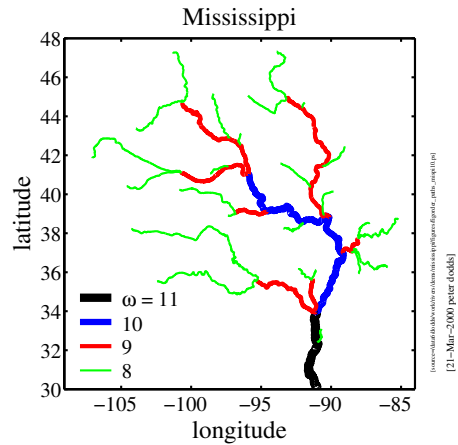
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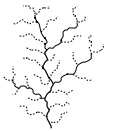
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Stream Ordering—A large example:



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Stream Ordering:

Some definitions:

- A **channel head** is a point in landscape where flow becomes focused enough to form a stream.
- A **source stream** is defined as the stream that reaches from a channel head to a junction with another stream.
- Roughly analogous to capillary vessels.
- Use symbol $\omega = 1, 2, 3, \dots$ for stream order.

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Stream Ordering:

Another way to define ordering:

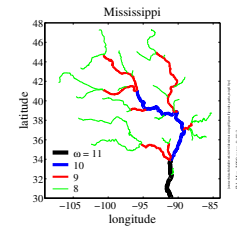
- As before, label all **source streams** as **order $\omega = 1$** .
- Follow all labelled streams **downstream**
- Whenever two streams of the same order (ω) meet, the resulting stream has order incremented by 1 ($\omega + 1$).

- If streams of different orders ω_1 and ω_2 meet, then the resultant stream has order equal to the largest of the two.

- Simple rule:

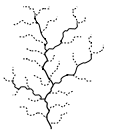
$$\omega_3 = \max(\omega_1, \omega_2) + \delta_{\omega_1, \omega_2}$$

where δ is the Kronecker delta.



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Stream Ordering:



- Label all **source streams** as **order $\omega = 1$** and remove.
- Label all **new** source streams as **order $\omega = 2$** and remove.
- Repeat until one stream is left (order = Ω)
- Basin is said to be of the order of the last stream removed.
- Example above is a basin of order $\Omega = 3$.

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Stream Ordering:

One problem:

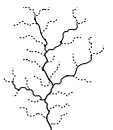
- Resolution of data messes with ordering
- Micro-description changes (e.g., order of a basin may increase)
- ...but relationships based on ordering appear to be robust to resolution changes.

Utility:

- Stream ordering helpfully discretizes a network.
- Goal: understand **network architecture**

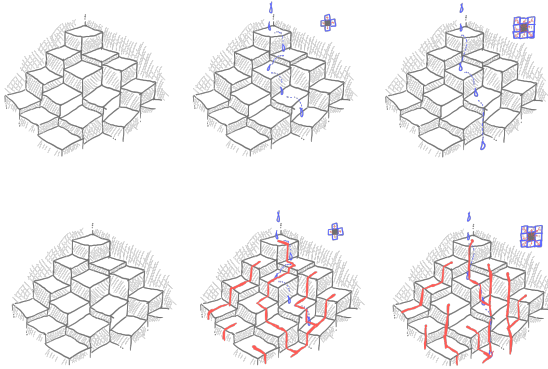
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Basic algorithm for extracting networks from Digital Elevation Models (DEMs):



Also:

[/Users/dodds/work/ivers/1998dems/kevinlakewaste](#)

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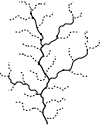
Stream Ordering:

Resultant definitions:

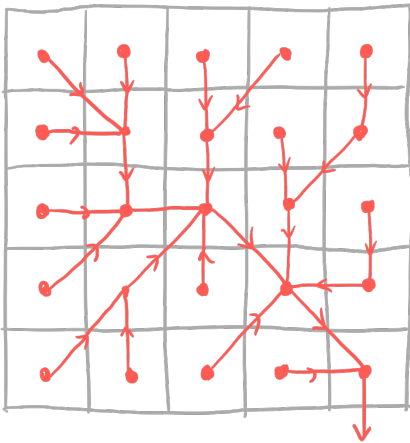
- A basin of order Ω has n_ω streams (or sub-basins) of order ω .
 - $n_\omega > n_{\omega+1}$
- An order ω basin has area a_ω .
- An order ω basin has a main stream length ℓ_ω .
- An order ω basin has a stream segment length s_ω .
 1. an order ω stream segment is only that part of the stream which is actually of order ω
 2. an order ω stream segment runs from the basin outlet up to the junction of two order $\omega - 1$ streams

