Scaling—a Plenitude of Power Laws Principles of Complex Systems | @pocsvox CSYS/MATH 300, Fall, 2015 | #FallPoCS2015

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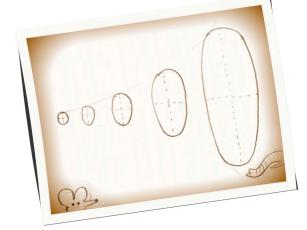
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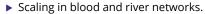
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Later:

▶ How to measure your power-law relationship.

Systems (complex or not) that cross many spatial and

temporal scales often exhibit some form of scaling.



▶ The Unsolved Allometry Theoricides.

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Definitions

Scalingarama

General observation:

▶ Basic definitions.

Examples.

Outline—All about scaling:

A power law relates two variables x and y as follows:

$$y = cx^{\alpha}$$

- $\triangleright \alpha$ is the scaling exponent (or just exponent)
- ightharpoonup (lpha can be any number in principle but we will find various restrictions.)
- ▶ *c* is the prefactor (which can be important!)





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Definitions

- ▶ The prefactor c must balance dimensions.
- ▶ Imagine the height ℓ and volume v of a family of shapes are related as:

$$\ell = c v^{1/4}$$

▶ Using [·] to indicate dimension, then

$$[c] = [l]/[V^{1/4}] = L/L^{3/4} = L^{1/4}.$$

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Why is $\alpha \simeq 1.23$?

Quantities (following Zhang and Sejnowski):

- ightharpoonup G = Volume of gray matter (cortex/processors)
- ightharpoonup W =Volume of white matter (wiring)
- ightharpoonup T = Cortical thickness (wiring)
- ightharpoonup S =Cortical surface area
- ightharpoonup L =Average length of white matter fibers
- \triangleright p = density of axons on white matter/cortex

A rough understanding:

- $G \sim ST$ (convolutions are okay)
- $\blacktriangleright W \sim \frac{1}{2}pSL$
- ▶ $G \sim L^3 \leftarrow$ this is a little sketchy...
- ▶ Eliminate S and L to find $W \propto G^{4/3}/T$

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Why is $\alpha \simeq 1.23$?

Looking at data

▶ Power-law relationships are linear in log-log space:

$$y = cx^{\alpha}$$

$$\Rightarrow \log_b y = \alpha \log_b x + \log_b c$$

with slope equal to α , the scaling exponent.

- ▶ Much searching for straight lines on log-log or double-logarithmic plots.
- ▶ Good practice: Always, always, always use base 10.
- ▶ Talk only about orders of magnitude (powers of 10).

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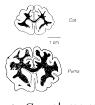
A rough understanding:

- ▶ We are here: $W \propto G^{4/3}/T$
- ▶ Observe weak scaling $T \propto G^{0.10\pm0.02}$.
- (Implies $S \propto G^{0.9} \rightarrow$ convolutions fill space.)
- $ightharpoonup \Rightarrow W \propto G^{4/3}/T \propto G^{1.23\pm0.02}$

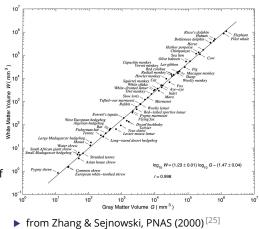




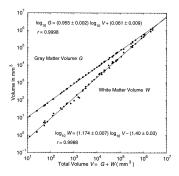
A beautiful, heart-warming example:



- G = volume of gray matter: 'computing elements'
- ▶ W = volume of white matter: 'wiring'
- $\blacktriangleright \ W \sim cG^{1.23}$



Trickiness:



- ▶ With V = G + W, some power laws must be approximations.
- ▶ Measuring exponents is a hairy business...

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Good scaling:

General rules of thumb:

- ▶ High quality: scaling persists over three or more orders of magnitude for each variable.
- ▶ Medium quality: scaling persists over three or more orders of magnitude for only one variable and at least one for the other.
- ▶ Very dubious: scaling 'persists' over less than an order of magnitude for both variables.

