Principles of Complex Systems | @pocsvox CSYS/MATH 300, Fall, 2017

Prof. Peter Dodds | @peterdodds

Dept. of Mathematics & Statistics | Vermont Complex Systems Center | Vermont Advanced Computing Core | University of Vermont























Licensed under the Creative Commons Attribution-NonCommercial-ShareAlike 3.0 License.

PoCS | @pocsvox Semester projects

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive

References





20 1 of 66

These slides are brought to you by:



PoCS | @pocsvox Semester projects

The Plan

Suggestions for

Projects Archive







These slides are also brought to you by:

Special Guest Executive Producer: Pratchett



On Instagram at pratchett_the_cat

PoCS | @pocsvox Semester projects

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive

References





20 3 of 66

Outline

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive

References

PoCS | @pocsvox Semester projects

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive







Requirements:

- 1. 2 minute introduction to project (*n*th week).
- 2. 4 minute final presentation.
- B. Report: ≥ 4 pages (single space), journal-style
- 4. And/Or: Online visualization.
- 5: Use Github for code and data visualizations.
- 6. Work in teams of 2 or 3.

Goals range from:

- Understand, critique, and communicate published work.
- Seed research papers or help papers along.

PoCS | @pocsvox Semester projects

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive





Requirements:

- 1. 2 minute introduction to project (*n*th week).
- 2. 4 minute final presentation.
- 3. Report: ≥ 4 pages (single space), journal-style
- 4. And/Or: Online visualization.
- 5: Use Github for code and data visualizations.
- 6. Work in teams of 2 or 3.

Goals range from:

- Understand, critique, and communicate published work.
- Seed research papers or help papers along.

PoCS | @pocsvox Semester projects

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive





Requirements:

- 1. 2 minute introduction to project (*n*th week).
- 2. 4 minute final presentation.
- 3. Report: \geq 4 pages (single space), journal-style
- 4. And/Or: Online visualization.
- 5: Use Github for code and data visualizations
- 6. Work in teams of 2 or 3.

Goals range from:

- Understand, critique, and communicate published work.
- Seed research papers or help papers along.

PoCS | @pocsvox Semester projects

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive







Requirements:

- 1. 2 minute introduction to project (*n*th week).
- 2. 4 minute final presentation.
- 3. Report: \geq 4 pages (single space), journal-style
- 4. And/Or: Online visualization.
- 5. Use Github for code and data visualizations
- 6. Work in teams of 2 or 3.

Goals range from:

- Understand, critique, and communicate published work.
- Seed research papers or help papers along.

PoCS | @pocsvox Semester projects

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive







Requirements:

- 1. 2 minute introduction to project (*n*th week).
- 2. 4 minute final presentation.
- 3. Report: \geq 4 pages (single space), journal-style
- 4. And/Or: Online visualization.
- 5. Use Github for code and data visualizations.

6. Work in teams of 2 or 3.

Goals range from:

Understand, critique, and communicate published work.

Seed research papers or help papers along.

PoCS | @pocsvox Semester projects

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive







Requirements:

- 1. 2 minute introduction to project (*n*th week).
- 2. 4 minute final presentation.
- 3. Report: \geq 4 pages (single space), journal-style
- 4. And/Or: Online visualization.
- 5. Use Github for code and data visualizations.
- 6. Work in teams of 2 or 3.

South translet them.

Understand, critique, and communicate published work.

Seed research papers or help papers along.

PoCS | @pocsvox Semester projects

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive







PoCS | @pocsvox Semester projects

Requirements:

- 1. 2 minute introduction to project (nth week).
- 2. 4 minute final presentation.
- 3. Report: \geq 4 pages (single space), journal-style
- 4. And/Or: Online visualization.
- 5. Use Github for code and data visualizations.
- 6. Work in teams of 2 or 3.

Goals range from:

- Understand, critique, and communicate published work.
- Seed research papers or help papers along.

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive

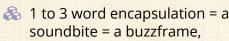


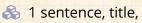


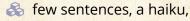


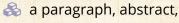
The narrative hierarchy—Stories and Storytelling on all Scales:











short paper, essay,

long paper,

🚓 chapter,

book,







PoCS | @pocsvox Semester projects

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

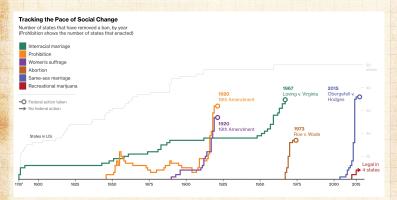
Archive







"This Is How Fast America Changes Its Mind"



Alex Tribou and Keith Collins, 2015

PoCS | @pocsvox
Semester projects

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive







For story explorers:

Plots from Wikipedia: https://github.com/markriedl/WikiPlots

Millions of books on the VACC: Hathitrust data set.

So many possibilities 🗹

PoCS | @pocsvox Semester projects

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

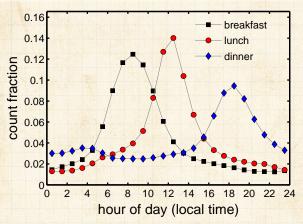
Archive







Twitter—living in the now:



Research opportunity: be involved in our socioinfo-algorithmo-econo-geo-technico-physical systems research group studying Twitter and other wordful large data sets. PoCS | @pocsvox Semester projects

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive







Rummage round in the papers we've covered in our weekly Complex Systems Reading Group at UVM.



PoCS | @pocsvox Semester projects

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive







Explore the Sociotechnocene.

PoCS | @pocsvox Semester projects

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive







PoCS | @pocsvox Semester projects

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive

References



Explore the Sociotechnocene.



Develop and elaborate an online experiment to study some aspect of sociotechnical phenomena







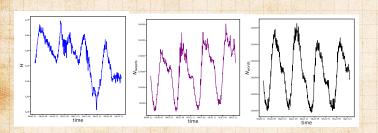
Archive

- Explore the Sociotechnocene.
- Develop and elaborate an online experiment to study some aspect of sociotechnical phenomena
- e.g., collective search, cooperation, cheating, influence, creation, decision-making, language, belief, stories, etc.
- Part of the PLAY project.





