

Overview of Complex Systems

Principles of Complex Systems | @pocsvox

CSYS/MATH 300, Fall, 2013 | #FallPoCS2013

Prof. Peter Dodds | @peterdodds

Dept. of Mathematics & Statistics | Vermont Complex Systems Center
Vermont Advanced Computing Core | University of Vermont



Licensed under the Creative Commons Attribution-NonCommercial-ShareAlike 3.0 License.

PoCS | @pocsvox
What's the John Dory?

Orientation
Course Information
Topics
Projects
Centers, Books, Resources

Fundamentals
Complexity
Emergence
Self-Organization
Our Framing
Modeling
Statistical Mechanics

References



1 of 95



Peter Dodds



Lewis Mitchell



Nick Allgaier



Cathy Bliss



Chris Danforth



Jake Williams



Andy Reagan



Eitan Pechenick



Emily Cody



Morgan Frank



Lindsay Van Leir



Mike Foley



Ross Lieb-Lappen
(Dartmouth)



Isabel Kloumann
(Cornell)



Kameron Harris
(Washington)



Paul Lessard
(Colorado)



Tyler Gray
(MIT)



Suma Desu



Eric Clark

Funding: NSF, NASA, MITRE.

PoCS | @pocsvox
What's the John Dory?

Orientation
Course Information
Topics
Projects
Centers, Books, Resources

Fundamentals
Complexity
Emergence
Self-Organization
Our Framing
Modeling
Statistical Mechanics

References



4 of 95

These slides are brought to you by:



PoCS | @pocsvox
What's the John Dory?

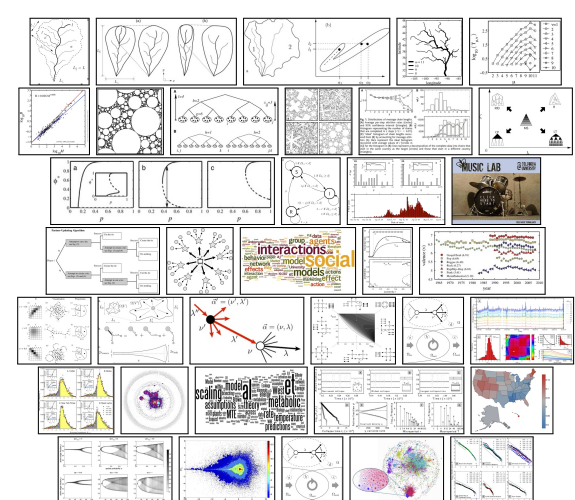
Orientation
Course Information
Topics
Projects
Centers, Books, Resources

Fundamentals
Complexity
Emergence
Self-Organization
Our Framing
Modeling
Statistical Mechanics

References



2 of 95



PoCS | @pocsvox
What's the John Dory?

Orientation
Course Information
Topics
Projects
Centers, Books, Resources

Fundamentals
Complexity
Emergence
Self-Organization
Our Framing
Modeling
Statistical Mechanics

References



5 of 95

Outline

Orientation

Course Information
Topics
Projects
Centers, Books, Resources

Fundamentals

Complexity
Emergence
Self-Organization
Our Framing
Modeling
Statistical Mechanics

References

PoCS | @pocsvox
What's the John Dory?

Orientation
Course Information
Topics
Projects
Centers, Books, Resources

Fundamentals
Complexity
Emergence
Self-Organization
Our Framing
Modeling
Statistical Mechanics

References



3 of 95

Basics:

- **Instructor:** Prof. Peter Dodds
- **Lecture room and meeting times:**
309 Terrill, Tuesday and Thursday, 1:00 pm to 2:15 pm
- **Office:** Farrell Hall, second floor, Trinity Campus
- **email:** peter.dodds@uvm.edu
- **Course Website:**
<http://www.uvm.edu/~pdodds/teaching/courses/2013-08UVM-300> (田)
- **Course Twitter handle:** @pocsvox
- **Course hashtag:** #FallPoCS2013

PoCS | @pocsvox
What's the John Dory?

Orientation
Course Information
Topics
Projects
Centers, Books, Resources

Fundamentals
Complexity
Emergence
Self-Organization
Our Framing
Modeling
Statistical Mechanics

References



7 of 95

Admin:

Potential paper products:

- ▶ The Syllabus (田) and a Poster (田).

Office hours:

- ▶ 1:00 pm to 4:00 pm, Wednesday,
Farrell Hall, second floor, Trinity Campus

Graduate Certificate:

- ▶ Principles of Complex Systems is one of two core requirements for UVM's five course Certificate of Graduate Study in Complex Systems (田).
- ▶ Other required course: Prof. Maggie Eppstein's "Modelling Complex Systems" (CSYS/CS 302).
- ▶ The Sequel to PoCS: "Complex Networks" (CSYS/MATH 303).

PoCS|@pocsvox
What's the John Dory?

Orientation
Course Information
Topics
Projects
Centers, Books, Resources

Fundamentals
Complexity
Emergence
Self-Organization
Our Framing
Modeling
Statistical Mechanics
References



8 of 95

Grading breakdown:

- ▶ **Projects/talks (36%)**—Students will work on semester-long projects. Students will develop a proposal in the first few weeks of the course which will be discussed with the instructor for approval. Details: 12% for the first talk, 12% for the final talk, and 12% for the written project.
- ▶ **Assignments (60%)**—All assignments will be of equal weight and there will be ten of them.
- ▶ **General attendance/Class participation (4%)**

PoCS|@pocsvox
What's the John Dory?

Orientation
Course Information
Topics
Projects
Centers, Books, Resources

Fundamentals
Complexity
Emergence
Self-Organization
Our Framing
Modeling
Statistical Mechanics
References



11 of 95

Exciting details regarding these slides:

- ▶ Three versions (all in pdf):
 1. Presentation,
 2. Flat Presentation,
 3. Handout (3x2 slides per page).
- ▶ Presentation versions are **hyperly navigable**:
⌂ 🔍 ≡ back + search + forward.
- ▶ Web links look like this (田) and are eminently clickable.
- ▶ References in slides link to full citation at end.^[1]
- ▶ Citations contain links to pdfs for papers (if available).
- ▶ Some books will be linked to on amazon.
- ▶ Brought to you by a frightening melange of L^AT_EX (田), Beamer (田), perl (田), PerlTeX (田), fevered command-line madness (田), and an almost fanatical devotion (田) to the indomitable emacs (田).
#superpowers

PoCS|@pocsvox
What's the John Dory?

Orientation
Course Information
Topics
Projects
Centers, Books, Resources

Fundamentals
Complexity
Emergence
Self-Organization
Our Framing
Modeling
Statistical Mechanics
References



9 of 95

How grading works:

Questions are worth 3 points according to the following scale:

- ▶ 3 = correct or very nearly so.
- ▶ 2 = acceptable but needs some revisions.
- ▶ 1 = needs major revisions.
- ▶ 0 = way off.

PoCS|@pocsvox
What's the John Dory?

Orientation
Course Information
Topics
Projects
Centers, Books, Resources

Fundamentals
Complexity
Emergence
Self-Organization
Our Framing
Modeling
Statistical Mechanics
References



12 of 95

More super exciting details:

- ▶ This is Season 7 of Principles of Complex Systems.
- ▶ Lectures will be called Episodes.
- ▶ All lectures are bottle episodes (田).
- ▶ Other tropes (田) will be involved.

PoCS|@pocsvox
What's the John Dory?

