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Principles of Complex Systems | @pocsvox CSYS/MATH 300, Fall, 2016 | #FallPoCS2016

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Dept. of Mathematics & Statistics | Vermont Complex Systems Center Vermont Advanced Computing Core | University of Vermont













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George Kingsley Zipf:

In brief:

- Zipf (1902–1950) was a linguist at Harvard, specializing in Chinese languages.
- Unusual passion for statistical analysis of texts.
- 🚓 Studied human behavior much more generally ...

Zipf's masterwork:

- "Human Behavior and the Principle of Least Effort" Addison-Wesley, 1949 Cambridge, MA [2]
- & Bonus 'word' word: Glossolalia.

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Human Behavior/Principle of Least Effort:

From the Preface—

Nearly twenty-five years ago it occurred to me that we might gain considerable insight into the mainsprings of human behavior if we viewed it purely as a natural phenomenon like everything else in the universe, ...

And—

... the expressed purpose of this book is to establish The Principle of Least Effort as the primary principle that governs our entire individual and collective behavior ...

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The Principle of Least Effort:

Zipf's framing (p. 1):

- "... a person in solving his immediate problems will view these against the background of his probable future problems as estimated by himself."
- "... he will strive ... to minimize the *total work* that he must expend in solving *both* his immediate problems *and* his probable future problems."

"[he will strive to] minimize the *probable average rate of his work-expenditure...*"

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Rampaging research

Within Human Behavior and the Principle of Least Effort:

- City sizes
- # retail stores in cities
- # services (barber shops, beauty parlors, cleaning,
- # people in occupations
- # one-way trips in cars and trucks vs. distance

Zipfian empirics:

(f = frequency, r = rank).

- # new items by dateline
- weight moved between cities by rail
- # telephone messages between cities
- 🚓 # people moving vs. distance
- # marriages vs. distance

Observed general dependency of 'interactions' between cities ${\it A}$ and ${\it B}$ on $P_A P_B / D_{AB}$ where P_A and P_B are population size and D_{AB} is distance between A and B. \Rightarrow 'Gravity Law.'

TABLE 2-1

Arbitrary Ranks with Frequencies in James Joyce's *Ulysses* (Hanley Index)

24,000 24,000 24,000 25,000 20,000 20,000

240,000 240,000 240,000 250,000 200,000 290,000 298,990

Freques (f)

12 8

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Zipf's basic idea:

Forces of Unification and Diversification:

- Easiest for the speaker to use just one word. Encoding is simple but decoding is hard
- Zipf uses the analogy of tools: one tool for all tasks.
- Optimal for listener if all pieces of information correspond to different words (or morphemes).
- Analogy: a specialized tool for every task.
 - Decoding is simple but encoding is hard
- Zipf thereby argues for a tension that should lead to an uneven distribution of word usage.
- No formal theory beyond this... (more later [1])

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Zipfian empirics:

 $\mbox{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\&}}}\ \ \mbox{Number of meanings}\ m_r \propto f_r^{1/2} \ \mbox{where}\ r \ \mbox{is rank}$ and f_r is frequency.

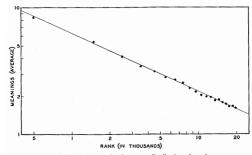


Fig. 2-2. The meaning-frequency distribution of words.

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Zipfian empirics:

Article length in the Encyclopedia Britannica:

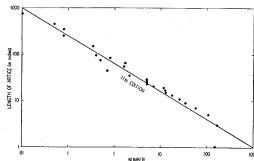
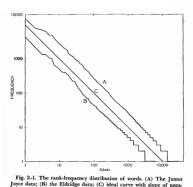


Fig. 5-3. The number of different articles of like length in samples of the 11th edition of the *Encyclopaedia Britannica*. Lengths in inches.

2,000 3,000 4,000 5,000 10,000 20,000 29,899

Zipfian empirics:



Population size of districts:

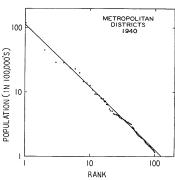


Fig. 9-2. Metropolitan districts. One hundred largest in the U. S. A. in 1940, ranked in the order of decreasing population size.