Storyfinder:



PoCS | @pocsvox Semester projects

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive







The Sixipedia!



SIXIPEDIA

PoCS | @pocsvox Semester projects

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive

References





9 a № 13 of 66

Sociotechnical phenomena—Foldit:



Figure 1 Foldit screenshot illustrating tools and visualizations. The visualizations include a clash representing atoms that are too close (arrow 1); a hydrogen bond (arrow 2); a hydrophobic side chain with a vellow blob because it is exposed (arrow 3); a hydrophilic side chain (arrow 4); and a segment of the backbone that is red due to high residue energy (arrow 5). The players can make modifications including 'rubber bands' (arrow 6), which add constraints to guide automated tools, and freezing (arrow 7), which

prevents degrees of freedom from changing. The user interface includes information about the player's current status, including score (arrow 8); a leader board (arrow 9), which shows the scores of other players and groups: toolbars for accessing tools and options (arrow 10); chat for interacting with other players (arrow 11); and a 'cookbook' for making new automated tools or 'recipes' (arrow 12).



"Predicting protein structures with a multiplayer online game." Cooper et al., Nature, 2010. [12]

PoCS | @pocsvox Semester projects

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive







Sociotechnical phenomena—Foldit:



Figure 1 Foldit screenshot illustrating tools and visualizations. The visualizations include a clash representing atoms that are too close (arrow 1); a hydrogen bond (arrow 2); a hydrophobic side chain with a vellow blob because it is exposed (arrow 3); a hydrophilic side chain (arrow 4); and a segment of the backbone that is red due to high residue energy (arrow 5). The players can make modifications including 'rubber bands' (arrow 6), which add constraints to guide automated tools, and freezing (arrow 7), which

prevents degrees of freedom from changing. The user interface includes information about the player's current status, including score (arrow 8); a leader board (arrow 9), which shows the scores of other players and groups; toolbars for accessing tools and options (arrow 10); chat for interacting with other players (arrow 11); and a 'cookbook' for making new automated tools or 'recipes' (arrow 12).



"Predicting protein structures with a multiplayer online game." Cooper et al., Nature, 2010. [12]



Also: zooniverse , ESP game , captchas .

PoCS | @pocsvox Semester projects

The Plan

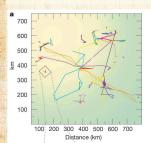
Suggestions for Projects

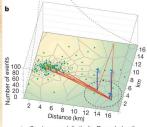
Archive











Service area delimit → Recorded path
 Mobile phone tower → Preferred position ○ r_a ~4 kr



- Study movement and interactions of people.
- Brockmann et al. [5] "Where's George" study.
- Barabasi's group: tracking movement via cell phones [21].

PoCS | @pocsvox Semester projects

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive

References

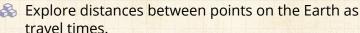




9 a № 15 of 66

The madness of modern geography:





PoCS | @pocsvox Semester projects

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive









"A universal model for mobility and migration patterns"
Simini et al.,
Nature, **484**, 96–100, 2012. [37]



"The hidden geometry of complex, network-driven contagion phenomena" Brockmann and Helbing, Science, **342**, 1337–1342, 2013. [4]

PoCS | @pocsvox Semester projects

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive

References





9 a @ 17 of 66

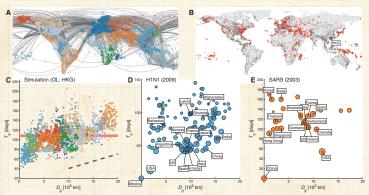


Fig. 1. Complexity in global, network-driven contagion phenomena. Al The global mobility network (GMN), Gry lines represent passenger flows along direct connections between 4069 airports worldwide. Geographic regions are distinguished by color (classified according to network modularly maximization (39)). (B) Temporal snapshot of a simulated global pandemic with initial outbreak location (CU in Hong Kong (HKC). The simulation is based on the metapopulation model defined by Eq. 3 with parameters $R_0 = 1.5$, p = 0.285 day $^{\circ}$, $v = 2.0 \times 10^{\circ}$ day $^{\circ}$ day $^{\circ}$

global scale, T, weakly correlates with geographic distance D, (** = 0.34). A linear fit yelds an average plobal spreading speed of v. = 331 km/day (see also fig. 57). Using D, and v, to estimate arrival times for specific locations, however, does not work well owing to the story availability of the arrival times for a given geographic distance. The red horizontal bar corresponds to the arrival time window shown in (8). (D) Arrival times versus geographic distance from the source (Mexico for the 2009 H1M2) pandemic. Symbols represent 140 affected countries, and symbol size quantifies total traffic per country. Arrival times are defined as the date of the first confirmed case in a given country after the initial outbreak on 17 March 2009. As in the simulated scenario, arrival time are geographic distance are only weakly correlated (** – 0.0394). (E) In analogy to (D), the panel depicts the arrival times versus geographic distance from the source (China) of the 2003 SARS epidemic for 29 affected countries worldwide. Arrival times are taken from WHO published data (2). As in (C) and (D), arrival time correlates weakly with geographic distance.

PoCS | @pocsvox
Semester projects

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive







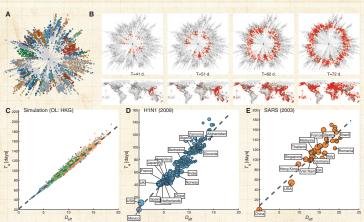


Fig. 2. Understanding global contagion phenomena using effective distance. (A) The structure of the shortest path tree (in gray) from Hong Kong (central node). A adial distance represents effective distance $D_{\rm eff}$ as defined by Eqs. 4 and 5. Nodes are colored according to the same scheme as in Fig. 1A. (B) the sequence (from left to right) of panels depicts the time course of a simulated model disease with initial outbreak in Hong Kong (HKG), for the same parameters at sued in Fig. 1B. Prevalence is reflected by the renders of the symbols. Each panel compares the state of the system in the conventional geographic representation (top). The complex spatial pattern in the conventional view is equivalent to a homogeneous pattern in the conventional view is equivalent to a homogeneous pattern in the conventional view is equivalent to a homogeneous pattern in the conventional view is equivalent to a homogeneous pattern in the conventional view is equivalent to a homogeneous pattern in the conventional view is equivalent to a homogeneous pattern in the conventional view is equivalent to a homogeneous pattern in the conventional view is equivalent to a homogeneous pattern in the conventional view is equivalent to a homogeneous pattern in the conventional view is equivalent to a homogeneous pattern in the conventional view is equivalent to a homogeneous pattern in the conventional view is equivalent to a homogeneous pattern in the conventional view is equivalent to a homogeneous pattern in the conventional view is equivalent to a homogeneous pattern in the conventional view is equivalent to a homogeneous pattern in the conventional view is equivalent to a homogeneous pattern in the conventional view is equivalent to a homogeneous pattern in the conventional view is equivalent to a homogeneous pattern in the conventional view is equivalent to a homogeneous pattern in the convention view is equivalent to a view in the view is equivalent to a view in the vie