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Scale invariance

Our friend $y = cx^{\alpha}$:

- ▶ If we rescale x as x = rx' and y as $y = r^{\alpha}y'$,
- ▶ then

$$r^{\alpha}y' = c(rx')^{\alpha}$$

$$\Rightarrow u' = cr^{\alpha}x'^{\alpha}r^{-\alpha}$$

$$\Rightarrow y' = cx'^{\alpha}$$



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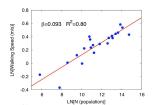
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Unconvincing scaling:

Average walking speed as a function of city population:



Two problems:

- 1. use of natural log, and
- 2. minute varation in dependent variable.
- ▶ from Bettencourt et al. (2007) [4]; otherwise totally great—see later.

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Scale invariance

Compare with $y = ce^{-\lambda x}$:

▶ If we rescale x as x = rx', then

$$y = ce^{-\lambda rx'}$$

- Original form cannot be recovered.
- Scale matters for the exponential.

More on $y = ce^{-\lambda x}$:

- ▶ Say $x_0 = 1/\lambda$ is the characteristic scale.
- For $x \gg x_0$, y is small, while for $x \ll x_0$, y is large.



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Definitions

Power laws are the signature of scale invariance:

Scale invariant 'objects' look the 'same' when they are appropriately rescaled.

- ▶ Objects = geometric shapes, time series, functions, relationships, distributions,...
- ▶ 'Same' might be 'statistically the same'
- ▶ To rescale means to change the units of measurement for the relevant variables

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Isometry:



Dimensions scale linearly with each other.

Allometry:



Dimensions scale nonlinearly.

Allometry: ☑

- ▶ Refers to differential growth rates of the parts of a living organism's body part or process.
- First proposed by Huxley and Teissier, Nature, 1936 "Terminology of relative growth" [10, 22]





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Definitions

Isometry versus Allometry:

- ▶ Iso-metry = 'same measure'
- ► Allo-metry = 'other measure'

Confusingly, we use allometric scaling to refer to

- 1. Nonlinear scaling of a dependent variable on an independent one (e.g., $y \propto x^{1/3}$)
- 2. The relative scaling of correlated measures (e.g., white and gray matter).



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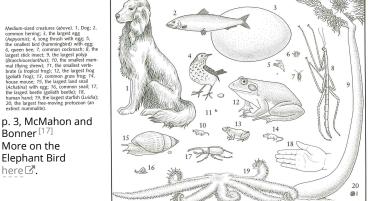
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An interesting, earlier treatise on scaling:

ON SIZE AND LIFE

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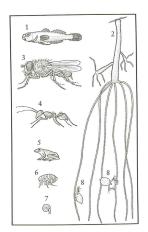
The many scales of life:

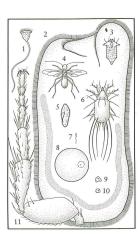
The many scales of life:

Bonner^[17]

here ♂.

3, McMahon and Bonner^[17]





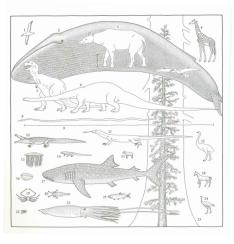
The many scales of life:

McMahon and

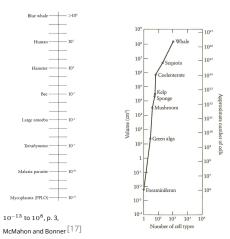
Bonner, 1983^[17]

The biggest living things (left). All the organisms are drawn to the same scale. 1, The largest flying bird (albatross); 2, the largest known animal (the blue whale.) 3, the largest extinct land mammal (Baluchitherium) with a human figure shown for scale; 4, the tallest living land animal (giraffe); 5, Tyranosaurus; 6, Diplodous; 7, one of the largest flying reptiles (Pletanodon): 8, the largest tapeworm found in man; 70, the largest tip of the largest the largest the largest the largest the largest largest largest extinct lizard; 72, the largest largest legist (Cyanos): 14, the largest largest legist crustacean (Japanese spider crab): 20, the largest seas corpion (Eurypetic): 27, large tanop; 22, the largest lood-ster; 23, the largest formulus: (deep-water squid, Architeuthis): 24, osticit; 25, the lower 105 feet of the largest organism (giant sequoia), with a 100-foot larch superposed.