Orientation
Course Information
Topics
Projects
Centers, Books, Resources

Fundamentals
Complexity
Emergence
Self-Organization
Our Framing
Modeling
Statistical Mechanics
References



10 of 95

Important things:

1. Classes run from Tuesday, August 27 to Tuesday, December 3.
2. Add/Drop, Audit, Pass/No Pass deadline—Monday, September 9.
3. Last day to withdraw—Monday, October 28 (Sadness!).
4. Reading and Exam period—Thursday, December 5 to Friday, December 13.

Do check your zoo account for updates regarding the course.

Academic assistance: Anyone who requires assistance in any way (as per the ACCESS program or due to athletic endeavors), please see or contact me as soon as possible.

PoCS|@pocsvox
What's the John Dory?

Orientation
Course Information
Topics
Projects
Centers, Books, Resources

Fundamentals
Complexity
Emergence
Self-Organization
Our Framing
Modeling
Statistical Mechanics
References



13 of 95

Major themes:

- ▶ The Complexity Manifesto;
- ▶ Complex Systems \equiv Modern, Normal Science;
- ▶ Roles and limits of Data, Theory, and Experiment;
- ▶ Emergence;
- ▶ Universality and Accidents of History;
- ▶ Structure and Stories: Micro-to-macro Mechanisms;
- ▶ Elements: Scaling, Surprise, Networks, Robustness, Failure, and Spreading.
- ▶ The Theory of Anything: Why Complexify?

PoCS | @pocsvox
What's the John Dory?

Orientation
Course Information
Topics
Projects
Centers, Books, Resources

Fundamentals
Complexity
Emergence
Self-Organization
Our Framing
Modeling
Statistical Mechanics

References



15 of 95

Topics:

Integrity of complex systems:

- ▶ Generic failure mechanisms
- ▶ Network robustness
- ▶ Highly Optimized Tolerance (HOT): Robustness and fragility
- ▶ Predictability

Information and Language:

- ▶ Search in networked systems (e.g., the web, social systems)
- ▶ Search on scale-free networks
- ▶ Knowledge trees, metadata and tagging
- ▶ Evolution and structure of natural languages

PoCS | @pocsvox
What's the John Dory?

Orientation
Course Information
Topics
Projects
Centers, Books, Resources

Fundamentals
Complexity
Emergence
Self-Organization
Our Framing
Modeling
Statistical Mechanics

References



18 of 95

Topics:

Scaling phenomena:

- ▶ Power law size distributions and non-Gaussian statistics and
- ▶ Zipf's law
- ▶ Key mechanisms for generating power law size distributions
- ▶ Allometry
- ▶ Scaling of social phenomena: crime, creativity, and consumption.
- ▶ Scaling in biology (elephants and platypuses).
- ▶ Renormalization techniques

PoCS | @pocsvox
What's the John Dory?

Orientation
Course Information
Topics
Projects
Centers, Books, Resources

Fundamentals
Complexity
Emergence
Self-Organization
Our Framing
Modeling
Statistical Mechanics

References



16 of 95

Topics:

Sociotechnical Systems:

- ▶ Biological and social spreading models;
- ▶ Schelling's model of segregation;^[17]
- ▶ Granovetter's model of imitation;^[12]
- ▶ Collective behavior and Synchrony;
- ▶ Global cooperation from bad actors;
- ▶ Global conflicts from good actors;
- ▶ Stories (Homo Narrativus);
- ▶ The Sociotechnocene.

PoCS | @pocsvox
What's the John Dory?

Orientation
Course Information
Topics
Projects
Centers, Books, Resources

Fundamentals
Complexity
Emergence
Self-Organization
Our Framing
Modeling
Statistical Mechanics

References



19 of 95

Topics:

Complex networks:

- ▶ Structure and Dynamics;
- ▶ Statistical Mechanics;
- ▶ Phase transitions;
- ▶ Random Networks;
- ▶ Scale-free Networks;
- ▶ Small-world Networks.

Multiscale complex systems:

- ▶ Hierarchies and Scaling;
- ▶ Modularity;

PoCS | @pocsvox
What's the John Dory?

Orientation
Course Information
Topics
Projects
Centers, Books, Resources

Fundamentals
Complexity
Emergence
Self-Organization
Our Framing
Modeling
Statistical Mechanics

References



17 of 95

Topics:

Large-scale social patterns:

- ▶ Movement of individuals;
- ▶ Cities;
- ▶ Happiness;
- ▶ Twitter.

Collective decision making:

- ▶ Wisdom and madness of crowds;
- ▶ Systems of voting;
- ▶ The role of randomness and chance;
- ▶ Success inequality: superstardom;

PoCS | @pocsvox
What's the John Dory?

Orientation
Course Information
Topics
Projects
Centers, Books, Resources

Fundamentals
Complexity
Emergence
Self-Organization
Our Framing
Modeling
Statistical Mechanics

References



20 of 95

Season's Narrative Arc (or Places We Will Go):

- Overview of Complexity with bonus Manifesto.
- Size distributions of system elements:
 - Power-law size distributions.
 - Description and Mechanisms of Becoming.
- Robustness of Complex Systems.
- Complex networks—how system elements are connected:
 - Structure, Growth Mechanisms, Processes on Networks.
 - SoCial Contagion, Voting, Fame and Fate, Stories.
- Allometric scaling in complex systems.
- Happiness.
- Complexification: The Theory of Anything.

PoCS|@pocsvox
What's the John Dory?

Orientation
Course Information
Topics
Projects
Centers, Books, Resources
Fundamentals
Complexity
Emergence
Self-Organization
Our Framing
Modeling
Statistical Mechanics
References



Projects

The narrative hierarchy—explaining things on many scales:

- 1 to 3 word encapsulation, a soundbite,
- a sentence/title,
- a few sentences,
- a paragraph,
- a short paper,
- a long paper,
- a chapter,
- a book,
- ...

PoCS|@pocsvox
What's the John Dory?

Orientation
Course Information
Topics
Projects
Centers, Books, Resources
Fundamentals
Complexity
Emergence
Self-Organization
Our Framing
Modeling
Statistical Mechanics
References



Schedule in detail:

Week # (dates)	Tuesday	Thursday
1 (8/27 and 8/29)	Overview: Fundamentals: The Complexity Manifesto	Power-law size distributions
2 (9/3 and 9/5)	Zipf's law; Fundamentals: Data, Emergence, Limits to Understanding	Projects: Power-law mechanisms: Randomness
3 (In class: 9/10 and 9/12) 3 (Online: 9/10 and 9/12)	Special Guest Star: TBA Power-law mechanisms: Variable Transformation	Special Guest Star: Prof. Jim Bagrow Power-law mechanisms: The Rich-Get-Richer
4 (9/17 and 9/19)	Power-law mechanisms: Optimization	Robustness and Fragility
5 (9/24 and 9/26)	Fundamentals: Statistical Mechanics Language evolution	Robustness vs. SOC
6 (10/1 and 10/3)	Complex networks: Introduction Basics and Examples	Complex networks: Key Properties Generalized random networks Small-world networks
7 (10/8 and 10/10)	Complex networks: Small-world networks	Complex networks: Scale-free networks
8 (10/15 and 10/17)	Project presentations†	Project presentations†
9 (10/22 and 10/24)	Complex networks: Scale-free networks	Complex networks: Scale-free networks
10 (10/29 and 10/31)	Contagion: Introduction	Biological Contagion
11 (11/5 and 11/7)	Social Contagion	Interesting Scaling
12 (11/12 and 11/14)	Interesting Scaling	Interesting Scaling
13 (11/19 and 11/21)	Voting and Success	Happiness
14 (11/26 and 11/28)	Thanksgiving	Thanksgiving
15 (12/3)	The Big Story	—

†: 3-4 minutes each + 1 or 2 questions;

Popular Science Books:

Historical artifact:



"Complexity: The Emerging Science at the Edge of Order and Chaos" (田)
by M. Mitchell Waldrop (1993).^[23]



Shout-out: Dr. Andrew P. Morokoff (田),
MBBS PhD FRACS D.Thau (Bug) (田)

PoCS|@pocsvox
What's the John Dory?