neous wave that propagates outwards at constant effective speed in the effective distance representation. (C) Epidemic airvald time T_c , versus effective distance $D_{\rm eff}$ for the same simulated epidemic as in (8). In contrast to geographic distance (Fig. 12, d). Effective distance correlates trongly with arrival times. (P = 0.973), i.e., effective distance is an excellent predictor of arrival times. (P = 0.973), i.e., effective distance and errival time for the 2009 H1N1 pandemic (0) and the 2003 SARS epidemic (E). The arrival time data are the same as in Fig. 1, D and E. The effective distance was computed from the projected global mobility network between countries. As in the model system, we observe a strong correlation between arrival time and effective distances.

PoCS | @pocsvox
Semester projects

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive

References





9 a @ 19 of 66

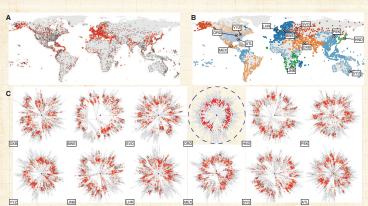


Fig. 3. Qualitative outbreak reconstruction based on effective distance. (A) Spatial distribution of prevalence $j_i(t)$ at time T=81 days for 0.1 Chicago (parameters $\beta=0.28$ day 2 , $R_0=0.19$, $\gamma=2.8$ at $\gamma=3$ day 2 , and $\alpha=1$ day. After this time, it is difficult, if not impossible, to determine the correct OL from snapshots of the dynamics. (B) Candidate OLs chosen from different geographic regions. (C) Panels depict the state of the system shown in (A) from the

perspective of each candidate OL, using each OL's shortest path tree representation. Only the actual OL (ORD, circled in blue) produces a circular waveless. Further, the service of comparable North American airports [Atlanta ARIL, Foronto (YVZ), and Mexico City (MEX), the wavefronts are not nearly as concentric. Effective distances thus permit the extraction of the correct OL, based on information on the mobility network and a single snapshot of the dynamics. PoCS | @pocsvox
Semester projects

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive







Multilayer networks:

Explore "Catastrophic cascade of failures in interdependent networks" [6]. Buldyrev et al., Nature 2010.

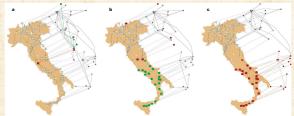


Figure 1 | Modelling a blackout in Italy. Illustration of an iterative process of a cascade of failures using real-world data from a power network (located on the map of Italy) and an Internet network (shifted above the map) that were implicated in an electrical blackout that occurred in Italy in September 200320. The networks are drawn using the real geographical locations and every Internet server is connected to the geographically nearest power station. a, One power station is removed (red node on map) from the power network and as a result the Internet nodes depending on it are removed from the Internet network (red nodes above the map). The nodes that will be disconnected from the giant cluster (a cluster that spans the entire network)

at the next step are marked in green. b, Additional nodes that were disconnected from the Internet communication network giant component are removed (red nodes above map). As a result the power stations depending on them are removed from the power network (red nodes on map). Again, the nodes that will be disconnected from the giant cluster at the next step are marked in green c. Additional nodes that were disconnected from the giant component of the power network are removed (red nodes on map) as well as the nodes in the Internet network that depend on them (red nodes above man).

PoCS | @pocsvox Semester projects

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive







HOT networks:



The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive

References



"The "Robust yet Fragile" nature of the Internet"

Doyle et al.,

Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci., **2005**, 14497–14502, 2005. [17]







Read and critique "Historical Dynamics: Why States Rise and Fall" by Peter Turchin. [41]

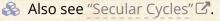
Can history be explained by differential equations?: Clyodynamics ☑,

"Big History"



"The life-spans of Empires" Samuel Arbesman,
Historical Methods: A Journal of
Quantitative and Interdisciplinary History,
44, 127–129, 2011. [1]





PoCS | @pocsvox Semester projects

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive





Explore general theories on system robustness.

Are there universal signatures that presage system failure?

PoCS | @pocsvox Semester projects

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive





PoCS | @pocsvox Semester projects

Explore general theories on system robustness.

Are there universal signatures that presage system failure?

See "Early-warning signals for critical transitions" Scheffer et al., Nature 2009. [35]

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive





8

Explore general theories on system robustness.

Are there universal signatures that presage system failure?

See "Early-warning signals for critical transitions" Scheffer et al., Nature 2009. [35]

"Although predicting such critical points before they are reached is extremely difficult, work in different scientific fields is now suggesting the existence of generic early-warning signals that may indicate for a wide class of systems if a critical threshold is approaching."

Robust-yet-fragile systems, HOT theory.

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive







Explore general theories on system robustness.

Are there universal signatures that presage system failure?

See "Early-warning signals for critical transitions" Scheffer et al., Nature 2009. [35]

"Although predicting such critical points before they are reached is extremely difficult, work in different scientific fields is now suggesting the existence of generic early-warning signals that may indicate for a wide class of systems if a critical threshold is approaching."

Robust-yet-fragile systems, HOT theory.