p. 2, McMahon and Bonner^[17]



Size range (in grams) and cell differentiation:



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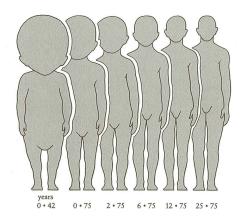
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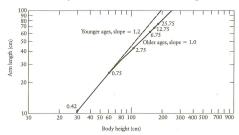
Non-uniform growth:



p. 32, McMahon and Bonner [17]

Non-uniform growth—arm length versus height:

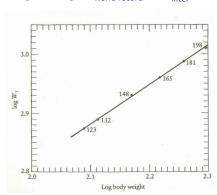
Good example of a break in scaling:



A crossover in scaling occurs around a height of 1

p. 32, McMahon and Bonner [17]

Weightlifting: $M_{\rm world \, record} \propto M_{\rm lifter}^{2/3}$



Idea: Power \sim cross-sectional area of isometric lifters. p. 53, McMahon and Bonner [17]

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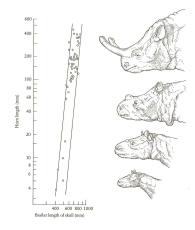
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Titanothere horns: $L_{\rm horn} \sim L_{\rm skull^4}$



p. 36, McMahon and Bonner [17]; a bit dubious.

Animal power

Fundamental biological and ecological constraint:

 $P = c M^{\alpha}$

P =basal metabolic rate M= organismal body mass







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Stories—The Fraction Assassin:



Ecology—Species-area law: ☑

Allegedly (data is messy): [12, 11]



"An equilibrium theory of insular zoogeography"

MacArthur and Wilson, Evolution, 17, 373-387, 1963. [12]

 $N_{\rm species} \propto A^{\;\beta}$

- ▶ According to physicists—on islands: $\beta \approx 1/4$.
- ▶ Also—on continuous land: $\beta \approx 1/8$.

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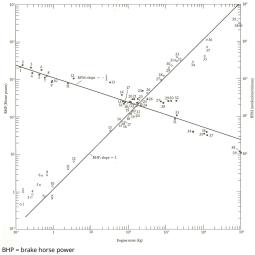
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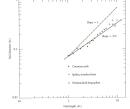
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The allometry of nails:

Observed: Diameter \propto Length^{2/3} or $d \propto \ell^{2/3}$.





Since $\ell d^2 \propto \text{Volume } v$:

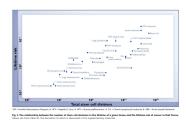
- ▶ Diameter \propto Mass^{2/7} or $d \propto v^{2/7}$.
- ▶ Length \propto Mass^{3/7} or $\ell \propto v^{3/7}$.
- ▶ Nails lengthen faster than they broaden (c.f. trees).

Cancer:



"Variation in cancer risk among tissues can be explained by the number of stem cell divisions"

Tomasetti and Vogelstein, Science Magazine, **347**, 78–81, 2015. [23]



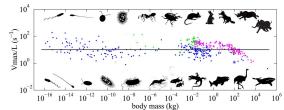
Roughly: $p \sim r^{2/3}$ where p = life time probability and r= rate of stem cell replication.

p. 58–59, McMahon and Bonner [17]



"How fast do living organisms move: Maximum speeds from bacteria to elephants and whales"

Meyer-Vernet and Rospars, American Journal of Physics, 83, 719-722, 2015. [18]



Insert question from assignment 1 2

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The allometry of nails:

A buckling instability?:

- ▶ Physics/Engineering result <a>Columns buckle under a load which depends on d^4/ℓ^2 .
- ightharpoonup To drive nails in, posit resistive force \propto nail circumference = πd .
- ▶ Match forces independent of nail size: $d^4/\ell^2 \propto d$.
- ▶ Leads to $d \propto \ell^{2/3}$.
- ▶ Argument made by Galileo [7] in 1638 in "Discourses on Two New Sciences." ☑ Also, see
- Another smart person's contribution: Euler, 1757 🗹
- Also see McMahon, "Size and Shape in Biology," Science, 1973. [16]





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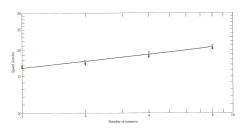
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Rowing: Speed \propto (number of rowers)^{1/9}

No. of oarsmen	Modifying description	Length, I	Beam, b	1/6	Boat mass per oarsman (kg)	Time for 2000 m (min)			
						1	II	Ш	IV
8	Heavyweight	18.28	0.610	30.0	14.7	5.87	5.92	5.82	5.73
8	Lightweight	18.28	0.598	30.6	14.7				
4	With coxswain	12.80	0.574	22.3	18.1				
4	Without coxswain	11.75	0.574	21.0	18.1	6,33	6.42	6.48	6.13
2	Double scull	9.76	0.381	25.6	13.6				
2	Pair-oared shell	9.76	0.356	27.4	13.6	6.87	6.92	6.95	6.77
1	Single scull	7.93	0.293	27.0	16.3	7.16	7.25	7.28	7.17



Physics:

Scaling in elementary laws of physics:

▶ Inverse-square law of gravity and Coulomb's law:

$$F \propto \frac{m_1 m_2}{r^2} \quad \text{and} \quad F \propto \frac{q_1 q_2}{r^2}.$$

- Force is diminished by expansion of space away from source.
- ▶ The square is d-1=3-1=2, the dimension of a sphere's surface.

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Dimensional Analysis:

The Buckingham π theorem \square :1



"On Physically Similar Systems: Illustrations of the Use of Dimensional Equations"
E. Buckingham,
Phys. Rev., 4, 345–376, 1914. [5]

As captured in the 1990s in the MIT physics library:



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Dimensional Analysis:²

Fundamental equations cannot depend on units:

- \blacktriangleright System involves n related quantities with some unknown equation $f(q_1,q_2,\ldots,q_n)=0.$
- ▶ Geometric ex.: area of a square, side length ℓ : $A = \ell^2$ where $[A] = L^2$ and $[\ell] = L$.
- ▶ Rewrite as a relation of $p \le n$ independent dimensionless parameters \square where p is the number of independent dimensions (mass, length, time, luminous intensity ...):

$$F(\pi_1,\pi_2,\dots,\pi_p)=0$$

- $\qquad \qquad \textbf{e.g., } A/\ell^2-1=0 \text{ where } \pi_1=A/\ell^2.$
- ▶ Another example: $F = ma \Rightarrow F/ma 1 = 0$.
- ▶ Plan: solve problems using only backs of envelopes.

Example:

Simple pendulum:



- Idealized mass/platypus swinging forever.
- ► Four quantities:
 - 1. Length ℓ ,
 - 2. mass m,
 - 3. gravitational acceleration g, and
 - 4. pendulum's period τ .
- ▶ Variable dimensions: $[\ell] = L$, [m] = M, $[g] = LT^{-2}$, and $[\tau] = T$.
- ▶ Turn over your envelopes and find some π 's.

