Fundamentals

Principles of Complex Systems | @pocsvox CSYS/MATH 300, Fall, 2016 | #FallPoCS2016

Prof. Peter Dodds | @peterdodds

Dept. of Mathematics & Statistics | Vermont Complex Systems Center | Vermont Advanced Computing Core | University of Vermont























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Data

Emergence

Self-Organization

Modeling

Statistical Mechanics

Nutshell







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Data Emergence

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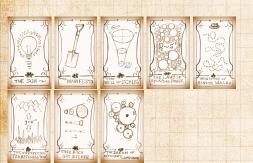
Modeling Statistical

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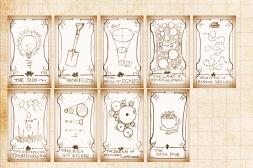
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Data, Data, Everywhere—the Economist, Feb 25, 2010 2

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 $\stackrel{\textstyle >}{\ll}$ Exponential growth: \sim 60% per year.

Big Data Science:

- 2013: year traffic on Internet estimate to reach 2/3 Zettabytes (1ZB = 10³EB = 10⁶PB = 10⁹TB)
- Large Hadron Collider: 40 TB/second.
- 2016—Large Synoptic Survey Telescope: 140 TB every 5 days.
- Facebook: ~ 250 billion photos (mid 2013)
- Twitter: ~ 500 billion tweets (mid 2013)

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No really, that's a lot of data

Data inflation

2

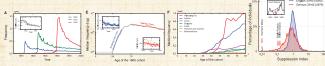
Unit	Size	What it means
Bit (b)	1 or 0	Short for "binary digit", after the binary code (1 or 0) computers use to store and process data
Byte (B)	8 bits	Enough information to create an English letter or number in computer code. It is the basic unit of computing
Kilobyte (KB)	1,000, or 2 ¹⁰ , bytes	From "thousand" in Greek. One page of typed text is 2KB
Megabyte (MB)	1,000KB; 2 ²⁰ bytes	From "large" in Greek. The complete works of Shakespeare total 5MB A typical pop song is about 4MB
Gigabyte (GB)	1,000MB; 2 ³⁰ bytes	From "giant" in Greek. A two-hour film can be compressed into 1-2GE
Terabyte (TB)	1,000GB; 2 ⁴⁰ bytes	From "monster" in Greek. All the catalogued books in America's Library of Congress total 15TB
Petabyte (PB)	1,000TB; 2 ⁵⁰ bytes	All letters delivered by America's postal service this year will amount to around 5PB. Google processes around 1PB every hour
Exabyte (EB)	1,000PB; 2 ⁶⁰ bytes	Equivalent to 10 billion copies of The Economist
Zettabyte (ZB)	1,000EB; 2 ⁷⁰ bytes	The total amount of information in existence this year is forecast to be around 1.2ZB
Yottabyte (YB)	1,000ZB; 2 ⁸⁰ bytes	Currently too big to imagine

Source: The Economist

The prefixes are set by an intergovernmental group, the International Bureau of Weights and Measures. Yotta and Zetta were added in 1991; terms for larger amounts have yet to be established.

Big Data—Culturomics:

"Quantitative analysis of culture using millions of digitized books" by Michel et al., Science, 2011 [6]



http://www.culturomics.org/ ☑ and Google Books ngram viewer



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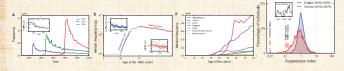






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http://www.culturomics.org/ and Google Books ngram viewer

Barney Rubble:



"Characterizing the Google Books corpus: Strong limits to inferences of socio-cultural and linguistic evolution"

Pechenick, Danforth, and Dodds, PLoS ONE, **10**, e0137041, 2015. [7]

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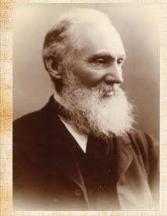
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Lord Kelvin (possibly):



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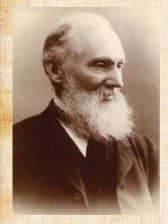
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Lord Kelvin (possibly):



"To measure is to know."