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Horton's laws

Self-similarity of river networks

- First quantified by Horton (1945)^[4], expanded by Schumm (1956)^[6]

Three laws:

- Horton's law of stream numbers:

$$n_\omega / n_{\omega+1} = R_n > 1$$

- Horton's law of stream lengths:

$$\bar{\ell}_{\omega+1} / \bar{\ell}_\omega = R_\ell > 1$$

- Horton's law of basin areas:

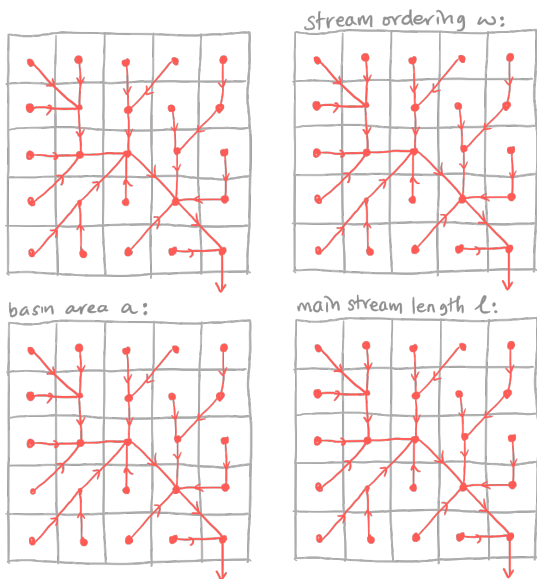
$$\bar{a}_{\omega+1} / \bar{a}_\omega = R_a > 1$$

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Horton's laws

Horton's Ratios:

- So ...laws are defined by three ratios:

$$R_n, R_\ell, \text{ and } R_a.$$

- Horton's laws describe exponential decay or growth:

$$\begin{aligned} n_\omega &= n_{\omega-1} / R_n \\ &= n_{\omega-2} / R_n^2 \\ &\vdots \\ &= n_1 / R_n^{\omega-1} \\ &= n_1 e^{-(\omega-1) \ln R_n} \end{aligned}$$

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Horton's laws

Similar story for area and length:



$$\bar{a}_\omega = \bar{a}_1 e^{(\omega-1) \ln R_a}$$



$$\bar{\ell}_\omega = \bar{\ell}_1 e^{(\omega-1) \ln R_\ell}$$

As stream order increases, **number drops** and **area and length increase**.

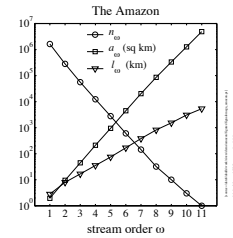
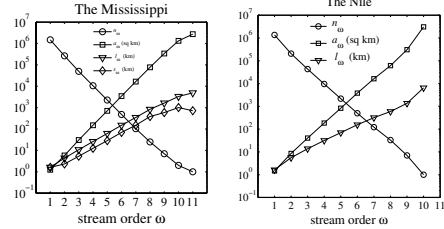
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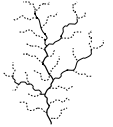
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Horton's laws in the real world:



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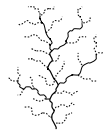
Horton's laws

A few more things:

- Horton's laws are laws of averages.
- Averaging for number is **across** basins.
- Averaging for stream lengths and areas is **within** basins.
- Horton's ratios go a long way to defining a branching network ...
- But we need one other piece of information ...

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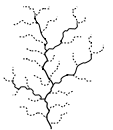
Horton's laws-at-large

Blood networks:

- Horton's laws hold for sections of cardiovascular networks
- Measuring such networks is tricky and messy ...
- Vessel diameters obey an analogous Horton's law.

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Horton's laws

A bonus law:

Horton's law of stream segment lengths:

$$\bar{s}_{\omega+1} / \bar{s}_\omega = R_s > 1$$

Can show that $R_s = R_\ell$.

Insert question from assignment 1

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Data from real blood networks

Network	R_n	R_r	R_ℓ	$-\frac{\ln R_r}{\ln R_n}$	$-\frac{\ln R_\ell}{\ln R_n}$	α
West <i>et al.</i>	-	-	-	1/2	1/3	3/4
rat (PAT)	2.76	1.58	1.60	0.45	0.46	0.73
cat (PAT) ^[11]	3.67	1.71	1.78	0.41	0.44	0.79
dog (PAT)	3.69	1.67	1.52	0.39	0.32	0.90
pig (LCX)	3.57	1.89	2.20	0.50	0.62	0.62
pig (RCA)	3.50	1.81	2.12	0.47	0.60	0.65
pig (LAD)	3.51	1.84	2.02	0.49	0.56	0.65
human (PAT)	3.03	1.60	1.49	0.42	0.36	0.83
human (PAT)	3.36	1.56	1.49	0.37	0.33	0.94

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Horton's laws

Observations:

- Horton's ratios vary:

R_n	3.0–5.0
R_a	3.0–6.0
R_ℓ	1.5–3.0

- No accepted explanation for these values.
- Horton's laws tell us how quantities vary from level to level ...
- ...but they don't explain how networks are structured.