Orientation
Course Information
Topics
Projects
Centers, Books, Resources
Fundamentals
Complexity
Emergence
Self-Organization
Our Framing
Modeling
Statistical Mechanics
References



Projects

- Semester-long projects, teams of 2 or 3.
- Develop proposal in first few weeks.
- May range from novel research to investigation of an established area of complex systems.
- Two talks + written piece.
- Usage of the VACC (田) is encouraged (ability to code well = super powers).
- Massive data sets available, including Twitter.
- Academic output (journal papers) resulting from Principles of Complex Systems and Complex Networks can be found [here](#) (田). Add more!
- We'll go through a list of possible projects soon.

PoCS|@pocsvox
What's the John Dory?

Orientation
Course Information
Topics
Projects
Centers, Books, Resources
Fundamentals
Complexity
Emergence
Self-Organization
Our Framing
Modeling
Statistical Mechanics
References



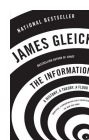
Popular Science Books:



"Simply Complexity: A Clear Guide to Complexity Theory" (田)
by Neil F. Johnson (2009).^[13]



"Complexity: A Guided Tour" (田)
by Melanie Mitchell (2009).^[16]



"The Information: A History, A Theory, A Flood" (田)
by James Gleick (2011).^[11]

PoCS|@pocsvox
What's the John Dory?

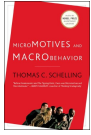
Orientation
Course Information
Topics
Projects
Centers, Books, Resources
Fundamentals
Complexity
Emergence
Self-Organization
Our Framing
Modeling
Statistical Mechanics
References



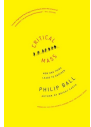
On complex sociotechnical systems:



“Human Behaviour and the Principle of Least-Effort” (田)
by George K. Zipf (1949).^[24]



“Micromotives and Macrobehavior” (田)
by Thomas C. Schelling (1978).^[19]



“Critical Mass: How One Thing Leads to Another” (田)
by Philip Ball (2004).^[2]

PoCS|@pocsvox
What's the John Dory?

Orientation
Course Information
Topics
Projects
Centers, Books, Resources
Fundamentals
Complexity
Emergence
Self-Organization
Our Framing
Modeling
Statistical Mechanics
References



32 of 95

Centers:

- ▶ Santa Fe Institute (SFI)
- ▶ New England Complex Systems Institute (NECSI)
- ▶ Michigan's Center for the Study of Complex Systems (CSCS (田))
- ▶ Northwestern Institute on Complex Systems (NICO (田))
- ▶ Also: Indiana, Davis, Brandeis, University of Illinois, Duke, Warsaw, Melbourne, ...,

- ▶  Vermont Complex Systems Center (田)

PoCS|@pocsvox
What's the John Dory?

Orientation
Course Information
Topics
Projects
Centers, Books, Resources
Fundamentals
Complexity
Emergence
Self-Organization
Our Framing
Modeling
Statistical Mechanics
References

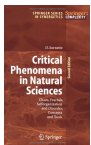


35 of 95

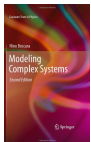
A few textbooky books:



“Complex Adaptive Systems: An introduction to computational models of social life” (田)
by John H. Miller and Scott E. Page and (2007).^[15]



“Critical Phenomena in Natural Sciences” (田)
by Didier Sornette (2003).^[21]



“Modeling Complex Systems” (田)
by Nino Boccara (2004).^[4]

PoCS|@pocsvox
What's the John Dory?

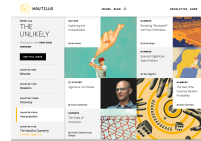
Orientation
Course Information
Topics
Projects
Centers, Books, Resources
Fundamentals
Complexity
Emergence
Self-Organization
Our Framing
Modeling
Statistical Mechanics
References



33 of 95

Other inputs:

- ▶ Complexity Digest:
<http://www.comdig.org> (田)
<https://twitter.com/@cxdig> (田)



- ▶ Nautilus Magazine:
<http://nautil.us/> (田)

- ▶ Cosma Shalizi's notebooks:
<http://www.cscs.umich.edu/~crshalizi/notebooks/> (田)

PoCS|@pocsvox
What's the John Dory?

Orientation
Course Information
Topics
Projects
Centers, Books, Resources
Fundamentals
Complexity
Emergence
Self-Organization
Our Framing
Modeling
Statistical Mechanics
References



36 of 95

Relevant online courses:

- ▶ Melanie Mitchell (Santa Fe Institute):
[Introduction to Complexity](#) (田)
- ▶ Lada Adamic (Michigan):
[Social Network Analysis](#) (田)

PoCS|@pocsvox
What's the John Dory?

Orientation
Course Information
Topics
Projects
Centers, Books, Resources
Fundamentals
Complexity
Emergence
Self-Organization
Our Framing
Modeling
Statistical Mechanics
References



34 of 95

Definitions

Complex: (Latin = with + fold/weave (com + plex))



Adjective:

1. Made up of multiple parts; intricate or detailed.
2. Not simple or straightforward.

PoCS|@pocsvox
What's the John Dory?

Orientation
Course Information
Topics
Projects
Centers, Books, Resources
Fundamentals
Complexity
Emergence
Self-Organization
Our Framing
Modeling
Statistical Mechanics
References



38 of 95

Definitions

Complicated versus Complex:

- Complicated: Mechanical watches, airplanes, ...
- Engineered systems can be made to be **highly robust but not adaptable**.
- But engineered systems can become complex (power grid, planes).
- They can also **fail spectacularly**.
- Explicit distinction: **Complex Adaptive Systems**.

PoCS | @pocsvox
What's the John Dory?

Orientation
Course Information
Topics
Projects
Centers, Books, Resources

Fundamentals
Complexity
Emergence
Self-Organization
Our Framing
Modeling
Statistical Mechanics

References



39 of 95

Definitions

The Wikipedia on Complex Systems:

"Complexity science is not a single theory: it encompasses more than one theoretical framework and is highly interdisciplinary, seeking the answers to some fundamental questions about living, adaptable, changeable systems."

Nino Boccarda in *Modeling Complex Systems*:

[5] "... there is no universally accepted definition of a complex system ... most researchers would describe a system of connected agents that exhibits an emergent global behavior not imposed by a central controller, but resulting from the interactions between the agents."

PoCS | @pocsvox
What's the John Dory?

Orientation
Course Information
Topics
Projects
Centers, Books, Resources

Fundamentals
Complexity
Emergence
Self-Organization
Our Framing
Modeling
Statistical Mechanics

References



40 of 95

Definitions

Philip Ball in *Critical Mass*:

[2] "...complexity theory seeks to understand how order and stability arise from the interactions of many components according to a few simple rules."

Cosma Shalizi:

"The 'sciences of complexity' are very much a potpourri, and while the name has some justification—chaotic motion seems more complicated than harmonic oscillation, for instance—I think the fact that it is more dignified than 'neat nonlinear nonsense' has not been the least reason for its success.—That opinion wasn't exactly changed by working at the Santa Fe Institute for five years."

PoCS | @pocsvox
What's the John Dory?