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

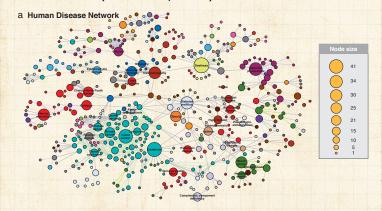
Archive







Study the human disease and disease gene networks (Goh et al., 2007):



PoCS | @pocsvox Semester projects

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

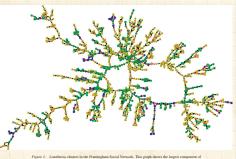
Archive







Explore and critique Fowler and Christakis et al. work on social contagion of:



friends, spouses, and siblings at Exam 7 (centered on the year 2000). There are 1,019 individuals shown. Each node represents a participant, and its shape denotes gender (circles are female, squares are male). Lines between nodes indicate relationship (red for siblings, black for friends and spouses). Node color denotes the mean number of days the focal participant and all directly connected (Distance 1) linked participants felt lonely in the past week, with yellow being 0-1 days, green being 2 days, and blue being greater than 3 days or more. The graph suggests clustering in loneliness and a relationship between being peripheral and feeling lonely, both of which are confirmed by statistical models discussed in the main text

Obesity [9]



Smoking cessation [10]



Happiness [19]



A Loneliness [7]

PoCS | @pocsvox Semester projects

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive

References

One of many questions:

How does the (very) sparse sampling of a real social network affect their findings?





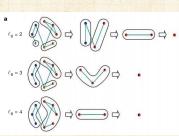


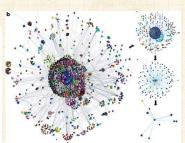
26 of 66

Explore "self-similarity of complex networks" [38, 39] First work by Song et al., Nature, 2005.

See accompanying comment by Strogatz [40]

See also "Coarse-graining and self-dissimilarity of complex networks" by Itzkovitz et al. [?]





PoCS | @pocsvox Semester projects

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive







Related papers:

"Origins of fractality in the growth of complex networks" Song et al. (2006a) [39]

"Skeleton and Fractal Scaling in Complex Networks" Go et al. (2006a) [20]

"Complex Networks Renormalization: Flows and Fixed Points" Radicchi et al. (2008a) [34] The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive





Advances in sociotechnical algorithms:



"Mastering the game of Go with deep neural networks and tree search"

Silver and Silver, Nature, **529**, 484–489, 2016. [36]

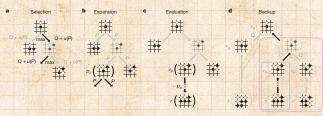


Figure 3 | Monte Carlo tree search in AlphaGo, a. Each simulation traverses the tree by selecting the edge with maximum action value Q, plus a bonus u(P) that depends on a stored prior probability P for that edge, b. The leaf node may be expanded; the new node is processed once by the policy network p_{α} and the output probabilities are stored as prior probabilities P for each action, c. At the end of a simulation, the leaf node is evaluated in two ways: using the value network voc and by running a rollout to the end of the game with the fast rollout policy p_{π} , then computing the winner with function r. d, Action values Q are updated to track the mean value of all evaluations $r(\cdot)$ and $v_0(\cdot)$ in the subtree below that action.



Nature News (2016): Digital Intuition 2



Wired (2012): Network Science of the game of

GOL

PoCS | @pocsvox Semester projects

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive

References





29 of 66

Explore patterns, designed and undesigned, of cities and suburbs.



PoCS | @pocsvox Semester projects

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive







Archive

- Study collective creativity arising out of social interactions
- Productivity, wealth, creativity, disease, etc. appear to increase superlinearly with population
- Start with Bettencourt et al.'s (2007) "Growth, innovation, scaling, and the pace of life in cities" [3]
- Dig into Bettencourt (2013) "The Origins of Scaling in Cities" [3]





Study networks and creativity:



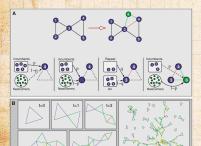


Fig. 2. Modeling the emergence of collaboration networks in creative enterprises. (A) Creation of a team with m = 3 agents. Consider, at time zero, a collaboration network comprising five agents, all incumbents (blue circles). Along with the incumbents, there is a large pool of newcomers (green circles) available to participate in new teams. Each agent in a team has a probability p of being drawn from the pool of incumbents and a probability 1 - p of being drawn from the pool of newcomers. For the second and subsequent agents selected from the incumbents' pool: (i) with probability q, the new agent is randomly selected from among the set of collaborators of a randomly selected incumbent already in the team: (ii) otherwise he or she is selected at random among all incumbents in the network. For concreteness, let us assume that incumbent 4 is selected as the first agent in the new team (leftmost box). Let us also assume that the second agent is an incumbent, too (center-left box). In this example, the second agent is a past collaborator of agent 4, specifically agent 3 (center-right box). Lastly, the third agent is selected from the pool of newcomers; this agent becomes incumbent 6 (rightmost box). In these boxes and in the following panels and figures, blue lines indicate newcomernewcomer collaborations, green lines indicate newcomer-incumbent collaborations, yellow lines indicate new incumbent-incumbent collaborations, and red lines indicate repeat collaborations. (B) Time evolution of the network of collaborations according to the model for p=0.5, q=0.5, and m=3.

Guimerà et al., Science 2005: [22] "Team Assembly Mechanisms Determine Collaboration Network Structure and Team Performance"

- Broadway musical industry
- Scientific collaboration in Social Psychology, Economics, Ecology, and Astronomy.

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive





Vague/Large:



Study Yelp: is there Accounting for Taste?

Customers Who Bought This Item Also Bought



Harry Potter Schoolbooks: Fantastic Beasts and... by J.K. Rowling ***** (465) \$10.19



The Tales of Beedle the Bard, Collector's E... by J. K. Rowling

全体的(153)

Harry, A History: The True

Story of a Boy Wizar... by Melissa Anelli **** (52) \$10.88

Inkdeath (Inkheart) by

***** (41) \$16.49

Cornelia Funke

PoCS | @pocsvox Semester projects

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive

References







Vague/Large:



Study Yelp: is there Accounting for Taste?



Study Metacritic: the success of stories.

