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Principles of Complex Systems | @pocsvox CSYS/MATH 300, Fall, 2017

Prof. Peter Dodds | @peterdodds

Dept. of Mathematics & Statistics | Vermont Complex Systems Center Vermont Advanced Computing Core | University of Vermont













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George Kingsley Zipf:

In brief:

- \mathbb{Z} Zipf \mathbb{Z} (1902–1950) was a linguist at Harvard, specializing in Chinese languages.
- Unusual passion for statistical analysis of texts.
- Studied human behavior much more generally ...

Zipf's masterwork:

"Human Behavior and the Principle of Least Effort" Addison-Wesley, 1949 Cambridge, MA^[2]

Bonus field of study: Glottometrics.

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Bonus 'word' word: Glossolalia.



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Human Behavior/Principle of Least Effort:

From the Preface—

Nearly twenty-five years ago it occurred to me that we might gain considerable insight into the mainsprings of human behavior if we viewed it purely as a natural phenomenon like everything else in the universe, ...

And—

... the expressed purpose of this book is to establish The Principle of Least Effort as the primary principle that governs our entire individual and collective behavior ...





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The Principle of Least Effort:

Zipf's framing (p. 1):

- "... a person in solving his immediate problems will view these against the background of his probable future problems as estimated by himself."
- "... he will strive ... to minimize the total work that he must expend in solving both his immediate problems and his probable future problems."

"[he will strive to] minimize the probable average rate of his work-expenditure..."

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Zipfian empirics:

 $f \sim r^{-1}$ for word frequency:



Fig. 2-1. The rank-frequency distribution of words. (A) The Jame Joyce data; (B) the Eldridge data; (C) ideal curve with slope of negative unity.

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Rampaging research

Within Human Behavior and the Principle of Least Effort:

- City sizes
- # retail stores in cities
- # services (barber shops, beauty parlors, cleaning,
- # people in occupations
- # one-way trips in cars and trucks vs. distance

A and $B. \Rightarrow$ 'Gravity Law.'

- # new items by dateline
- 🙈 weight moved between cities by rail
- # telephone messages between cities
- 🚓 # people moving vs. distance
- 🙈 # marriages vs. distance

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Zipf uses the analogy of tools: one tool for all tasks.

Easiest for the speaker to use just one word.

Encoding is simple but decoding is hard

Forces of Unification and Diversification:

- Optimal for listener if all pieces of information correspond to different words (or morphemes).
- Analogy: a specialized tool for every task. Decoding is simple but encoding is hard
- Zipf thereby argues for a tension that should lead to an uneven distribution of word usage.
- No formal theory beyond this... (more later [1])

Zipfian empirics:



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Zipfian empirics:

(f = frequency, r = rank).

Observed general dependency of 'interactions'

between cities A and B on P_AP_B/D_{AB} where P_A and P_B are population size and D_{AB} is distance between

Arbitrary Ranks with Frequencies in James Joyce's <i>Ulysses</i> (Hanley Index)							
I Rank (r)	II Frequency (f)	Product of I and II (r × f = C)	TV Theoretical Length of Ulysses (C × 10)				
10	2,653	26,530	265,500				
20	1,311	26,220	262,200				
30	926	27,780	277,800				
40	717	28,680	286,800				
50	556	27,800	278,800				
100	265	26,500	265,000				
200	133	26,600	266,000				
300	84	25,200	252,000				
400	62	24,800	248,000				
. 500	50	25,000	250,000				
1,000	26	26,000	260,000				
2,000	12	24,000	240,000				
3,000	8	24,000	240,000				
4,000	6	24,000	240,000				
5,000	5	25,000	250,000				
10,000	2	20,000	200,000				
20,000	1	20,000	200,000				
20,000 29,899	1	20,000 29,899	200,000 298,990				

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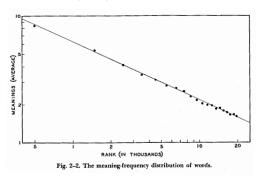
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Number of meanings $m_r \propto f_r^{1/2}$ where r is rank and f_r is frequency.