"If you cannot measure it, you cannot improve it."

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Bonus:



"X-rays will prove to be a hoax."

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Bonus:

"X-rays will prove to be a hoax."

"There is nothing new to be discovered in physics now, All that remains is more and more precise measurement." PoCS | @pocsvox Fundamentals

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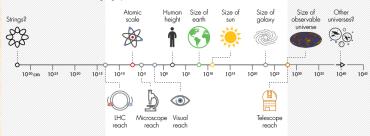


Limits of testability and happiness in Science:

From A Fight for the soul of Science in Quanta Magazine (2016/02):

The Ends of Evidence

Humans can probe the universe over a vast range of scales (white area), but many modern physics theories involve scales outside of this range (grey).



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The Newness of being a Scientist (1833 on):

Google books Ngram Viewer



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Etymology here ...





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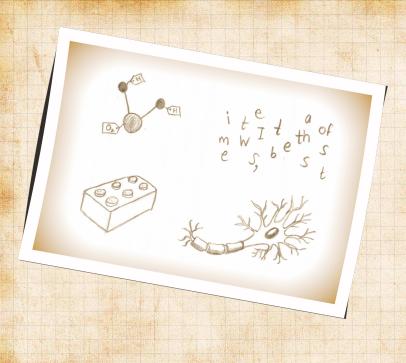
Etymology here ...



"Scientists are the people who ask a question about a phenomenon and proceed to systematically go about answering the question themselves. They are by nature curious, creative and well organized."







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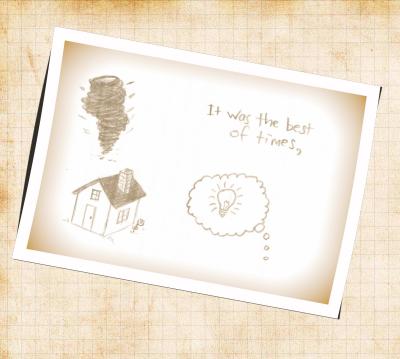
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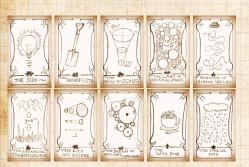
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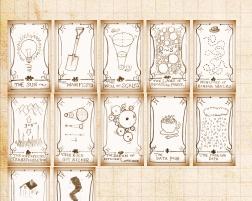
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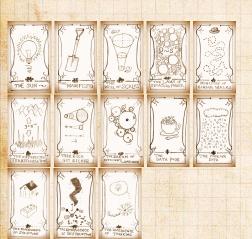
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The Wikipedia on Emergence (2006):

6): le sciences.

"In philosophy, systems theory and the sciences, emergence refers to the way complex systems and patterns arise out of a multiplicity of relatively simple interactions.

Wikipedia, 2016.

In philosophy, systems theory, science, and art, emergence is a process whereby larger entities arise through interactions among smaller or simpler entities such that the larger entities exhibit properties the smaller/simpler entities do not exhibit.

The philosopher G. H. Lewes first used the word explicity in 1875.

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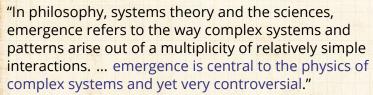
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Fireflies ⇒ Synchronized Flashes:

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Film: Sir David Attenborough, BBC.

Voiceover: Steve Strogatz on Radiolab's Emergence, S1E3 ♂.







Tornadoes, financial collapses, human emotion aren't found in water molecules, dollar bills, or carbon atoms.

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Tornadoes, financial collapses, human emotion aren't found in water molecules, dollar bills, or carbon atoms.