Customers Who Bought This Item Also Bought



Harry Potter Schoolbooks: Fantastic Beasts and... by J.K. Rowling **** (465) \$10.19



The Tales of Beedle the Bard, Collector's E... by J. K. Rowling ###### (153)



Harry, A History: The True Story of a Boy Wizar... by Melissa Anelli **** (52) \$10.88



The Plan

References

Semester projects

Suggestions for



Cornelia Funke ***** (41) \$16.49





Vague/Large:



Study Yelp: is there Accounting for Taste?



Study Metacritic: the success of stories.



Customers Who Bought This Item Also Bought



Harry Potter Schoolbooks: Fantastic Beasts and... by J.K. Rowling **** (465) \$10.19



The Tales of Beedle the Bard, Collector's E... by J. K. Rowling

(153)



Harry, A History: The True Story of a Boy Wizar... by Melissa Anelli **** (52) \$10.88



Inkdeath (Inkheart) by

***** (41) \$16.49

Cornelia Funke



Semester projects

Suggestions for

The Plan

Projects Archive

References





Vague/Large:



Study Yelp: is there Accounting for Taste?



Study Metacritic: the success of stories.



Study TV Tropes



Study proverbs.

Customers Who Bought This Item Also Bought



Harry Potter Schoolbooks: Fantastic Beasts and... by J.K. Rowling **** (465) \$10.19



The Tales of Beedle the Bard, Collector's E... by J. K. Rowling

(153)



Harry, A History: The True Story of a Boy Wizar... by Melissa Anelli **** (52) \$10.88



Inkdeath (Inkheart) by

Cornelia Funke ***** (41) \$16.49



Semester projects

Suggestions for

The Plan

Projects Archive

References



Vague/Large:



Study Yelp: is there Accounting for Taste?



Study Metacritic: the success of stories.



Study TV Tropes



Study proverbs.



Study amazon's recommender networks.

Customers Who Bought This Item Also Bought



Harry Potter Schoolbooks: Fantastic Beasts and... by J.K. Rowling **** (465) \$10.19



The Tales of Beedle the Bard, Collector's E... by J. K. Rowling

(153)

Harry, A History: The True Story of a Boy Wizar... by Melissa Anelli **** (52) \$10.88



Inkdeath (Inkheart) by Cornelia Funke ***** (41) \$16.49

See work by Sornette et al...

Semester projects

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive

References





Vague/Large:



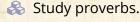
Study Yelp: is there Accounting for Taste?



Study Metacritic: the success of stories.



Study TV Tropes



Study amazon's recommender networks.

Customers Who Bought This Item Also Bought



Harry Potter Schoolbooks: Fantastic Beasts and... by J.K. Rowling **** (465) \$10.19



The Tales of Beedle the Bard, Collector's E... by J. K. Rowling

(153)

Harry, A History: The True Story of a Boy Wizar... by Melissa Anelli

**** (52) \$10.88



Inkdeath (Inkheart) by Cornelia Funke ***** (41) \$16.49

See work by Sornette et al..



Vague/Large: Study Netflix's open data (movies and people form a bipartite graph).

Semester projects

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive

References



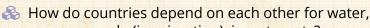


20 0 33 of 66

PoCS | @pocsvox Semester projects

More Vague/Large:

Suggestions for Projects



Archive

The Plan

energy, people (immigration), investments?

How is the media connected? Who copies whom?

References

Investigate memetics, the 'science' of memes.

Work on the evolution of proverbs and sayings







PoCS | @pocsvox Semester projects

More Vague/Large:

How do countries depend on each other for water, energy, people (immigration), investments?

How is the media connected? Who copies whom?

(Problem: Need to be able to measure interactions.)

Investigate memetics, the 'science' of memes.

Duplyine metracks of 8 Kg

Work on the evolution of proverbs and sayings

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive





PoCS | @pocsvox Semester projects

More Vague/Large:

How do countries depend on each other for water, energy, people (immigration), investments?

How is the media connected? Who copies whom?

(Problem: Need to be able to measure interactions.)

Investigate memetics, the 'science' of memes

Work on the evolution of proverbs and sayings

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive







PoCS | @pocsvox
Semester projects

More Vague/Large:

How do countries depend on each other for water, energy, people (immigration), investments?

How is the media connected? Who copies whom?

(Problem: Need to be able to measure interactions.)

Investigate memetics, the 'science' of memes.

Work on the evolution of proverbs and sayings

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive







Archive

References

More Vague/Large:

- How do countries depend on each other for water, energy, people (immigration), investments?
- How is the media connected? Who copies whom?
- (Problem: Need to be able to measure interactions.)
- Investigate memetics, the 'science' of memes.
- ♦ http://memetracker.org/ ☑
 Work on the evolution of proverbs and sayings





References

More Vague/Large:

- How do countries depend on each other for water, energy, people (immigration), investments?
- How is the media connected? Who copies whom?
- (Problem: Need to be able to measure interactions.)
- Investigate memetics, the 'science' of memes.
- A http://memetracker.org/
- Work on the evolution of proverbs and sayings.





More Vague/Large:



How does advertising work collectively?

PoCS | @pocsvox Semester projects

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive





More Vague/Large:

How does advertising work collectively?



Does one car manufacturers' ads indirectly help other car manufacturers?

PoCS | @pocsvox Semester projects

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive







PoCS | @pocsvox
Semester projects

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive

References

More Vague/Large:

- How does advertising work collectively?
- Does one car manufacturers' ads indirectly help other car manufacturers?
- Ads for junk food versus fruits and vegetables.

Ads for cars versus bikes versus walking.







PoCS | @pocsvox Semester projects

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive

References

More Vague/Large:

- How does advertising work collectively?
- Does one car manufacturers' ads indirectly help other car manufacturers?
- Ads for junk food versus fruits and vegetables.
- Ads for cars versus bikes versus walking.