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Article length in the Encyclopedia Britannica:

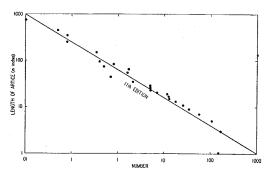


Fig. 5-3. The number of different articles of like length in samples of the 11th edition of the *Encyclopaedia Britannica*. Lengths in inches.

 $\mbox{\&}$ (?) slope of -3/5 corresponds to $\gamma = 5/3$.

Zipfian empirics:

Population size of districts:

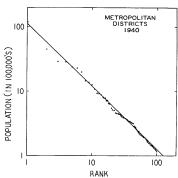


Fig. 9-2. Metropolitan districts. One hundred largest in the U. S. A. in 1940, ranked in the order of decreasing population size.

 $\alpha = 1$ corresponds to $\gamma = 1 + 1/\alpha = 2$.

Zipfian empirics:

Number of employees in organizations

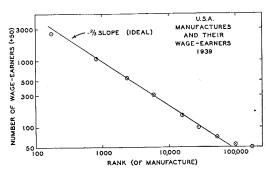


Fig. 9-8. Manufactures and their wage earners in the U. S. A. in 1939, with the manufactures ranked in the order of their decreasing number of wage earners.

 $\alpha = 2/3$ corresponds to $\gamma = 1 + 1/\alpha = 5/2$.

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 \clubsuit # news items as a function of population P_2 of location in the Chicago Tribune

D = distance, P_1 = Chicago's population

Solid line = +1 exponent.

with population P_2 .

Solid line = +1 exponent.

Zipfian empirics:

Movement of stuff between cities

Solid line = +1 exponent.

Arr D = distance, P_1 and P_2 = city populations.

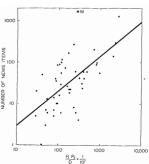


Fig. 9-10. Number of different news items in The Chicago Tribune

obituaries in the New York Times for locations

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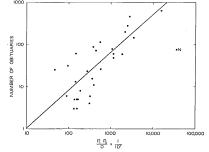


Fig. 9–11. Number of obituaries in *The New York Times* (N represents Newark, New Jersey).





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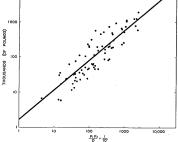


Fig. 9-14. Railway express. The movement by weight (less carload lots) between 13 arbitrary cities in the U. S. A., May 1939.





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The probability of marriage?

& Length of trip versus frequency of trip.

Solid line = -1/2 exponent corresponds to $\gamma = 2$.

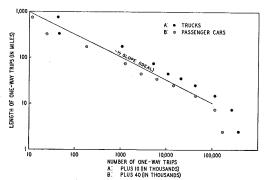


Fig. 9-19. Trucks and passenger cars: the number of one-way trips of like length.

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Zipfian empirics:

TABLE 2-2

The Number-Frequency Relationship, $N(f^2 - \frac{1}{4}) = C$, of (I) some Arbitrary Lower Frequencies of (II) Joyce's Ulysses and (III) four Latin plays of Plantes

1	Calculated	$N(f^2 - \frac{1}{4})$
Frequency (f)	II Ulysses	III Plautus
1	12,324	4,075
2	15,410	4,490
3	19,193	4,280
4	20,239	4,750
5	22,424	3,985
6	22,773	4,504
7	23,546	4,241
8	23,651	4,399
9	24,063	4,366
10	22,145	4,289
15	21,576	2,922
20	27,844	5,996
30	18,000	3,600
40	25,600	4,800
50	22,500	5,000

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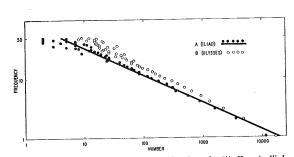


Fig. 2-3. The number-frequency relationship of words. (A) Homer's *Iliad*; (B) James Joyce's *Ulysses*.