Orientation
Course Information
Topics
Projects
Centers, Books, Resources

Fundamentals
Complexity
Emergence
Self-Organization
Our Framing
Modeling
Statistical Mechanics

References



41 of 95

Definitions

Steve Strogatz in *Sync*:

"... every decade or so, a grandiose theory comes along, bearing similar aspirations and often brandishing an ominous-sounding C-name. In the 1960s it was cybernetics. In the '70s it was catastrophe theory. Then came chaos theory in the '80s and complexity theory in the '90s."

PoCS | @pocsvox
What's the John Dory?

Orientation
Course Information
Topics
Projects
Centers, Books, Resources

Fundamentals
Complexity
Emergence
Self-Organization
Our Framing
Modeling
Statistical Mechanics

References



42 of 95

Definitions

A meaningful definition of a Complex System:

- Distributed system of many interrelated (possibly networked) parts with no centralized control exhibiting emergent behavior—"More is Different" [1]

A few optional features:

- Explicit nonlinear relationships
- Presence of feedback loops
- Being open or driven, opaque boundaries
- Presence of memory
- Modular (nested)/multiscale structure

PoCS | @pocsvox
What's the John Dory?

Orientation
Course Information
Topics
Projects
Centers, Books, Resources

Fundamentals
Complexity
Emergence
Self-Organization
Our Framing
Modeling
Statistical Mechanics

References



43 of 95

Examples of Complex Systems:

- human societies
- financial systems
- cells
- ant colonies
- weather systems
- ecosystems
- animal societies
- disease ecologies
- brains
- social insects
- geophysical systems
- the world wide web
- i.e., everything that's interesting...

PoCS | @pocsvox
What's the John Dory?

Orientation
Course Information
Topics
Projects
Centers, Books, Resources

Fundamentals
Complexity
Emergence
Self-Organization
Our Framing
Modeling
Statistical Mechanics

References



44 of 95

Relevant fields:

- ▶ Physics
 - ▶ Economics
 - ▶ Sociology
 - ▶ Psychology
 - ▶ Information Sciences
 - ▶ Cognitive Sciences
 - ▶ Biology
 - ▶ Ecology
 - ▶ Geosciences
 - ▶ Geography
 - ▶ Medical Sciences
 - ▶ Systems Engineering
 - ▶ Computer Science
 - ▶ ...
- ▶ i.e., everything that's interesting...

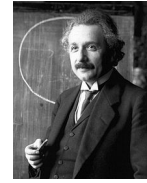
PoCS | @pocsvox
What's the John Dory?

Orientation
Course Information
Topics
Projects
Centers, Books, Resources
Fundamentals
Complexity
Emergence
Self-Organization
Our Framing
Modeling
Statistical Mechanics
References



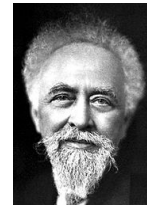
UNIVERSITY OF VERMONT
45 of 95

Reductionism:



Albert Einstein (田) 1879–1955

- ▶ **Annus Mirabilis paper:** (田) “the Motion of Small Particles Suspended in a Stationary Liquid, as Required by the Molecular Kinetic Theory of Heat” [8, 9]
- ▶ Showed **Brownian motion** (田) followed from an atomic model giving rise to diffusion.



Jean Perrin (田) 1870–1942

- ▶ 1908: Experimentally verified Einstein's work and Atomic Theory.

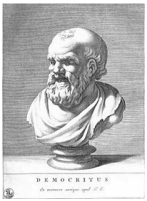
PoCS | @pocsvox
What's the John Dory?

Orientation
Course Information
Topics
Projects
Centers, Books, Resources
Fundamentals
Complexity
Emergence
Self-Organization
Our Framing
Modeling
Statistical Mechanics
References



UNIVERSITY OF VERMONT
48 of 95

Reductionism:



Democritus (田) (ca. 460 BC – ca. 370 BC)

- ▶ Atomic hypothesis
- ▶ Atom ~ a (not) – temnein (to cut)
- ▶ Plato allegedly wanted his books burned.



John Dalton (田) 1766–1844

- ▶ Chemist, Scientist
- ▶ Developed atomic theory
- ▶ First estimates of atomic weights

PoCS | @pocsvox
What's the John Dory?

Orientation
Course Information
Topics
Projects
Centers, Books, Resources
Fundamentals
Complexity
Emergence
Self-Organization
Our Framing
Modeling
Statistical Mechanics
References



UNIVERSITY OF VERMONT
46 of 95

Complexity Manifesto:

1. Systems are ubiquitous and systems matter.
2. Consequently, much of science is about understanding how pieces dynamically fit together.
3. 1700 to 2000 = Golden Age of Reductionism.
 - ▶ Atoms!, sub-atomic particles, DNA, genes, people, ...
4. Understanding and creating systems (including new 'atoms') is the greater part of science and engineering.
5. Universality: systems with quantitatively different micro details exhibit qualitatively similar macro behavior.
6. Computing advances make the Science of Complexity possible:
 - 6.1 We can measure and record enormous amounts of data, research areas continue to transition from data scarce to data rich.
 - 6.2 We can simulate, model, and create complex systems in extraordinary detail.

PoCS | @pocsvox
What's the John Dory?

Orientation
Course Information
Topics
Projects
Centers, Books, Resources
Fundamentals
Complexity
Emergence
Self-Organization
Our Framing
Modeling
Statistical Mechanics
References



UNIVERSITY OF VERMONT
49 of 95

Reductionism:



Ludwig Boltzmann (田), 1844–1906. Atomic Theory.

- ▶ “Boltzmann's kinetic theory of gases seemed to presuppose the reality of atoms and molecules, but almost all German philosophers and many scientists like Ernst Mach and the physical chemist Wilhelm Ostwald disbelieved their existence.”
- ▶ “In 1904 at a physics conference in St. Louis most physicists seemed to reject atoms and he was not even invited to the physics section. Rather, he was stuck in a section called “applied mathematics,” he violently attacked philosophy, especially on allegedly Darwinian grounds but actually in terms of Lamarck's theory of the inheritance of acquired characteristics that people inherited bad philosophy from the past and that it was hard for scientists to overcome such inheritance.”

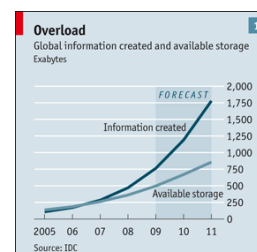
PoCS | @pocsvox
What's the John Dory?

Orientation
Course Information
Topics
Projects
Centers, Books, Resources
Fundamentals
Complexity
Emergence
Self-Organization
Our Framing
Modeling
Statistical Mechanics
References



UNIVERSITY OF VERMONT
47 of 95

Data, Data, Everywhere—the Economist, Feb 25, 2010 (田)



- ▶ Exponential growth: ~ 60% per year.

Big Data Science:

- ▶ 2013: year traffic on Internet estimate to reach 2/3 Zettabytes (1ZB = 10^3 EB = 10^6 PB = 10^9 TB)
- ▶ Large Hadron Collider: 40 TB/second.
- ▶ 2016—Large Synoptic Survey Telescope: 140 TB every 5 days.
- ▶ Facebook: ~ 100 billion photos
- ▶ Twitter: ~ 5 billion tweets

PoCS | @pocsvox
What's the John Dory?