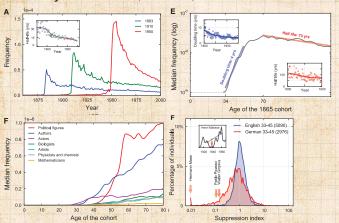






Culturomics:

"Quantitative analysis of culture using millions of digitized books" by Michel et al., Science, 2011 [30]



http://www.culturomics.org/ Coogle Books ngram viewer C

Done!: Crushed by Pechenick, Danforth, Dodds [32, 33]

PoCS | @pocsvox Semester projects

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

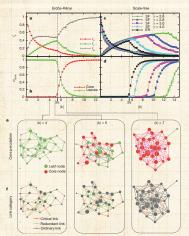
Archive

References





20 € 36 of 66



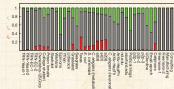


Figure 4 | Link categories for robust control. The fractions of critical (red,), are deniand (gree, L) and ordinary (gree, L) and so frains for the real networks named in Table 1. To make controllability robust to link failures, it is sufficient to double only the critical links, formally making each of these links redundant and therefore ensuring that there are no critical links in the system.

"Controllability of complex networks" [29] Liu et al., Nature 2011.

PoCS | @pocsvox Semester projects

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive





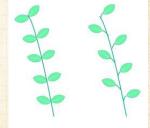
PoCS | @pocsvox Semester projects



Study phyllotaxis ☑, how plants grow new buds and branches.



http://andbug.blogspot.com/



Wikipedia 2



References

The Plan





20 0 38 of 66

Study phyllotaxis , how plants grow new buds and branches.

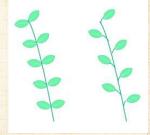
Some delightful mathematics appears involving the Fibonacci series.

Excellent work to start with:

"Phyllotaxis as a Dynamical
Self Organizing Process: Parts
I, II, and III" by Douady and
Couder



http://andbug.blogspot.com/



Wikipedia 🗹

PoCS | @pocsvox Semester projects

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive

References



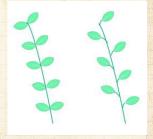


9 a ← 38 of 66

- Study phyllotaxis , how plants grow new buds and branches.
- Some delightful mathematics appears involving the Fibonacci series.
- Excellent work to start with: "Phyllotaxis as a Dynamical Self Organizing Process: Parts I, II, and III" by Douady and Couder [14, 15, 16]



http://andbug.blogspot.com/



Wikipedia

PoCS | @pocsvox Semester projects

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive

References





9 a @ 38 of 66

PoCS | @pocsvox Semester projects

The problem of missing data in networks:

Clauset et al. (2008) "Hierarchical structure and the prediction of missing links in networks" [11]

S Kossinets (2006) "Effects of missing data in social networks" [27]

A Much more ...

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

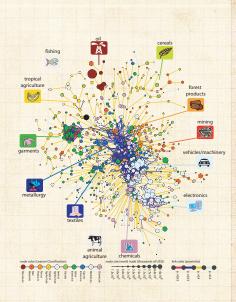
Archive







- Study Hidalgo et al.'s "The Product Space Conditions the Development of Nations" [23]
- How do products depend on each other, and how does this network evolve?
- How do countries depend on each other for water, energy, people (immigration), investments?



PoCS | @pocsvox
Semester projects

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive







PoCS | @pocsvox
Semester projects

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive

- See here and here for some food for thought regarding large-scale online games and Dunbar's number. [http://www.lifewithalacrity.com]
- Recent work: "Network scaling reveals consistent fractal pattern in hierarchical mammalian societies" Hill et al. (2008) [24].







PoCS | @pocsvox Semester projects

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive

- Study scientific collaboration networks.
- Mounds of data + good models.
- See seminal work by De Solla Price [13]. plus modern work by Redner, Newman, et al.
- We will study some of this in class...







The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

PoCS | @pocsvox

Semester projects

Archive

References

Study Kearns et al.'s experimental studies of people solving classical graph theory problems [26]

"An Experimental Study of the Coloring Problem on Human Subject Networks"

(Possibly) Run some of these experiments for our class.







PoCS | @pocsvox Semester projects

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive

References

Study Kearns et al.'s experimental studies of people solving classical graph theory problems [26]

"An Experimental Study of the Coloring Problem on Human Subject Networks"

(Possibly) Run some of these experiments for our class.







PoCS | @pocsvox Semester projects

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive

- Study games (as in game theory) on networks.
- For cooperation: Review Martin Nowak's piece in Science, "Five rules for the evolution of cooperation." [31] and related works.
- Much work to explore: voter models, contagion-type models, etc.

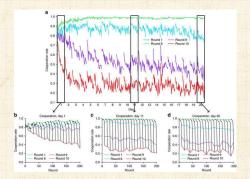






Resilient cooperators stabilize long-run cooperation in the finitely repeated Prisoner's Dilemma

Mao et al., 2017.



https://www.nature.com/articles/ncomms13800

PoCS | @pocsvox
Semester projects

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive

References





2 0 45 of 66

topics:





Semantic networks: explore word-word connection networks generated by linking semantically related words.

PoCS | @pocsvox Semester projects

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive







- Semantic networks: explore word-word connection networks generated by linking semantically related words.
- Also: Networks based on morphological or phonetic similarity.
 - More general: Explore language evolution
 One paper to start with: "The small world of human language" by Ferrer i Cancho and Solé
 Study spreading of neologisms.
 - Examine new words relative to existing words—is there a pattern? Phonetic and morphological similarities.
 - Use Google Books n-grams as a data source.

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive







- Semantic networks: explore word-word connection networks generated by linking semantically related words.
- Also: Networks based on morphological or phonetic similarity.
- More general: Explore language evolution
 - One paper to start with: "The small world of human language" by Ferrer i Cancho and Solé Study spreading of neologisms.
 - Examine new words relative to existing words—is there a pattern? Phonetic and morphological similarities.
 - Use Google Books n-grams as a data source.

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive





semantically related words.

Also: Networks based on morphological or

More general: Explore language evolution

One paper to start with: "The small world of human language" by Ferrer i Cancho and Solé [18]

Study spreading of neologisms.

phonetic similarity.

Examine new words relative to existing words—is there a pattern? Phonetic and morphological similarities

Use Google Books n-grams as a data source.

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive





Suggestions for Projects

Also: Networks based on morphological or phonetic similarity.

Archive

The Plan

More general: Explore language evolution

References

One paper to start with: "The small world of human language" by Ferrer i Cancho and Solé [18]

Study spreading of neologisms.