Examples:

- Fundamental particles ⇒ Life, the Universe, and Everything
- Genes ⇒ Organisms
- Neurons etc. \Rightarrow Brain \Rightarrow Thoughts
- Religion, Collective behaviour
- Reople ⇒ The Web
- Reople ⇒ Language, and rules of language
- $? \Rightarrow time; ? \Rightarrow gravity; ? \Rightarrow reality.$

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"The whole is more than the sum of its parts" -Aristotle



Friedrich Hayek (Conomist/Philospher/Nobelist):



Markets, legal systems, political systems are emergent and not designed.

Taxis' = made order (by God, Sovereign, Government....)

'Cosmos' = grown order

Archetypal limits of hierarchical and structures.

Hierarchies arise once problems are solved.

Decentralized structures help solve problem

Dewey Decimal System versus tagging.

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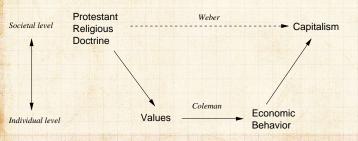
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James Coleman I in Foundations of Social Theory:



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Understand macrophenomena arises from microbehavior which in turn depends on macrophenomena.

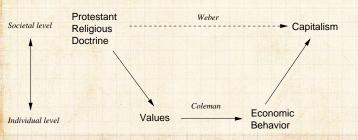








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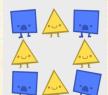
Thomas Schelling (Economist/Nobelist):



"Micromotives and Macrobehavior" [10]

- Segregation [8, 11]
- Wearing hockey helmets [9]
- Seating choices

Vi Hart and Nicky Case's Polygonthemed visualization ♂:



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The emergence of taste:

Molecules ⇒ Ingredients ⇒ Taste

See Michael Pollan's article on nutritionism in the New York Times, January 28, 2007.



nvtimes.com 7

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Reductionism and food:

Pollan "even the simplest food is a hopelessly complex thing to study, a virtual wilderness of chemical compounds, many of which exist in complex and dynamic relation to one another..."

"So ... break the thing down into its component parts and study those one by one, even if that means ignoring complex interactions and contexts, as well as the fact that the whole may be more than, or just different from, the sum of its parts. This is what we mean by reductionist science."

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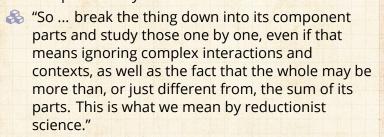




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🚓 "people don't eat nutrients, they eat foods, and foods can behave very differently than the nutrients they contain."

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🚓 "people don't eat nutrients, they eat foods, and foods can behave very differently than the nutrients they contain."



Studies suggest diets high in fruits and vegetables help prevent cancer.

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Nutshell

So... find the nutrients responsible and eat more of them







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Studies suggest diets high in fruits and vegetables help prevent cancer.

So... find the nutrients responsible and eat more of them

But "in the case of beta carotene ingested as a supplement, scientists have discovered that it actually increases the risk of certain cancers. Oops."





Thyme's known antioxidants:

4-Terpineol, alanine, anethole, apigenin, ascorbic acid, beta carotene, caffeic acid, camphene, carvacrol, chlorogenic acid, chrysoeriol, eriodictyol, eugenol, ferulic acid, gallic acid, gamma-terpinene isochlorogenic acid, isoeugenol, isothymonin, kaempferol, labiatic acid, lauric acid, linalyl acetate, luteolin, methionine, myrcene, myristic acid, naringenin, oleanolic acid, p-coumoric acid, p-hydroxy-benzoic acid, palmitic acid, rosmarinic acid, selenium, tannin, thymol, tryptophan, ursolic acid, vanillic acid.

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"It would be great to know how this all works, but in the meantime we can enjoy thyme in the knowledge that it probably doesn't do any harm (since people have been eating it forever) and that it may actually do some good (since people have been eating it forever) and that even if it does nothing, we like the way it tastes."