Orientation
Course Information
Topics
Projects
Centers, Books, Resources
Fundamentals
Complexity
Emergence
Self-Organization
Our Framing
Modeling
Statistical Mechanics
References



UNIVERSITY OF VERMONT
50 of 95

No really, that's a lot of data

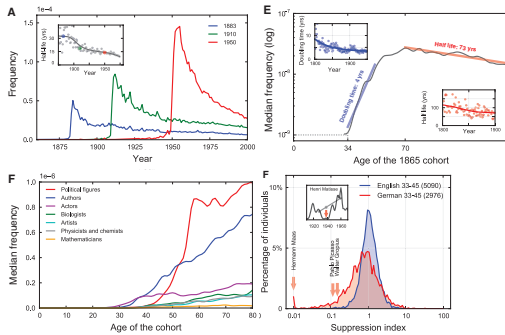
Data inflation		
Unit	Size	What it means
Bit (b)	1 or 0	Short for "binary digit", after the binary code (1 or 0) computers use to store and process data
Byte (B)	8 bits	Enough information to create an English letter or number in computer code. It is the basic unit of computing
Kilobyte (KB)	1,000, or 2^{10} , bytes	From "thousand" in Greek. One page of typed text is 2KB
Megabyte (MB)	1,000KB; 2^{20} bytes	From "large" in Greek. The complete works of Shakespeare total 5MB. A typical pop song is about 4MB
Gigabyte (GB)	1,000MB; 2^{30} bytes	From "giant" in Greek. A two-hour film can be compressed into 1-2GB
Terabyte (TB)	1,000GB; 2^{40} bytes	From "monster" in Greek. All the catalogued books in America's Library of Congress total 15TB
Petabyte (PB)	1,000TB; 2^{50} bytes	All letters delivered by America's postal service this year will amount to around 5PB. Google processes around 1PB every hour
Exabyte (EB)	1,000PB; 2^{60} bytes	Equivalent to 10 billion copies of <i>The Economist</i>
Zettabyte (ZB)	1,000EB; 2^{70} bytes	The total amount of information in existence this year is forecast to be around 1.2ZB
Yottabyte (YB)	1,000ZB; 2^{80} bytes	Currently too big to imagine

The prefixes are set by an intergovernmental group, the International Bureau of Weights and Measures. Yotta and Zetta were added in 1991; terms for larger amounts have yet to be established.

Source: *The Economist*

Big Data—Culturomics:

"Quantitative analysis of culture using millions of digitized books" by Michel et al., *Science*, 2011 ^[14]



<http://www.culturomics.org/> (田)
Google Books ngram viewer (田)

PoCS | @pocsvox
What's the John Dory?

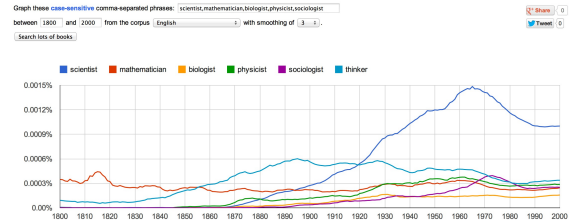
Orientation
Course Information
Topics
Projects
Centers, Books, Resources
Fundamentals
Complexity
Emergence
Self-Organization
Our Framing
Modeling
Statistical Mechanics
References



52 of 95

The Newness of being a Scientist:

Google books Ngram Viewer



PoCS | @pocsvox
What's the John Dory?

Orientation
Course Information
Topics
Projects
Centers, Books, Resources
Fundamentals
Complexity
Emergence
Self-Organization
Our Framing
Modeling
Statistical Mechanics
References



54 of 95

Emergence:

The Wikipedia on Emergence:

"In philosophy, systems theory and the sciences, emergence refers to the way complex systems and patterns arise out of a multiplicity of relatively simple interactions. ... emergence is central to the physics of complex systems and yet very controversial."

The philosopher G. H. Lewes first used the word explicitly in 1875.

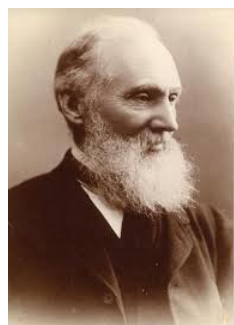
PoCS | @pocsvox
What's the John Dory?

Orientation
Course Information
Topics
Projects
Centers, Books, Resources
Fundamentals
Complexity
Emergence
Self-Organization
Our Framing
Modeling
Statistical Mechanics
References



56 of 95

Basic Science \simeq Describe + Explain:



Lord Kelvin (possibly):

- ▶ "To measure is to know."
- ▶ "If you cannot measure it, you cannot improve it."

Bonus:

- ▶ "X-rays will prove to be a hoax."
- ▶ "There is nothing new to be discovered in physics now, All that remains is more and more precise measurement."

PoCS | @pocsvox
What's the John Dory?

Orientation
Course Information
Topics
Projects
Centers, Books, Resources
Fundamentals
Complexity
Emergence
Self-Organization
Our Framing
Modeling
Statistical Mechanics
References



53 of 95

Emergence:

Tornadoes, financial collapses, human emotion aren't found in water molecules, dollar bills, or carbon atoms.

Examples:

- ▶ Fundamental particles \Rightarrow Life, the Universe, and Everything
- ▶ Genes \Rightarrow Organisms
- ▶ Neurons etc. \Rightarrow Brain \Rightarrow Thoughts
- ▶ People \Rightarrow Religion, Collective behaviour
- ▶ People \Rightarrow The Web
- ▶ People \Rightarrow Language, and rules of language
- ▶ ? \Rightarrow time; ? \Rightarrow gravity; ? \Rightarrow reality.

"The whole is more than the sum of its parts" —Aristotle

PoCS | @pocsvox
What's the John Dory?

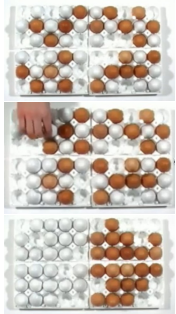
Orientation
Course Information
Topics
Projects
Centers, Books, Resources
Fundamentals
Complexity
Emergence
Self-Organization
Our Framing
Modeling
Statistical Mechanics
References



58 of 95

Emergence:

Thomas Schelling (田) (Economist/Nobelist):



[youtube] (田)



- ▶ "Micromotives and Macrobehavior" [19]
 - ▶ Segregation [17, 20]
 - ▶ Wearing hockey helmets [18]
 - ▶ Seating choices

PoCS | @pocsvox
What's the John Dory?

Orientation
Course Information
Topics
Projects
Centers, Books, Resources

Fundamentals
Complexity
Emergence
Self-Organization
Our Framing
Modeling
Statistical Mechanics

References



59 of 95

Emergence:

Higher complexity:

- ▶ Many system scales (or levels) that interact with each other.
- ▶ Potentially much harder to explain/understand.

Even mathematics: [10]



Gödel's Theorem (田):
we can't prove every theorem that's true ...

- ▶ Suggests a **strong form of emergence**: Some phenomena cannot be analytically deduced from elementary aspects of a system.

PoCS | @pocsvox
What's the John Dory?

Orientation
Course Information
Topics
Projects
Centers, Books, Resources

Fundamentals
Complexity
Emergence
Self-Organization
Our Framing
Modeling
Statistical Mechanics

References



62 of 95

Emergence:

Friedrich Hayek (田)
(Economist/Philosopher/Nobelist):

- ▶ Markets, legal systems, political systems are emergent and not designed.
- ▶ 'Taxis' = made order (by God, Sovereign, Government, ...)
- ▶ 'Cosmos' = grown order
- ▶ Archetypal limits of **hierarchical** and **decentralized** structures.
- ▶ **Hierarchies** arise once problems are solved. [7]
- ▶ **Decentralized structures** help solve problems.
- ▶ Dewey Decimal System versus tagging.

PoCS | @pocsvox
What's the John Dory?

Orientation
Course Information
Topics
Projects
Centers, Books, Resources

Fundamentals
Complexity
Emergence
Self-Organization
Our Framing
Modeling
Statistical Mechanics

References



60 of 95

Emergence:

Roughly speaking, there are **two types** of **emergence**:

I. **Weak emergence**:

System-level phenomena is different from that of its constituent parts yet can be connected theoretically.