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Network Architecture

Tokunaga's law

- Property 1: Scale independence—depends only on difference between orders:

$$T_{\mu,\nu} = T_{\mu-\nu}$$

- Property 2: Number of side streams grows exponentially with difference in orders:

$$T_{\mu,\nu} = T_1(R_T)^{\mu-\nu-1}$$

- We usually write Tokunaga's law as:

$$T_k = T_1(R_T)^{k-1} \text{ where } R_T \approx 2$$

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Tokunaga's law

Delving deeper into network architecture:

- Tokunaga (1968) identified a clearer picture of network structure [8, 9, 10]
- As per Horton-Strahler, use **stream ordering**.
- Focus:** describe how streams of different orders connect to each other.
- Tokunaga's law is also a law of averages.

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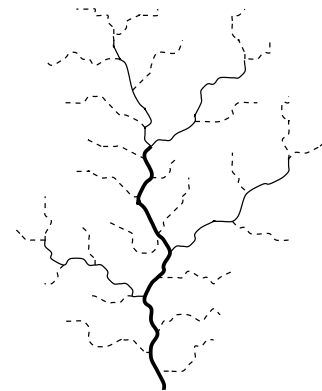


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Tokunaga's law—an example:

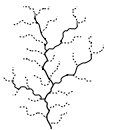
$$T_1 \approx 2$$

$$R_T \approx 4$$



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Network Architecture

Definition:

- $T_{\mu,\nu}$ = the average number of **side streams of order ν** that enter as tributaries to streams of **order μ**
- $\mu, \nu = 1, 2, 3, \dots$
- $\mu \geq \nu + 1$
- Recall each stream segment of order μ is 'generated' by two streams of order $\mu - 1$
- These generating streams are not considered side streams.

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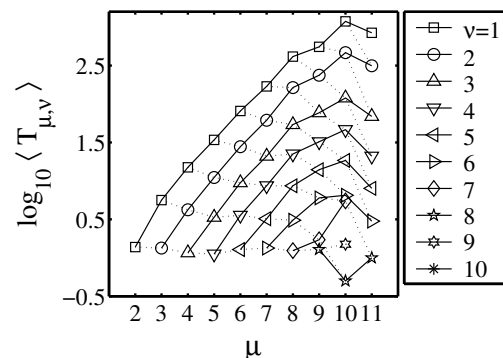
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The Mississippi

A Tokunaga graph:



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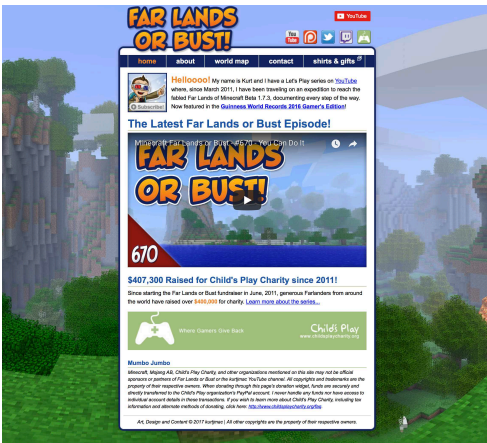
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Nutshell:

- ☞ Branching networks show remarkable **self-similarity** over many scales.
- ☞ There are many interrelated scaling laws.
- ☞ Horton-Strahler **Stream ordering** gives one useful way of getting at the architecture of branching networks.
- ☞ **Horton's laws** reveal self-similarity.
- ☞ Horton's laws can be misinterpreted as suggesting a pure hierarchy.
- ☞ **Tokunaga's laws** neatly describe network architecture.
- ☞ Branching networks exhibit a mixed hierarchical structure.
- ☞ Horton and Tokunaga can be connected analytically.
- ☞ Surprisingly:

$$R_n = \frac{(2 + R_T + T_1) + \sqrt{(2 + R_T + T_1)^2 - 8R_T}}{2}$$

Crafting landscapes—Far Lands or Bust



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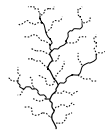
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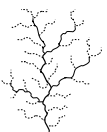
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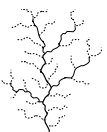
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