 $\alpha = 1$ corresponds to $\gamma = 1 + 1/\alpha = 2$.

Zipfian empirics:

Number of employees in organizations

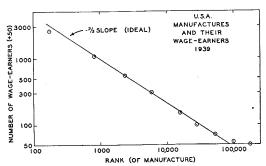
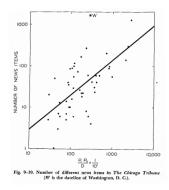


Fig. 9-8. Manufactures and their wage earners in the U. S. A. in 1939, with the manufactures ranked in the order of their decreasing number of wage earners.

 $\alpha = 2/3$ corresponds to $\gamma = 1 + 1/\alpha = 5/2$.

Zipfian empirics:

- D = distance, P_1 = Chicago's population
- Solid line = +1 exponent.



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Zipfian empirics:

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Movement of stuff between cities

Solid line = +1 exponent.

D = distance, P_1 and $P_2 =$ city populations.

- & # obituaries in the New York Times for locations with population P_2 .
- \bigcirc D = distance, P_1 = New York's population
- Solid line = +1 exponent.

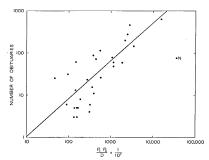


Fig. 9-11. Number of obituaries in The New York Times (N represents Newark, New Jersey).

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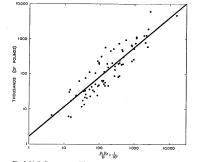


Fig. 9-14. Railway express. The movement by weight (less carload lots) between 13 arbitrary cities in the U. S. A., May 1939.







Zipfian empirics:

& Length of trip versus frequency of trip.

Solid line = -1/2 exponent corresponds to $\gamma = 2$.

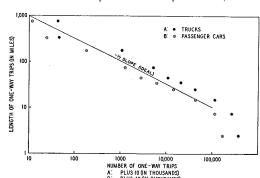


Fig. 9-19. Trucks and passenger cars: the number of one-way trips of like length.

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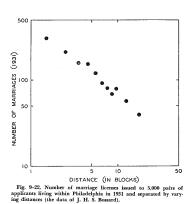






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The probability of marriage?



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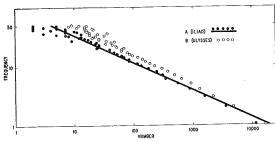


Fig. 2-3. The number-frequency relationship of words. (A) Homer's $\mathit{Iliad};$ (B) James Joyce's $\mathit{Ulysses}.$

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Zipfian empirics: Comment #60 in Math and the City ☑ by Strogatz, NYT:

60. May 20. 2009

Link

George Kingsley Zipf was my teacher at Harvard... He had given a class project where we were to see if Chemical Companies when ranked by the number of different chemicles they produced, followed his Law of Least Effort. I missed turning in my assignment due to the accidental death of my father....When I returned from the funeral I was given a message to call Dr. Zipf immediately. I did and when I explained why I was late turning in the data. He said, "Well, your father's gone and I (Zipf) have no pipeline to God. I expect the data will be on my desk tomorrow morning!".....My mother, sister and extended family spread huge books of trade magazines on the kitchen and dining room tables and furiously went to work....We worked until late in the night and finished the project.....I drove to Harvard the next morning and angrily gave the hundreds of 'three by five cards' to Zipf. All he said was, "Thank you." Years later, I wondered whether his'meaness' had really been his way of helping me and my family to take our minds of our grief that day and concentrate on finishing my assignment. In my youth I thought not, but now as I approach 80, I like to think his seemingly hurtful attitude was really an act of kindness,,,,,

— Jim Terry

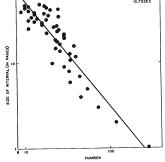


Fig. 2-4. The interval-frequency relationship. The number of dif-ferent intervals of like size (in pages) between the repetitions of words occurring five times in Joyce's Ulysses.