Examine new words relative to existing words—is there a pattern? Phonetic and morphological similarities.

Pinciples of Complex Systems

@pocsyox
What's the Story?

Use Google Books n-grams as a data source.





- Semantic networks: explore word-word connection networks generated by linking semantically related words.
- Also: Networks based on morphological or phonetic similarity.
- More general: Explore language evolution
- One paper to start with: "The small world of human language" by Ferrer i Cancho and Solé [18]
- Study spreading of neologisms.
- Examine new words relative to existing words—is there a pattern? Phonetic and morphological similarities.

Use Google Books n-grams as a data source

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive







The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive

References

Also: Networks based on morphological or phonetic similarity.

🙈 More general: Explore language evolution

One paper to start with: "The small world of human language" by Ferrer i Cancho and Solé [18]

Study spreading of neologisms.

Examine new words relative to existing words—is there a pattern? Phonetic and morphological similarities.

Crazy: Can new words be predicted?

Use Google Books n-grams as a data source.





- Semantic networks: explore word-word connection networks generated by linking semantically related words.
- Also: Networks based on morphological or phonetic similarity.
- More general: Explore language evolution
- One paper to start with: "The small world of human language" by Ferrer i Cancho and Solé [18]
- Study spreading of neologisms.
- Examine new words relative to existing words—is there a pattern? Phonetic and morphological similarities.
- Crazy: Can new words be predicted?
- Use Google Books n-grams as a data source.

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive







topics:

PoCS | @pocsvox Semester projects

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive

References



Explore work by Doyle, Alderson, et al. as well as Pastor-Satorras et al. on the structure of the Internet(s).







topics:

PoCS | @pocsvox Semester projects

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive

References

Review: Study Castronova's and others' work on massive multiplayer online games. How do social networks form in these games? [8]

See work by Johnson et al. on gang formation in the real world and in World of Warcraft (really!).







Social networks:

- Study social networks as revealed by email patterns, Facebook connections, tweets, etc.
- "Empirical analysis of evolving social networks" Kossinets and Watts, Science, Vol 311, 88-90, 2006. [28]
- "Inferring friendship network structure by using mobile phone data" Eagle, et al., PNAS, 2009.
- "Community Structure in Online Collegiate Social Networks" Traud et al., 2008. http://arxiv.org/abs/0809.0690

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive







Voting

PoCS | @pocsvox Semester projects

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive

References

Score-based voting versus rank-based voting:

Balinski and Laraki [2] "A theory of measuring, electing, and ranking" Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci., pp. 8720-8725 (2007)







topics:

More Vague/Large:

Study spreading of anything where influence can be measured (very hard).

Study any interesting micro-macro story to do with evolution, biology, ethics, religion, history, food, international relations, ...

PoCS | @pocsvox Semester projects

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive







topics:

PoCS | @pocsvox Semester projects

More Vague/Large:

Study spreading of anything where influence can be measured (very hard).

Study any interesting micro-macro story to do with evolution, biology, ethics, religion, history, food, international relations, ...

Data is key

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive







More Vague/Large:

- Study spreading of anything where influence can be measured (very hard).
- Study any interesting micro-macro story to do with evolution, biology, ethics, religion, history, food, international relations, ...
- 🙈 Data is key.

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive







topics:

Vague/Large:



Study how the Wikipedia's content is interconnected.





"Connecting every bit of knowledge: The structure of Wikipedia's First Link Network"

Ibrahim, Danforth, and Dodds, Available online at https://arxiv.org/abs/1605.00309, 2016. [25] PoCS | @pocsvox Semester projects

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive

References





20 € 52 of 66

[1] S. Arbesman.
The life-spans of empires.
Historical Methods: A Journal of Quantitative and Interdisciplinary History, 44:127–129, 2011. pdf

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive

References

- [2] M. Balinski and R. Laraki.
 A theory of measuring, electing, and ranking.

 Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci., 104(21):8720–8725, 2007.
 pdf
- [3] L. M. A. Bettencourt, J. Lobo, D. Helbing, Kühnhert, and G. B. West. Growth, innovation, scaling, and the pace of life in cities.

Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci., 104(17):7301–7306, 2007.





Suggestions for Projects

D. Brockmann and D. Helbing. [4] The hidden geometry of complex, network-driven contagion phenomena. Science, 342:1337-1342, 2013. pdf

Archive References

The Plan

- D. Brockmann, L. Hufnagel, and T. Geisel. [5] The scaling laws of human travel. Nature, pages 462-465, 2006. pdf
- [6] S. V. Buldyrev, R. Parshani, G. Paul, H. E. Stanley, and S. Havlin. Catastrophic cascade of failures in interdependent networks. Nature, 464:1025-1028, 2010. pdf







[7] J. T. Cacioppo, J. H. Fowler, and N. A. Christakis. Alone in the crowd: The structure and spread of loneliness in a large social network. Journal of Personality and Social Psychology, 97:977–991, 2009. pdf

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive

References

- [8] E. Castronova. Synthetic Worlds: The Business and Culture of Online Games. University of Chicago Press, Chicago, IL, 2005.
- [9] N. A. Christakis and J. H. Fowler. The spread of obesity in a large social network over 32 years.

New England Journal of Medicine, 357:370–379, 2007. pdf





References IV

[10] N. A. Christakis and J. H. Fowler.

The collective dynamics of smoking in a large social network.

New England Journal of Medicine, 358:2249–2258, 2008. pdf

[11] A. Clauset, C. Moore, and M. E. J. Newman. Hierarchical structure and the prediction of missing links in networks.

Nature, 453:98–101, 2008. pdf

[12] S. Cooper, F. Khatib, A. Treuille, J. Barbero, J. Lee, M. Beenen, A. Leaver-Fay, D. Baker, Z. Popović, and F. players. Predicting protein structures with a multiplayer online game.

Nature, 466:756-760, 466. pdf

PoCS | @pocsvox Semester projects

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive

References





2 0 0 56 of 66

References V

PoCS | @pocsvox
Semester projects

[13] D. J. de Solla Price.