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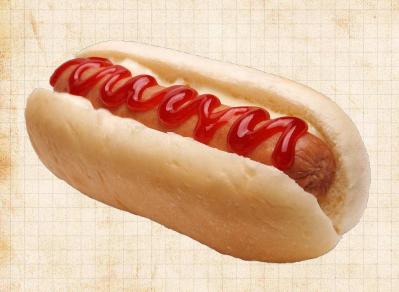
Gulf between theory and practice (see baseball and bumblebees).







This is a Collateralized Debt Obligation:



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"The Universe is made of stories, not of atoms."





From "The Speed of Darkness" (1968) by Muriel Rukeyser 2

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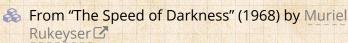
Nutshell





"The Universe is made of stories, not of atoms."





Quoted by Metatron in Supernatural, Meta Fiction, S9E18.

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(Sir Terry) Pratchett's ☑ Narrativium ☑:



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(Sir Terry) Pratchett's ☑ Narrativium ☑:

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The most common element on the disc, although not included in the list of the standard five: earth, fire, air, water and surprise. It ensures that everything runs properly as a story."

way: the simpler the story, the better you understand it.
Storytelling is the opposite of reductionism: 26 letters and some rules of grammar are no story at all."

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(Sir Terry) Pratchett's ☑ Narrativium ☑:

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"The most common element on the disc, although not included in the list of the standard five: earth, fire, air, water and surprise. It ensures that everything runs properly as a story."

"A little narrativium goes a long way: the simpler the story, the better you understand it. Storytelling is the opposite of reductionism: 26 letters and some rules of grammar are no story at all." Data

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Higher complexity:



Many system scales (or levels) that interact with each other.



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Higher complexity:

Many system scales (or levels) that interact with each other.

Potentially much harder to explain/understand.



we can't prove every theorem that's true ...

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Higher complexity:

Many system scales (or levels) that interact with each other.

Potentially much harder to explain/understand.

Even mathematics: [5]



Gödel's Theorem 2: we can't prove every theorem that's true ...

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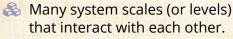
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Higher complexity:



Potentially much harder to explain/understand.

Even mathematics: [5]



Gödel's Theorem ☑:
we can't prove every theorem
that's true ...

Suggests a strong form of emergence: Some phenomena cannot be analytically deduced from elementary aspects of a system.

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Higher complexity:

Many system scales (or levels) that interact with each other.

Potentially much harder to explain/understand.

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Roughly speaking, there are two types of emergence:

System-level phenomena is different from th

11. Strong emergence:

System-level phenomena fundamentally cannot be deduced from how parts interact.

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I. Weak emergence:

System-level phenomena is different from that of its constituent parts yet can be connected theoretically.







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Reductionist techniques can explain weak emergence.





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Magic explains strong emergence. [2]

But: maybe magic should be interpreted as an inscrutable yet real mechanism that cannot ever be simply described.

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Gulp

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🚜 Gulp.

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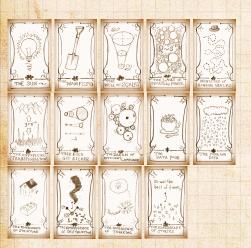
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Limits of Science | Radiolab



Listen to Steve Strogatz, Hod Lipson, and Michael Schmidt (Cornell) in the last piece (11:16) on Radiolab's show 'Limits' (April 5, 2010).



(El Bibliomata/flickr)

Dr. Steve Strogatz wonders if we've reached the limits of human scientific understanding, and should soon turn the reins of research over to robots. Cold, calculating robots. Then, Dr. Hod Lipson and Michael Schmidt walk us through the workings of a revolutionary computer program that they developed—a program that can deduce mathematical relationships in nature, through simple observation. The catch? As Dr. Gurol Suel explains, the program gives answers to complex biological questions that we humans have yet to ask, or even to understand

TAGS: mind bending

Pair with some slow tv Bonus: Mike Schmidt's talk on Eureqa at UVM's 2011 TEDx event "Big Data, Big Stories."