A little formalism:

- ▶ Game: find all possible independent combinations of the $\{q_1,q_2,\dots,q_n\}$, that form dimensionless quantities $\{\pi_1,\pi_2,\dots,\pi_p\}$, where we need to figure out $p\leq n$.
- $\blacktriangleright \ \ \mathsf{Consider} \ \pi_i = q_1^{x_1} q_2^{x_2} \cdots q_n^{x_n}.$
- \blacktriangleright We (desperately) want to find all sets of powers x_j that create dimensionless quantities.
- \blacktriangleright Dimensions: want $[\pi_i]=[q_1]^{x_1}[q_2]^{x_2}\cdots[q_n]^{x_n}=1.$
- $\label{eq:continuous} \begin{tabular}{l} \begin{$
- ightharpoonup So: $[\pi_i] = L^{x_1} M^{x_2} (LT^{-2})^{x_3} T^{x_4}$.
- $\qquad \qquad \mathbf{Ve} \ \text{regroup:} \ [\pi_i] = L^{x_1 + x_3} M^{x_2} T^{-2x_3 + x_4}.$
- ▶ We now need: $x_1 + x_3 = 0$, $x_2 = 0$, and $-2x_3 + x_4$.
- ► Time for matrixology ...

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 $^{^2}$ Length is a dimension, furlongs and \underline{smoots} $\underline{\mathbb{Z}}$ are units

Well, of course there are matrices:

► Thrillingly, we have:

$$\mathbf{A}\vec{x} = \left[\begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -2 & 1 \end{array} \right] \left[\begin{array}{c} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \\ x_4 \end{array} \right] = \left[\begin{array}{c} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{array} \right]$$

- ▶ A nullspace equation: $\mathbf{A}\vec{x} = \vec{0}$.
- Number of dimensionless parameters = Dimension of null space = n - r where n is the number of columns of $\bf A$ and r is the rank of $\bf A$.
- ▶ Here: n=4 and $r=3 \rightarrow F(\pi_1)=0 \rightarrow \pi_1$ = const.
- ightharpoonup In general: Create a matrix ${f A}$ where ijth entry is the power of dimension i in the jth variable, and solve by row reduction to find basis null vectors.
- ▶ We (you) find: $\pi_1 = \ell/g\tau^2 = \text{const.}$ Upshot: $\tau \propto \sqrt{\ell}$. Insert question from assignment 1 🗹



1945

New Mexico

Trinity test:

"Scaling, self-similarity, and intermediate asymptotics" 🗗

by G. I. Barenblatt (1996). [2]

G. I. Taylor, magazines, and classified secrets:

Self-similar blast wave:

▶ Radius: [R] = L, Time: [t] = T, Density of air: $[\rho] = M/L^3$,

Energy: $[E] = \dot{M}L^2/T^2$.

- ▶ Four variables, three dimensions.
- One dimensionless variable: $E = {\sf constant} \times \rho R^5/t^2.$
- ▶ Scaling: Speed decays as $1/R^{3/2}$.

Related: Radiolab's Elements on the Cold War, the Bomb Pulse, and the dating of cell age (33:30).

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We're still sorting out units:

Proposed 2018 revision of SI base units:







- ▶ Now: kilogram is an artifact in Sèvres, France.
- ► Future: Defined by fixing Planck's constant as $6.62606X \times 10^{-34} \text{ s}^{-1} \cdot \text{m}^2 \cdot \text{kg.}^3$
- Metre chosen to fix speed of light at 299792458 m⋅s⁻¹.
- ▶ Radiolab piece: ≤ kg



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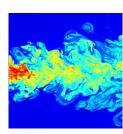
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Turbulence:



Big whirls have little whirls That heed on their velocity, And little whirls have littler whirls

And so on to viscosity.

— Lewis Fry Richardson 🗹



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▶ Image from here ☑.

M ~

A

▶ Jonathan Swift (1733): "Big fleas have little fleas upon their backs to bite 'em, And little fleas have lesser fleas, and so, ad infinitum." The Siphonaptera.

Aragón et al.,

share the same luminance.

Phillip Ball, July 2006.

"Turbulent luminance in impassioned van

J. Math. Imaging Vis., **30**, 275–283, 2008. [1]

▶ Examined the probability pixels a distance *R* apart

Apparently not observed in other famous painter's

"Van Gogh painted perfect turbulence" by

works or when van Gogh was settled.

▶ Oops: Small ranges and natural log used.