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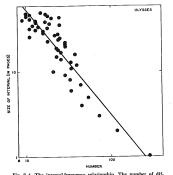
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Comment #60 in Math and the City ☑ by Strogatz, NYT:

DISTANCE (IN BLOCKS) Fig. 9-22. Number of marriage licenses issued to 5,000 pairs of applicants living within Philadelphia in 1931 and separated by varying distances (the data of J. H. S. Bossard).

60. May 20, 2009 9:26 am

Link

George Kingsley Zipf was my teacher at Harvard...He had given a class project where we were to see if Chemical Companies when ranked by the number of different chemicles they produced, followed his Law of Least Effort. I missed turning in my assignment due to the accidental death of my father....When I returned from the funeral I was given a message to call Dr. Zipf immediately. I did and when I explained why I was late turning in the data. He said, "Well, your father's gone and I (Zipf) have no pipeline to God. I expect the data will be on my desk tomorrow morning!".....My mother, sister and extended family spread huge books of trade magazines on the kitchen and dining room tables and furiously went to work....We worked until late in the night and finished the project I drove to Harvard the next morning and angrily gave the hundreds of 'three by five cards' to Zipf. All he said was, "Thank you." Years later, I wondered whether his'meaness' had really been his way of helping me and my family to take our minds of our grief that day and concentrate on finishing my assignment. In my youth I thought not, but now as I approach 80, I like to think his seemingly hurtful attitude was really an act of kindness,,,,,

- Jim Terry

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TABLE 2-3

Calculated values of negative slopes, errors, and Y-intercepts of the number, N, of interval-sizes, I_p between the repetition of words in 14 frequency-classes, I_p as fixed to the equation aX + Y = C where $X = \log N$ and $Y = \log I_p$ and where I_f has integral values from 1 through 21 inclusive.

I No. of Analysis	II Frequency of Occur. (f)	III No. of Different Words of like f	Slope of Best Line of Y's (negative) (Y = log It)	V Error (root-mean- square)	VI Y-intercept (antilog thereof)
1	5	906	1.21	.151	716
2	6	637	1.20	.169	666
3	10	222	1.27	.106	677
4	12	155	1.24	.111	491
5	15	96	1.15	.096	328
6	16	86	.96	.124	153
7	17	79	1.22	.174	422
8	18	62	1.20	.120	264
9	19	63	1.21	.148	350
10	20	69	1.29	.124	944
11	21	52	1.05	.138	212
12	22	50	1.10	.117	264
13	23	44	1.24	.113	352
14F	24	34	1.01	.158	136
15Z	24	34	1.05	.147	153

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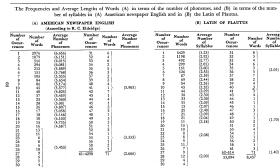
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TABLE 3-1



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TABLE 2-4

No. of		1	1-1	Intervals between Repetitions in Order of Appearance										e
Sample	Ĺ		1	2	3	1	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	ı
1	6	5	62	55	62	58	52				_		Г	1
2	12	11	7	19	15	16	9	12	18	16	12	15	14	
3	16	15	6	10	10	13	18	11	16	11	11	10	11	١,
4	17	16	4	3	5	6	4	8	5	10	11	9	14	Ι.
5	18	17	9	11	6	5	6	7	7	16	9	6	2	i
6	19	18	3	8	5	11	5	6	13	0	6	5	6	
7	28	20	3	4	10	1 8	8	9	3	10	8	11	7	5
8	22	21	7	5	8	12	5	9	5	9	6	12	5	É
9	23	22	3	5	6	4	8	4	3	2	7	3	4	- 3
10	24	23	3	5	2	1	3 /	3 .	3	3	à	5	2	- 7

No. of	Ţ,,		(-1	1	nterv	ıls be	lween	Repe	titions	in O	rder of	f App	earan	ce
Sample	Ľ		1.3	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	25	
3	16	15	6	8	12									
4 .	17	16	8	6	7	8								
5	18	17	5	6	6	5	1 4						1	
6	19	18	2	- 7	10	5	1 7	4						
7	21	20	6 .	6	2	1	7	8	4	2				
8	22	21	6	6	7	10	7	10	0	5	2			
9	23	22	5	7	3	6	2	7	2	3	î	3		
10	24	23	7	3	2	2	ō	l i l	2	2	2	Ř	1 -	

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Fig. 3–1. Nootka. The rank-frequency distribution of (A_1) "varimorphs," (A_2) morphemes, and (B) holophrases.