Networks of scientific papers.

Science, 149:510–515, 1965. pdf

[14] S. Douady and Y. Couder. Phyllotaxis as a dynamical self organizing process Part I: The spiral modes resulting from time-periodic iterations. J. Theor. Biol., 178:255–274, 1996. pdf

[15] S. Douady and Y. Couder.

Phyllotaxis as a dynamical self organizing process Part II: The spontaneous formation of a periodicity and the coexistence of spiral and whorled patterns.

J. Theor. Biol., 178:275-294, 1996. pdf

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive

References





9 a ○ 57 of 66

References VI

PoCS | @pocsvox
Semester projects

[16] S. Douady and Y. Couder.

Phyllotaxis as a dynamical self organizing process

Part III: The simulation of the transient regimes of ontogeny.

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive

References

J. Theor. Biol., 178:295-312, 1996. pdf

- [17] J. Doyle, D. Alderson, L. Li, S. Low, M. Roughan, S. S., R. Tanaka, and W. Willinger. The "Robust yet Fragile" nature of the Internet. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci., 2005:14497–14502, 2005. pdf
- [18] R. Ferrer-i-Cancho and R. Solé.
 The small world of human language.
 Proc. R. Soc. Lond. B, 26:2261–2265, 2001. pdf







References VII

PoCS | @pocsvox
Semester projects

[19] J. H. Fowler and N. A. Christakis.

Dynamic spread of happiness in a large social network: longitudinal analysis over 20 years in the Framingham Heart Study.

BMJ, 337:article #2338, 2008. pdf

[20] K.-I. Goh, G. Salvi, B. Kahng, and D. Kim. Skeleton and fractal scaling in complex networks. Phys. Rev. Lett., 96:018701, 2006. pdf

[21] M. C. González, C. A. Hidalgo, and A.-L. Barabási. Understanding individual human mobility patterns.

Nature, 453:779-782, 2008. pdf

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive





References VIII

PoCS | @pocsvox
Semester projects

[22] R. Guimerà, B. Uzzi, J. Spiro, and L. A. N. Amaral. Team assembly mechanisms determine collaboration network structure and team performance.

Science, 308:697–702, 2005. pdf

The Plan

Suggestions for

Archive

References

[23] C. A. Hidalgo, B. Klinger, A.-L. Barabási, and R. Hausman. The product space conditions the development of nations. Science, 317:482–487, 2007. pdf

[24] R. A. Hill, R. A. Bentley, and R. I. M. Dunbar.

Network scaling reveals consistent fractal pattern in hierarchical mammalian societies.

Biology Letters, 2008. pdf





References IX

Semester projects

[25] M. Ibrahim, C. M. Danforth, and P. S. Dodds. Connecting every bit of knowledge: The structure of Wikipedia's First Link Network.

The Plan

Archive

Available online at https://arxiv.org/abs/1605.00309, 2016. pdf Suggestions for Projects

PoCS | @pocsvox

[26] M. Kearns, S. Suri, and N. Montfort.

References

An experimental study of the coloring problem on human subject networks.

Science, 313:824-827, 2006. pdf

[27] G. Kossinets. Effects of missing data in social networks. Social Networks, 28(3):247-268, 2006. pdf 2



[28] G. Kossinets and D. J. Watts. Empirical analysis of evolving social networks. Science, 311:88-90, 2006. pdf



20 61 of 66

References X

PoCS | @pocsvox
Semester projects

[29] Y.-Y. Liu, J.-J. Slotine, and A.-L. Barabási. Controllability of complex networks.

Nature, 473:167–173, 2011. pdf

[30] J.-B. Michel, Y. K. Shen, A. P. Aiden, A. Veres, M. K. Gray, The Google Books Team, J. P. Pickett, D. Hoiberg, D. Clancy, P. Norvig, J. Orwant, S. Pinker, M. A. Nowak, and E. A. Lieberman. Quantitative analysis of culture using millions of digitized books.

Science Magazine, 331:176-182, 2011. pdf

[31] M. A. Nowak.

Five rules for the evolution of cooperation.

Science, 314:1560–1563, 2006. pdf

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive

References





9 a € 62 of 66

[32] E. A. Pechenick, C. M. Danforth, and P. S. Dodds. Characterizing the google books corpus: Strong limits to inferences of socio-cultural and linguistic evolution.

PLoS ONE, 10:e0137041, 2015. pdf

[33] E. A. Pechenick, C. M. Danforth, and P. S. Dodds. Is language evolution grinding to a halt? The scaling of lexical turbulence in English fiction suggests it is not.

Journal of Computational Science, 2017. To appear. Available online at http://arxiv.org/abs/1503.03512. pdf

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive





References XII

PoCS | @pocsvox
Semester projects

[34] F. Radicchi, J. J. Ramasco, A. Barrat, and S. Fortunato.
Complex networks renormalization: Flows and fixed points.
Phys. Rev. Lett., 101:148701, 2008. pdf

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive

- [35] M. Scheffer, J. Bascompte, W. A. Brock, V. Brovkin, S. R. Carpenter, V. Dakos, H. Held, E. H. van Nes, M. Rietkerk, and G. Sugihara. Early-warning signals for critical transition. Nature, 461:53–59, 2009. pdf





References XIII

[37] F. Simini, M. C. Gonzalez, A. Maritan, and A.-L. Barabási.

A universal model for mobility and migration patterns.

Nature, 484:96-100, 2012. pdf

[38] C. Song, S. Havlin, and H. A. Makse. Self-similarity of complex networks. Nature, 433:392–395, 2005. pdf

[39] C. Song, S. Havlin, and H. A. Makse.
Origins of fractality in the growth of complex networks.

Nature Physics, 2:275–281, 2006. pdf ☑

[40] S. H. Strogatz.

Romanesque networks.

Nature, 433:365–366, 2005. pdf

PoCS | @pocsvox Semester projects

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive

References





9 a ○ 65 of 66

References XIV

PoCS | @pocsvox Semester projects

The Plan

Suggestions for Projects

Archive

References

[41] P. Turchin.

Historical Dynamics: Why States Rise and Fall.

Princeton University Press, Princeton, NJ, 2003.