II. **Strong emergence**:

System-level phenomena fundamentally cannot be deduced from how parts interact.

PoCS | @pocsvox
What's the John Dory?

Orientation
Course Information
Topics
Projects
Centers, Books, Resources

Fundamentals
Complexity
Emergence
Self-Organization
Our Framing
Modeling
Statistical Mechanics

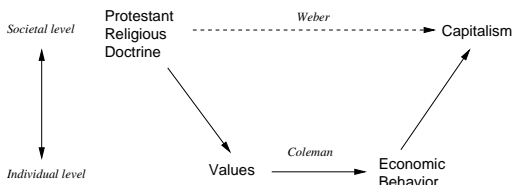
References



63 of 95

Emergence:

James Coleman (田) in *Foundations of Social Theory*:



- ▶ Understand macrophenomena arises from microbehavior which in turn depends on macrophenomena. [6]
- ▶ More on Coleman here (田).

PoCS | @pocsvox
What's the John Dory?

Orientation
Course Information
Topics
Projects
Centers, Books, Resources

Fundamentals
Complexity
Emergence
Self-Organization
Our Framing
Modeling
Statistical Mechanics

References



61 of 95

Emergence:

- ▶ **Reductionist** techniques can explain weak emergence.
- ▶ **Magic** explains strong emergence. [3]
- ▶ But: maybe **magic** should be interpreted as an **inscrutable yet real mechanism** that cannot ever be **simply described**.
- ▶ Gulp.

PoCS | @pocsvox
What's the John Dory?

Orientation
Course Information
Topics
Projects
Centers, Books, Resources

Fundamentals
Complexity
Emergence
Self-Organization
Our Framing
Modeling
Statistical Mechanics

References



64 of 95



Listen to Steve Strogatz, Hod Lipson, and Michael Schmidt (Cornell) in the [last piece](#) (田) (11:16) on Radiolab's show 'Limits' (田) (April 5, 2010).



(E) Biblomata/flickr

Dr. Steve Strogatz wonders if we've reached the limits of human scientific understanding, and should soon turn the reins of research over to robots. Cold, calculating robots. Then, Dr. Hod Lipson and Michael Schmidt walk us through the workings of a revolutionary computer program that they developed—a program that can deduce mathematical relationships in nature, through simple observation. The catch? As Dr. Gurol Suel explains, the program gives answers to complex biological questions that we humans have yet to ask, or even to understand.

TAGS: mind bending

Bonus: Mike Schmidt's talk on Eureka (田) at UVM's 2011 TEDx event "Big Data, Big Stories." (田)

PoCS|@pocsvox
What's the John Dory?

Orientation
Course Information
Topics
Projects
Centers, Books, Resources

Fundamentals
Complexity
Emergence
Self-Organization
Our Framing
Modeling
Statistical Mechanics

References



65 of 95

Reductionism

- ▶ "people don't eat nutrients, they eat foods, and foods can behave very differently than the nutrients they contain."
- ▶ Studies suggest diets high in fruits and vegetables help prevent cancer.
- ▶ So... find the nutrients responsible and eat more of them
- ▶ But "in the case of [beta carotene ingested as a supplement](#), scientists have discovered that it actually [increases the risk of certain cancers](#). Oops."

PoCS|@pocsvox
What's the John Dory?

Orientation
Course Information
Topics
Projects
Centers, Books, Resources

Fundamentals
Complexity
Emergence
Self-Organization
Our Framing
Modeling
Statistical Mechanics

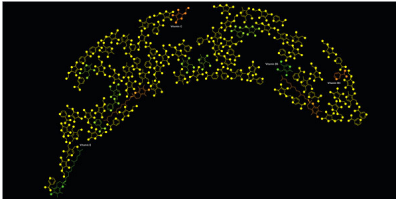
References



68 of 95

The emergence of taste:

- ▶ Molecules \Rightarrow Ingredients \Rightarrow Taste
- ▶ See Michael Pollan's [article on nutritionism](#) (田) in the New York Times, January 28, 2007.



nytimes.com

PoCS|@pocsvox
What's the John Dory?

Orientation
Course Information
Topics
Projects
Centers, Books, Resources

Fundamentals
Complexity
Emergence
Self-Organization
Our Framing
Modeling
Statistical Mechanics

References



66 of 95

Reductionism

Thyme's known antioxidants:

4-Terpeneol, alanine, anethole, apigenin, ascorbic acid, beta carotene, caffeic acid, camphene, carvacrol, chlorogenic acid, chrysoeriol, eriodictyol, eugenol, ferulic acid, gallic acid, gamma-terpinene isochlorogenic acid, isoeugenol, isothymonin, kaempferol, labiatic acid, lauric acid, linalyl acetate, luteolin, methionine, myrcene, myristic acid, naringenin, oleanolic acid, p-coumaric acid, p-hydroxy-benzoic acid, palmitic acid, rosmarinic acid, selenium, tannin, thymol, tryptophan, ursolic acid, vanillic acid.



[cnn.com]

PoCS|@pocsvox
What's the John Dory?

Orientation
Course Information
Topics
Projects
Centers, Books, Resources

Fundamentals
Complexity
Emergence
Self-Organization
Our Framing
Modeling
Statistical Mechanics

References



69 of 95

Reductionism

Reductionism and food:

- ▶ Pollan: "even the simplest food is a hopelessly complex thing to study, a virtual wilderness of chemical compounds, many of which exist in complex and dynamic relation to one another..."
- ▶ "So ... break the thing down into its component parts and study those one by one, even if that means ignoring complex interactions and contexts, as well as the fact that the whole may be more than, or just different from, the sum of its parts. This is what we mean by reductionist science."

PoCS|@pocsvox
What's the John Dory?

Orientation
Course Information
Topics
Projects
Centers, Books, Resources

Fundamentals
Complexity
Emergence
Self-Organization
Our Framing
Modeling
Statistical Mechanics

References



67 of 95

Reductionism

"It would be great to know how this all works, but [in the meantime](#) we can enjoy thyme in the knowledge that it probably doesn't do any harm (since people have been eating it forever) and that it may actually do some good (since people have been eating it forever) and that even if it does nothing, we like the way it tastes."

[Gulf between theory and practice](#) (see [baseball and bumblebees](#)).

PoCS|@pocsvox
What's the John Dory?

Orientation
Course Information
Topics
Projects
Centers, Books, Resources

Fundamentals
Complexity
Emergence
Self-Organization
Our Framing
Modeling
Statistical Mechanics

References



70 of 95

Definitions

Self-Organization

“Self-organization (田) is a process in which the internal organization of a system, normally an open system, increases in complexity without being guided or managed by an outside source.” (also: Self-assembly)

- ▶ Self-organization refers to a broad array of decentralized processes that lead to emergent phenomena.

PoCS|@pocsvox
What's the John Dory?

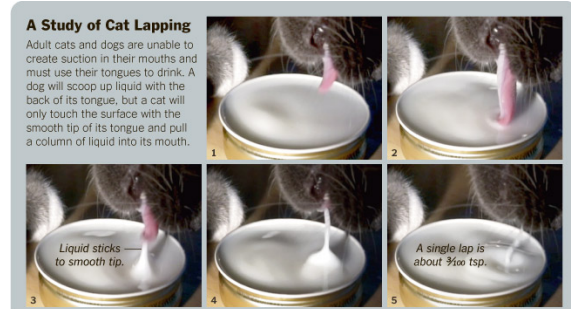
Orientation
Course Information
Topics
Projects
Centers, Books, Resources
Fundamentals
Complexity
Emergence
Self-Organization
Our Framing
Modeling
Statistical Mechanics
References



72 of 95

Rather silly but great example of real science:

“How Cats Lap: Water Uptake by *Felis catus*” (田)
Reis et al., *Science*, 2010.