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Fig. 3-7. Gothic words. (A) Rank-frequency distribution; (B) number-frequency distribution.

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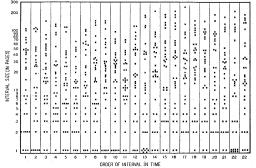


Fig. 2-5. The distribution of intervals between repetitions among the words occurring twenty-four times in James Joyce's Ulysses.



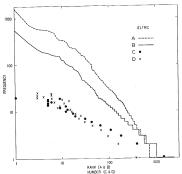


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Zipfian empirics (p. 176):

🚓 Article length in the Encylopedia Brittanica

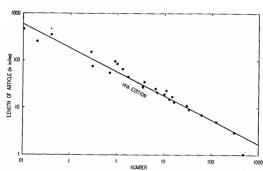


Fig. 5-2. The number of different articles of like length in samples of the 14th edition of the Encyclopaedia Britannica. Lengths in inches.

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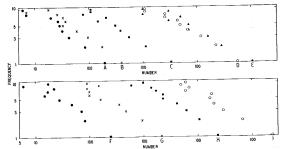
References





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Zipfian empirics:



hemes. The number-frequency distributions of nine different authors

Zipfian empirics:

TABLE 6-1

The X Number of Different Genera of Like Y Number of Different Species of the Flora of Ceylon (After J. C. Willis).

No. of Genera	No. of Species Y
573	1
176	2
85	3
49	4
36	5
20	6

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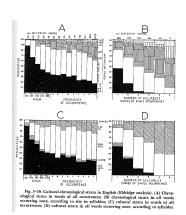


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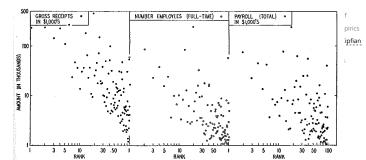


Fig. 9-9. Gross receipts, number of full-time employees, and total payroll of cricic establishments in the U. S. A. in 1939 when the service establishments are service establishments in the U. S. A. in 1939 when the service establishments are ranked in the order of their decreasing number of members as in Fig. 9-4 supra.



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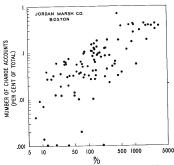


Fig. 9-13. Charge accounts of Jordan Marsh Co., Boston, in 96 cities and towns in Massachusetts, New Hampshire, and Maine, with their percentages of total charge accounts plotted against the communities' values of P/D.

Zipfian empirics:

species per genera:

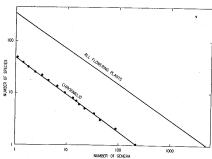


Fig. 6-1. The number of different genera of like number of different species for all flowering plants and for Chrysomelid beetles (from the J. C. Willis data, after reversing the co-ordinates).

 $\alpha = 1$ corresponds to $\gamma = 1 + 1/\alpha = 2$.

Zipfian empirics:

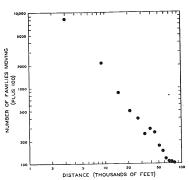


Fig. 9-23. Number of families (plus 100) moving varying distances within or between separated areas in Cleveland during 1933-1935 (adapted from the data of S. A. Stouffer).

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References I

[1] R. Ferrer-i-Cancho and R. V. Solé. Least effort and the origins of scaling in human language. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci, 100:788-791, 2003. pdf

[2] G. K. Zipf.

Human Behaviour and the Principle of Least-Effort.

Addison-Wesley, Cambridge, MA, 1949.

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