Zipfian empirics:

TABLE 2-2 The Number-Frequency Relationship, $N(f^s - I_A) = C$, of (I) some Arbitrary Lower Frequencies of (II) Joyce's Ulysses and (III) four Latin plays of Plautus.

1	Calculated N(f ² - ¾)				
Frequency (f)	II Ulysses	III Plautus			
1	12,324	4,075			
2	15,410	4,490			
3	19,193	4,280			
4	20,239	4,750			
5	22,424	3,985			
6	22,773	4,504			
7	23,546	4,241			
8	23,651	4,399			
9	24,063	4,366			
10	22,145	4,289			
15	21,576	2,922			
20	27,844	5,996			
30	18,000	3,600			
40	25,600	4,800			
50	22,500	5,000			

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TABLE 2-3

Calculated values of negative slopes, errors, and Y-intercepts of the number, N, of interval-sizes, I_p between the repetition of words in 14 frequency-classes, I_p as fixed to the equation aX + Y = C where $X = \log N$ and $Y = \log I_p$ and where I_f has integral values from 1 through 21 inclusive.

I No. of Analysis	II Frequency of Occur. (f)	No. of Different Words of like f	Slope of Best Line of Y's (negative) (Y = log It)	V Error (root-mean- square)	VI Y-intercept (antilog thereof)
1	5	906	1.21	.151	716
2	6	637	1.20	.169	666
3	10	222	1.27	.106	677
4	12	155	1.24	.111	491
5	15	96	1.15	.096	328
6	16	86	.96	.124	153
7	17	79	1.22	.174	422
8	18	62	1.20	.120	264
9	19	63	1.21	.148	350
10	20	69	1.29	.124	944
11	21	52	1.05	.138	212
12	22	50	1.10	.117	264
13	23	44	1.24	.113	352
14F	24	34	1.01	.158	136
15Z	24	34	1.05	.147	153

TABLE 2-4 rivals between the f-1 repetitions of all rily selected frequencies of occurrence, f

No. of	1	f = 1	Intervals between Repetitions in Order of Appearance											
Sample	Ĺ		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	6	5	62	55	62	58	52		1		_		Γ	
2	12	11	7	19	15	16	9	12	18	16	12	15	14	1
3	16	15	6	10	10	13	18	11	16	11	11	1 0	ii.	١,
4	17	16	4	3	5	6	4	8	- 5	10	ii	9	14	5
5	18	17	9	11	6	5	6	1 2	7	6	9	6	1 2	۱ŏ
6	19	18	3	8	- 5	11	5	6	13	9	6	5	6	8
7	21	20	3	4	10	5	8	9	3	10	8	11	7	1 7
8	22	21	7	5	8	12	5	9	5	9	6	12	5	8
9	23	22	3	- 5	6	4	8	4	3	1 2	7	3	4	4
10	24	23	3	5	2	1	3	3	3	3	4	5	2	1 3

No. of f f 1 Intervals between Repetitions in Order of Appear								aran	ce				
Sample	Ľ		1.3	14	1.5	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	2.
3	16	15	6	8	12								Γ
4 .	17	16	8	6	7	8							
5	18	l 17 l	5	6	6	5 1	4						1
6	19	18	2	- 7	10	5	7 1	4					
7	21	20	6 .	6	2	1	7	8	4	2			
8	22	21	6	6	١ , ,	10	7	10	0	5	2		
9	23	22	5	7	3	6	2	7	2	3	î	3	
10	24	23	7	3	2	2	0	- i	2	2	2	Ř	١.

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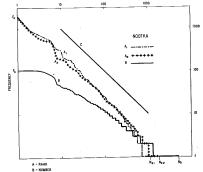
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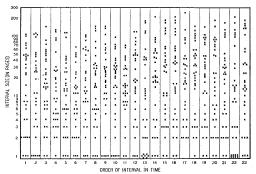


Fig. 2-5. The distribution of intervals between repetitions among the words occurring twenty-four times in James Joyce's Ulysses.