Source: Science THE NEW YORK TIMES IMAGES FROM VIDEO BY ROMAN STOCKER, SUNGHWAN JUNG, JEFFREY M. ARISTOTY AND PEDRO M. REIS

Amusing interview here (田)

PoCS|@pocsvox
What's the John Dory?

Orientation
Course Information
Topics
Projects
Centers, Books, Resources
Fundamentals
Complexity
Emergence
Self-Organization
Our Framing
Modeling
Statistical Mechanics
References



76 of 95

Examples of self-organization:

- ▶ Molecules/Atoms liking each other → Gas-liquid-solids
- ▶ Spin alignment → Magnetization
- ▶ Imitation → Herding, flocking, stock market

Fundamental question: how likely is ‘complexification’?

PoCS|@pocsvox
What's the John Dory?

Orientation
Course Information
Topics
Projects
Centers, Books, Resources
Fundamentals
Complexity
Emergence
Self-Organization
Our Framing
Modeling
Statistical Mechanics
References



73 of 95

Models

Nino Boccara in *Modeling Complex Systems*:

“Finding the emergent global behavior of a large system of interacting agents using methods is usually hopeless, and researchers therefore must rely on computer-based models.”

Focus is on dynamical systems models:

- ▶ differential and difference equation models
- ▶ dynamical systems theory
- ▶ cellular automata
- ▶ networks
- ▶ power-law distributions

PoCS|@pocsvox
What's the John Dory?

Orientation
Course Information
Topics
Projects
Centers, Books, Resources
Fundamentals
Complexity
Emergence
Self-Organization
Our Framing
Modeling
Statistical Mechanics
References



78 of 95

Upshot

- ▶ The central concepts **Complexity** and **Emergence** are not precisely defined.
- ▶ There is no general theory of Complex Systems.
- ▶ But the problems exist...
Complex (Adaptive) Systems abound...
- ▶ Framing: Science's focus is moving to Complex Systems **because it finally can**.
- ▶ We use whatever tools we need.
- ▶ Reality is theoretically weak.
- ▶ Science \simeq Describe + Explain.

PoCS|@pocsvox
What's the John Dory?

Orientation
Course Information
Topics
Projects
Centers, Books, Resources
Fundamentals
Complexity
Emergence
Self-Organization
Our Framing
Modeling
Statistical Mechanics
References



75 of 95

Tools and techniques:

- ▶ Differential equations, difference equations, linear algebra.
- ▶ Statistical techniques for comparisons and descriptions.
- ▶ Methods from statistical mechanics and computer science.
- ▶ Computer modeling.

Key advance:

- ▶ Representation of complex interaction patterns as dynamic networks.
- ▶ The driver: **Massive amounts of Data**
- ▶ More later...

PoCS|@pocsvox
What's the John Dory?

Orientation
Course Information
Topics
Projects
Centers, Books, Resources
Fundamentals
Complexity
Emergence
Self-Organization
Our Framing
Modeling
Statistical Mechanics
References



79 of 95

Models

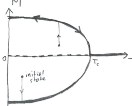
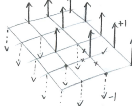
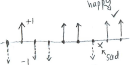
Philip Ball in *Critical Mass*:

[2] "... very often what passes today for 'complexity science' is really something much older, dressed up in fashionable apparel. The main themes in complexity theory have been studied for more than a hundred years by physicists who evolved a tool kit of concepts and techniques to which complexity studies have barely added a handful of new items."

Old School:

- ▶ Statistical Mechanics is "a science of collective behavior."
- ▶ Simple rules give rise to collective phenomena.

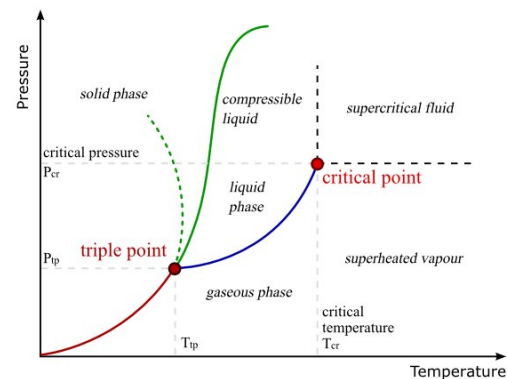
The Ising Model (田) of a ferromagnet:



- ▶ Each atom is assumed to have a local spin that can be **up** or **down**: $S_i = \pm 1$.
- ▶ Spins are assumed to be arranged on a lattice.
- ▶ In isolation, spins like to align with each other.
- ▶ Increasing temperature breaks these alignments.
- ▶ The *drosophila* (田) of statistical mechanics.
- ▶ Criticality: Power-law distributions at critical points.

Example 2-d Ising model simulation:
<http://dtjohnson.net/projects/ising> (田)

Phase diagrams



Qualitatively distinct macro states.

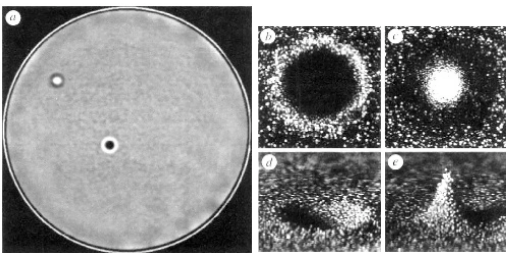
PoCS|@pocsvox
What's the John Dory?

Orientation
Course Information
Topics
Projects
Centers, Books, Resources
Fundamentals
Complexity
Emergence
Self-Organization
Our Framing
Modeling
Statistical Mechanics
References



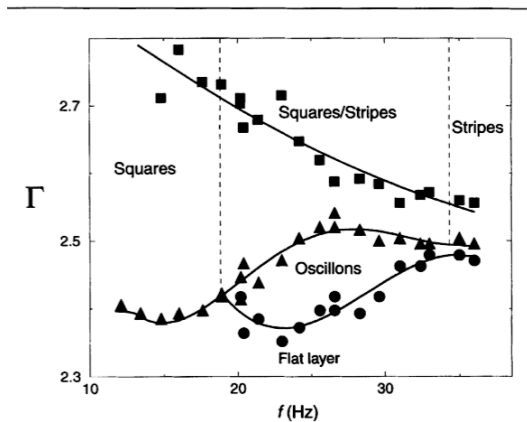
Phase diagrams

Oscillons, bacteria, traffic, snowflakes, ...



Umbanhowar et al., *Nature*, 1996 [22]

Phase diagrams

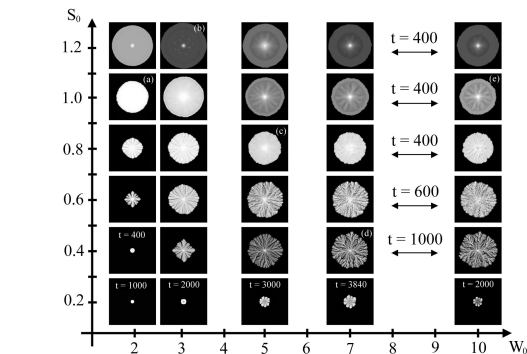


PoCS|@pocsvox
What's the John Dory?

Orientation
Course Information
Topics
Projects
Centers, Books, Resources
Fundamentals
Complexity
Emergence
Self-Organization
Our Framing
Modeling
Statistical Mechanics
References



Phase diagrams



W_0 = initial wetness, S_0 = initial nutrient supply
<http://math.arizona.edu/~lega/HydroBact.html>

PoCS|@pocsvox
What's the John Dory?