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"Self-organization of is a process in which the internal organization of a system, normally an open system, increases in complexity without being guided or managed by an outside source." (also: Self-assembly)

Molecules/Atoms liking each other → Gases, liquids, and solids

Protein folding. Protein folding.

Imitation → Herding, flocking, mobs, ...

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Protein folding.

Fundamental question: how likely is 'complexification'?

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Differential equations, difference equations, linear algebra, stochastic models.

Statistical techniques for comparisons and descriptions.

Methods from statistical mechanics and computer science

Machine learning (but beware the black box).

Computer modeling, everything from

Artisanal toy models to kitchen sink models

Key advance (more soon)

Representation of complex interaction patterns a complex networks

3 The driver: Massive amounts of Data

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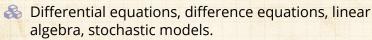
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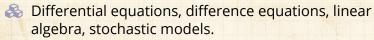
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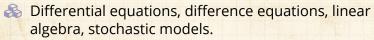
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Representation of complex interaction patterns as complex networks.

The driver:

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- Differential equations, difference equations, linear algebra, stochastic models.
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Key advance (more soon):

- Representation of complex interaction patterns as complex networks.
- The driver: Massive amounts of Data

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Rather silly but great example of real science:

"How Cats Lap: Water Uptake by Felis catus" Reis et al., Science, 2010.

A Study of Cat Lapping

Adult cats and dogs are unable to create suction in their mouths and must use their tongues to drink. A dog will scoop up liquid with the back of its tongue, but a cat will only touch the surface with the smooth tip of its tongue and pull a column of liquid into its mouth.











Source: Science

THE NEW YORK TIMES; IMAGES FROM VIDEO BY ROMAN STOCKER, SUNGHWAN JUNG, JEFFREY M. ARISTOFF AND PEDRO M. REIS

Amusing interview here

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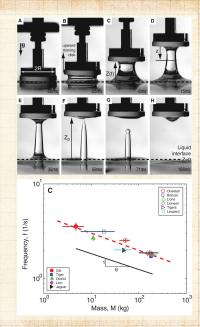




Another great, great moment in scaling:

$$f \sim M^{-1/6}$$

The balance of inertia and gravity yields a prediction for the lapping frequency of other felines. Assuming isometry within the Felidae family (i.e., that lapping height H scales linearly with tongue width R and animal mass M scales as R3), the finding that Fr* is of order one translates to the prediction $f \sim R^{-1/2} \sim M^{-1/6}$. Isometry or marginally positive allomety among the Felidae has been demonstrated for skull (20, 21) and limb bones (22). Although variability by function can lead to departures from isometry in interspecific scalings (23), reported variations within the Felidae (23, 24) only minimally affect the predicted scaling $f \sim M^{-1/6}$. We tested this -1/6 power-law dependence by measuring the lapping frequency for eight species of felines, from videos acquired at the Zoo New England or available on YouTube (16). The lapping frequency was observed to decrease with animal mass as $f = 4.6 M^{-0.181 \pm 0.024}$ (f in s⁻¹, M in kg) (Fig. 4C), close to the predicted M-1/6. This close agreement suggests that the domestic cat's inertia- and gravity-controlled lapping mechanism is conserved among felines.



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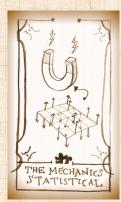
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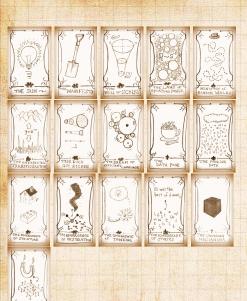
Statistical Mechanics

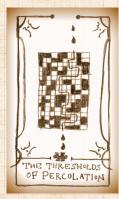
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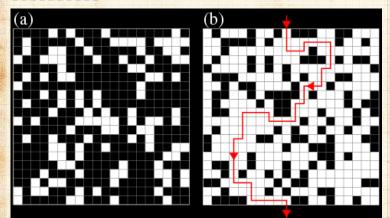




Statistical Mechanics is "a science of collective behavior."