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Advances in turbulence:

Kolmogorov, armed only with dimensional analysis and an envelope figures this out in 1941:

$$E(k) = C\epsilon^{2/3}k^{-5/3}$$

- \blacktriangleright E(k) = energy spectrum function.
- $ightharpoonup \epsilon$ = rate of energy dissipation.
- $k = 2\pi/\lambda$ = wavenumber.
- Energy is distributed across all modes, decaying with wave number.
- ▶ No internal characteristic scale to turbulence.
- Stands up well experimentally and there has been no other advance of similar magnitude.



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 $^{^3}X$ = still arguing ...

"The Geometry of Nature": Fractals



- "Anomalous" scaling of lengths, areas, volumes relative to each other.
- The enduring question: how do self-similar geometries form?
- ▶ Robert E. Horton ☑: Self-similarity of river (branching) networks (1945). [8]
- ▶ Harold Hurst ☑—Roughness of time series (1951). [9]
- Lewis Fry Richardson ☑—Coastlines (1961).
- ▶ Benoît Mandelbrot ☑—Introduced the term "Fractals" and explored them everywhere, 1960s on. [13, 14, 15]

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Scaling-at-large Table 1. Scaling exponents for urban indicators vs. city size

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[0.74,0.81] [0.73,0.80] Length of electrical cables Road surface [0.82.0.92] Data sources are shown in SI Text. CI, confidence interval; Adj-R², adjusted R²; GDP, gross domestic product

95% CI

[1.25,1.29] [1.22,1.27] [1.29,1.39] [1.11,1.18] [1.14,1.22] [1.18,1.43]

[1.09,1.13] [1.03,1.11]

[1.03,1.11] [1.06,1.23] [1.09,1.46] [1.03,1.23] [1.03,1.11] [1.18,1.29] [1.11, 1.18]

[0.99,1.01]

[0.99,1.02] [0.94,1.06]

[0.89.1.22]

[0.89,1.11]

1.26

0.77

Adj-R2

0.72 0.76 0.92 0.89 0.77

0.93

0.88

0.93

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Country-year

U.S. 2001 U.S. 2001 U.S. 2002 U.S. 2003

U.S. 1997

China 2002

U.S. 2002 U.S. 1996

China 2002

EU 1999–2003 Germany 2003 Germany 2002 U.S. 2002–2003 U.S. 2003

Germany 2002

China 2002

China 2002

U.S. 2001

U.S. 2001

U.S. 1990

295

316 331 377

318





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Scaling in Cities:



"Growth, innovation, scaling, and the pace of life in cities"

0.2

β=-0.247 R²=0.89

Bettencourt et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci., 104, 7301-7306, 2007. [4]

- Quantified levels of
 - ▶ Infrastructure
 - Wealth
 - Crime levels

β=1.12 R²=0.97

- Disease
- Energy consumption

as a function of city size N (population).

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Scaling in Cities:

New patents Inventors Private R&D employment

"Supercreative" employment R&D establishments

GDP
Total electrical consumption
New AIDS cases
Serious crimes

Total employment Household electrical consumption

Household electrical consumption

Household water consumption

R&D employment

Total housing

Gasoline stations

GDP

Total wages Total bank deposits

Intriguing findings:

- ightharpoonup Global supply costs scale sublinearly with N $(\beta < 1)$.
 - Returns to scale for infrastructure.
- ▶ Total individual costs scale linearly with N ($\beta = 1$)
 - ▶ Individuals consume similar amounts independent of city size.
- ▶ Social quantities scale superlinearly with N ($\beta > 1$)
 - ► Creativity (# patents), wealth, disease, crime, ...

Density doesn't seem to matter...

A possible theoretical explanation?

#sixthology

Luís M. A. Bettencourt,

▶ Surprising given that across the world, we observe two orders of magnitude variation in area covered by agglomerations of fixed populations.