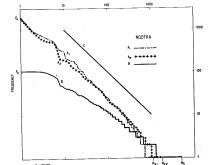


Fig. 3–1. Nootka. The rank-frequency distribution of (A_1) "varimorphs," (A_2) morphemes, and (B) holophrases.

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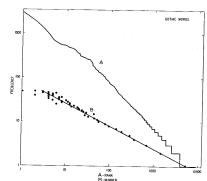
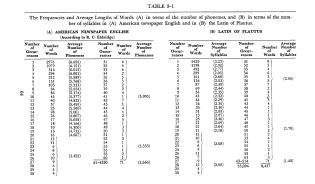


Fig. 3-7. Gothic words. (A) Rank-frequency distribution; (B) number frequency distribution.

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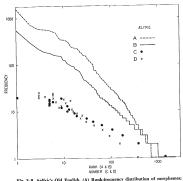
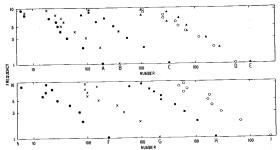


Fig. 3-8. Aelfric's Old English. (A) Rank-frequency distrib (B) rank-frequency distribution of words; (C) number-frequency morphemes; (D) number-frequency distribution of words.



3-9. English and German morphemes. The number-frequency distributions of nine different authors.

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TABLE 6-1

The X Number of Different Genera of Like Y Number of Different Species of the Flora of Ceylon (After J. C. Willis).

No. of Genera	No. of Species
573	1
176	2
85	3
49	4
36	5
20	6
etc.	

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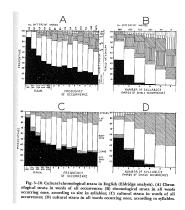


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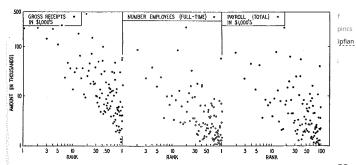


Fig. 9-9. Gross receipts, number of full-time employees, and total payroll of service establishments in the U. S. A. in 1939 when the service establishments are ranked in the order of their decreasing number of members as in Fig. 9-4 supra.



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Zipfian empirics (p. 176):

Article length in the Encylopedia Brittanica

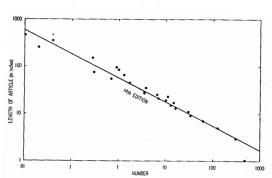


Fig. 5-2. The number of different articles of like length in samples of the 14th edition of the *Encyclopaedia Britannica*. Lengths in inches.

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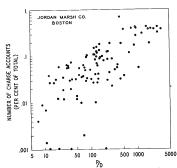


Fig. 9-13. Charge accounts of Jordan Marsh Co., Boston, in 96 cities and towns in Massachusetts, New Hampshire, and Maine, with their percentages of total charge accounts plotted against the communities values of P/D.

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🚓 # species per genera:

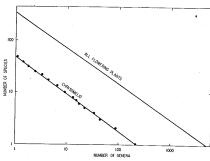


Fig. 6-1. The number of different genera of like number of different species for all flowering plants and for Chrysomelid beetles (from the J. C. Willis data, after reversing the co-ordinates).



 $\alpha = 1$ corresponds to $\gamma = 1 + 1/\alpha = 2$.

Zipfian empirics:

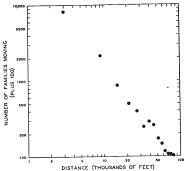


Fig. 9-23. Number of families (plus 100) moving varying distances within or between separated areas in Cleveland during 1933-1935 (adapted from the data of S. A. Stouffer).

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[1] R. Ferrer-i Cancho and R. V. Solé. Least effort and the origins of scaling in human language.

Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci, 100:788-791, 2003. pdf ☑

[2] G. K. Zipf.

Human Behaviour and the Principle of Least-Effort.

Addison-Wesley, Cambridge, MA, 1949.





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