Simple rules give rise to collective phenomena.

Percolation:



Snared from Michael Gastner's page on percolation [no

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Each atom is assumed to have a local spin that can be up or down: $S_i = \pm 1.$

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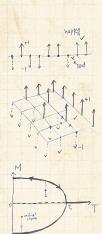
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Each atom is assumed to have a local spin that can be up or down: $S_i = \pm 1.$

Spins are assumed to be arranged on a lattice.

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- Increasing temperature breaks these alignments.
 - The drosophila 2 of statistical mechanics.

Criticality: Power-law distributions at critical points.

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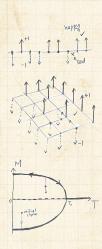
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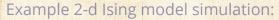
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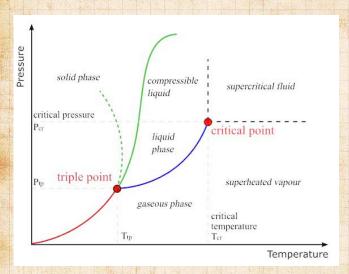
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Qualitatively distinct macro states.

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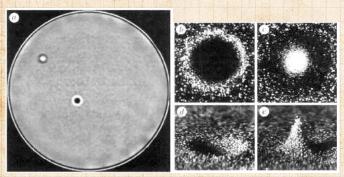
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Oscillons, bacteria, traffic, snowflakes, ...



Umbanhowar et al., Nature, 1996 [12]

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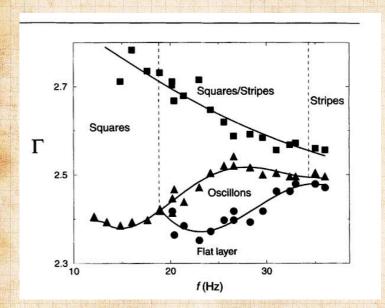
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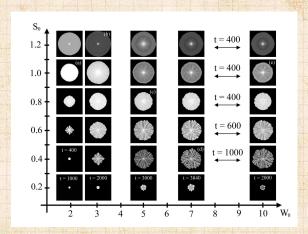
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 W_0 = initial wetness, S_0 = initial nutrient supply http://math.arizona.edu/~lega/HydroBact.html PoCS | @pocsvox
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Analytic issues:



1-d: simple (Ising & Lenz, 1925)

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Analytic issues:



1-d: simple (Ising & Lenz, 1925)



2-d: hard (Onsager, 1944)

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Analytic issues:

1-d: simple (Ising & Lenz, 1925)

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3-d: extremely hard...

4-d and up: simple

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Statistics

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Historical surprise:



Origins of Statistical Mechanics are in the studies of people... (Maxwell and co.)

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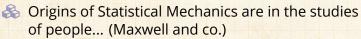




Statistics

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Historical surprise:



Now physicists are using their techniques to study everything else including people...

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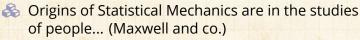
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Beyond Statistical Mechanics:





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Beyond Statistical Mechanics:

Analytic approaches have their limits, especially in evolutionary, algorithm-rich systems.

Algorithmic methods and simulation techniques will continue to rise in importance.





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Nutshell







The central concepts Complexity and Emergence are reasonably well defined.

There is no general theory of Complex Systems.
But the problems exist...

And the observation of universality of dynamical systems, statistical mechanics, and other quantitative areas means not everything is special and different.

Framing from the Manifesto: Science's focus is moving to Complex Systems because it finally can We use whatever tools we need.

Science Describe + Explain

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There is no general theory of Complex Systems.

But the problems exist... Complex (Adaptive) Systems abound...

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Some fun, thirty-five years ago.

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