"The origins of scaling in cities"

Science, **340**, 1438–1441, 2013. [3]





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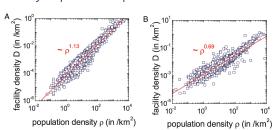




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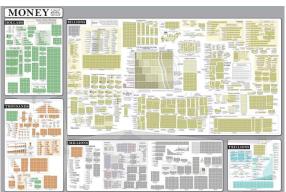
^dNote to self: Make millions with the "Fractal Diet"

Density of public and private facilities:



$$ho_{
m fac} \propto
ho_{
m pop}^{lpha}$$

- ▶ Left plot: ambulatory hospitals in the U.S.
- ▶ Right plot: public schools in the U.S.



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Scaling laws for technology production:

- "Statistical Basis for Predicting Technological Progress [20]" Nagy et al., PLoS ONE, 2013.
- $ightharpoonup y_t$ = stuff unit cost; x_t = total amount of stuff made.
- ▶ Wright's Law, cost decreases as a power of total stuff made: [24]

$$y_t \propto x_t^{-w}.$$

▶ Moore's Law ☑, framed as cost decrease connected with doubling of transistor density every two years: [19]

$$y_t \propto e^{-mt}.$$

Sahal's observation that Moore's law gives rise to Wright's law if stuff production grows exponentially: [21]

$$x_t \propto e^{gt}.$$

Time (year)

Polyvinylchloride

DRAM

Time (vear)

▶ Sahal + Moore gives Wright with w = m/g.

Primary Magnesiur

Time (vear)

Polyvinylchloride

DRAM

Time (year)



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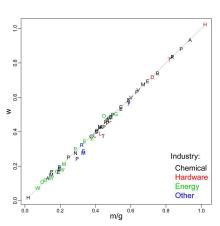


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Explore the original zoomable and interactive version here: http://xkcd.com/980/2.

Moore's Law: ☑

Microprocessor Transistor Counts 1971-2011 & Moore's Law

1971

2,600,000,000 1,000,000,000 100.000.000 10,000,000 100,000

Date of introduction

2000

2011

Scaling of Specialization:

"Scaling of Differentiation in Networks: Nervous Systems, Organisms, Ant Colonies, Ecosystems, Businesses, Universities, Cities, Electronic Circuits, and

M. A. Changizi, M. A. McDannald and D. Widders [6] J. Theor. Biol., 2002.

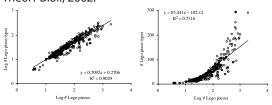


Fig. 3. Log-log (base 10) (left) and semi-log (right) plots of the number of Lego piece types vs. the total number of parts in Lego structures (n = 391). To help to distinguish the data points, logarithmic values were perturbed by adding a random number in the interval [-0.05, 0.05], and non-logarithmic values were perturbed by adding a random number in the interval [-1, 1].

▶ Nice 2012 wired.com write-up 🖸

$C \sim N^{1/d}, d > 1$:

- C = network differentiation = # node types.
- ▶ N = network size = # nodes.
- ightharpoonup d = combinatorial degree.
- ▶ Low *d*: strongly specialized parts.
- ▶ High d: strongly combinatorial in nature, parts are
- ▶ Claim: Natural selection produces high *d* systems.
- ▶ Claim: Engineering/brains produces low d systems.

Range log N 2.65 0.732 1.41 1.13 1.37 3.04 2.72 0.94 0.695 0.549 1.81 0.09/0.01 46 22 6.00 5.24 0.481 0.658 0.454 0.548 0.11/0.04 0.17/0.04 Power law Power law 4.56

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[1] J. L. Aragón, G. G. Naumis, M. Bai, M. Torres, and P. K. Maini.

Scaling is a fundamental feature of complex

▶ Basic distinction between isometric and allometric

▶ Powerful envelope-based approach: Dimensional

"Oh yeah, well that's just dimensional analysis" said the [insert your own adjective] physicist. Tricksiness: A wide variety of mechanisms give rise to scalings, both normal and unusual.

Turbulent luminance in impassioned van Gogh paintings.

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Shell of the nut:

systems.

scaling.

analysis.





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