Orientation
Course Information
Topics
Projects
Centers, Books, Resources
Fundamentals
Complexity
Emergence
Self-Organization
Our Framing
Modeling
Statistical Mechanics
References



PoCS|@pocsvox
What's the John Dory?

Orientation
Course Information
Topics
Projects
Centers, Books, Resources
Fundamentals
Complexity
Emergence
Self-Organization
Our Framing
Modeling
Statistical Mechanics
References



PoCS|@pocsvox
What's the John Dory?

Orientation
Course Information
Topics
Projects
Centers, Books, Resources
Fundamentals
Complexity
Emergence
Self-Organization
Our Framing
Modeling
Statistical Mechanics
References



Ising model

Analytic issues:

- ▶ 1-d: simple (Ising & Lenz, 1925)
- ▶ 2-d: hard (Onsager, 1944)
- ▶ 3-d: extremely hard...
- ▶ 4-d and up: simple.

PoCS|@pocsvox
What's the John
Dory?

Orientation
Course Information
Topics
Projects
Centers, Books, Resources

Fundamentals
Complexity
Emergence
Self-Organization
Our Framing
Modeling
Statistical Mechanics
References



87 of 95

References II

- [5] N. Boccara.
Modeling Complex Systems.
Springer-Verlag, New York, 2004.
- [6] J. S. Coleman.
Foundations of Social Theory.
Belknap Press, Cambridge, MA, 1994.
- [7] P. S. Dodds, D. J. Watts, and C. F. Sabel.
Information exchange and the robustness of
organizational networks.
Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci., 100(21):12516–12521, 2003.
pdf (田)

PoCS|@pocsvox
What's the John
Dory?

Orientation
Course Information
Topics
Projects
Centers, Books, Resources

Fundamentals
Complexity
Emergence
Self-Organization
Our Framing
Modeling
Statistical Mechanics
References



90 of 95

Statistics

Historical surprise:

- ▶ Origins of Statistical Mechanics are in the studies of
people... (Maxwell and co.)
- ▶ Now physicists are using their techniques to study
everything else including people...
- ▶ See Philip Ball's "Critical Mass"^[2]

PoCS|@pocsvox
What's the John
Dory?

Orientation
Course Information
Topics
Projects
Centers, Books, Resources

Fundamentals
Complexity
Emergence
Self-Organization
Our Framing
Modeling
Statistical Mechanics
References



88 of 95

References III

- [8] A. Einstein.
Über die von der molekularkinetischen theorie der
wärme geforderte bewegung von in ruhenden
flüssigkeiten suspendierten teilchen.
Annalen der Physik, 322:549–560, 1905.
- [9] A. Einstein.
On the movement of small particles suspended in a
stationary liquid demanded by the molecular-kinetic
theory of heat.
In R. Fürth, editor, Investigations on the theory of the
Brownian motion. Dover Publications, 1956. pdf (田)
- [10] R. Foote.
Mathematics and complex systems.
Science, 318:410–412, 2007. pdf (田)

PoCS|@pocsvox
What's the John
Dory?

Orientation
Course Information
Topics
Projects
Centers, Books, Resources

Fundamentals
Complexity
Emergence
Self-Organization
Our Framing
Modeling
Statistical Mechanics
References



91 of 95

References I

- [1] P. W. Anderson.
More is different.
Science, 177(4047):393–396, 1972. pdf (田)
- [2] P. Ball.
Critical Mass: How One Thing Leads to Another.
Farra, Straus, and Giroux, New York, 2004.
- [3] M. A. Bedau.
Weak emergence.
In J. Tomberlin, editor, Philosophical Perspectives:
Mind, Causation, and World, volume 11, pages
375–399. Blackwell, Malden, MA, 1997. pdf (田)
- [4] N. Boccara.
Modeling Complex Systems.
Springer-Verlag, New York, 2nd edition, 2004.

PoCS|@pocsvox
What's the John
Dory?

Orientation
Course Information
Topics
Projects
Centers, Books, Resources

Fundamentals
Complexity
Emergence
Self-Organization
Our Framing
Modeling
Statistical Mechanics
References



89 of 95

References IV

- [11] J. Gleick.
The Information: A History, A Theory, A Flood.
Pantheon, 2011.
- [12] M. Granovetter.
Threshold models of collective behavior.
Am. J. Sociol., 83(6):1420–1443, 1978. pdf (田)
- [13] N. F. Johnson.
Simply Complexity: A Clear Guide to Complexity
Theory.
Oneworld Publications, London, UK, 2009. pdf (田)

PoCS|@pocsvox
What's the John
Dory?

Orientation
Course Information
Topics
Projects
Centers, Books, Resources

Fundamentals
Complexity
Emergence
Self-Organization
Our Framing
Modeling
Statistical Mechanics
References



92 of 95

References V

- [14] J.-B. Michel, Y. K. Shen, A. P. Aiden, A. Veres, M. K. Gray, The Google Books Team, J. P. Pickett, D. Hoiberg, D. Clancy, P. Norvig, J. Orwant, S. Pinker, M. A. Nowak, and E. A. Lieberman. Quantitative analysis of culture using millions of digitized books. [Science Magazine](#), 331:176–182, 2011. pdf (田)
- [15] J. H. Miller and S. E. Page. Complex Adaptive Systems: An introduction to computational models of social life. Princeton University Press, Princeton, NJ, 2007.
- [16] M. Mitchell. Complexity: A Guided Tour. Oxford University Press, New York, NY, 2009. pdf (田)

PoCS|@pocsvox
What's the John Dory?

Orientation
Course Information
Topics
Projects
Centers, Books, Resources

Fundamentals
Complexity
Emergence
Self-Organization
Our Framing
Modeling
Statistical Mechanics

References



93 of 95

References VI

- [17] T. C. Schelling. Dynamic models of segregation. [J. Math. Sociol.](#), 1:143–186, 1971. pdf (田)
- [18] T. C. Schelling. Hockey helmets, concealed weapons, and daylight saving: A study of binary choices with externalities. [J. Conflict Resolut.](#), 17:381–428, 1973. pdf (田)
- [19] T. C. Schelling. Micromotives and Macrobehavior. Norton, New York, 1978.
- [20] T. C. Schelling. Some fun, thirty-five years ago. In L. Tesfatsion and K. L. Judd, editors, [Handbook of Computational Economics](#), volume 2, pages 1639–1644. Elsevier, 2006. pdf (田)

PoCS|@pocsvox
What's the John Dory?

Orientation
Course Information
Topics
Projects
Centers, Books, Resources

Fundamentals
Complexity
Emergence
Self-Organization
Our Framing
Modeling
Statistical Mechanics

References



94 of 95

References VII

- [21] D. Sornette. Critical Phenomena in Natural Sciences. Springer-Verlag, Berlin, 2nd edition, 2003.
- [22] P. B. Umbanhowar, F. Melo, and H. L. Swinney. Localized excitations in a vertically vibrated granular layer. [Nature](#), 382:793–6, 1996. pdf (田)
- [23] M. M. Waldrop. Complexity: The Emerging Science at the Edge of Order and Chaos. Simon & Schuster, New York, NY, 1993.
- [24] G. K. Zipf. Human Behaviour and the Principle of Least-Effort. Addison-Wesley, Cambridge, MA, 1949.

PoCS|@pocsvox
What's the John Dory?

Orientation
Course Information
Topics
Projects
Centers, Books, Resources

Fundamentals
Complexity
Emergence
Self-Organization
Our Framing
Modeling
Statistical Mechanics

References



95 of 95