

**295A Complex Networks—Assignment 1**  
**University of Vermont, Spring 2008**

**Dispersed:** Friday, February 8, 2008.

**Due:** By start of lecture, 9:30 am, Thursday, February 21, 2008.

*Some useful reminders:*

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**Office hours:** 10:45 am to 12:30 pm, Tuesday

**Course website:** <http://www.uvm.edu/~pdodds/teaching/courses/2008-01UVM-295/>

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All parts are worth 3 points unless marked otherwise. Please show all your working clearly and list the names of others with whom you collaborated.

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**Branching networks:**

1. Tokunaga's law is statistical but we can consider a rigid version. Take  $T_1 = 2$  and  $R_T = 2$  and draw an example network of order  $\Omega = 4$  with these parameters.
2. Find Tokunaga's parameter  $T_1$  in terms of Horton's  $R_n$  and  $R_s$ .

Reminder: In class, we showed that

$$2R_n = (2 + R_T + T_1) + [(2 + R_T + T_1)^2 - 8R_T]^{1/2} \text{ and } R_s = R_T.$$

3. Show  $R_s = R_\ell$ . In other words show that Horton's law of stream segments matches that of main stream lengths.
4. Show  $R_n = R_a$ . Do this by using Tokunaga's law to find the average area of an order  $\omega$  basin,  $\bar{a}_\omega$ , in terms of the average area of basins of order 1 to  $\omega - 1$ .

Reminder: Tokunaga's law is

$$T_{\omega,\omega'} = T_1 R_T^{\omega-\omega'-1} \quad \text{where } \omega > \omega'.$$

5. For river networks, basin areas are distributed according to  $P(a) \propto a^{-\tau}$ . Determine the exponent  $\tau$  in terms of the Horton ratios  $R_n$  and  $R_s$ .