## Ephemera

Principles of Complex Systems, Vols. 1, 2, \& 3D CSYS/MATH 6701, 6713, \& a pretend number, 2023-2024| @pocsvox

## Prof. Peter Sheridan Dodds | @peterdodds

Computational Story Lab | Vermont Complex Systems Center Santa Fe Institute | University of Vermont


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## Outline

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## Various things

Randomness

## References

From YojimboJango,Tuesday January 29, 2013 @09:12AM (\#42725321), Slashdot<br>The PoCSverse<br>Ephemera for Season 15 of PoCS, Vol. 1<br>5 of 34<br>Various things<br>Randomness<br>References

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"I wrote this a while ago, but I find it's useful to post it here:

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Not even God himself coming down from on high and face to face telling every member of the human race not to touch it is going to keep it from being abused.
That is the true nature of humanity and by inclusion programmers."

## YojimboJango's taxonomy (1/2):

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C\#: Someone spent a lot of money crafting this garden correctly. They also planted trees that emit a hypnotic pollen that will murder you if you try to leave the garden.

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javascript: There's only 1 tree and it grows upside down, but you can find it resurfacing in all the other gardens.

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C: A plot of land and a barn full of seeds. Get to work.
javascript: There's only 1 tree and it grows upside down, but you can find it resurfacing in all the other gardens. It's also sentient, growing rapidly, and trying to murder you.

A few fictional characters most like Pratchett the Cat:

Various things
Randomness

## A few fictional characters most like Pratchett the

1. Elizabeth Swann (Pirates of the Caribbean): $83 \%$
2. Daenerys Targaryen (Game of Thrones): $82 \%$
3. Margaery Tyrell (Game of Thrones): $82 \%$
4. Francisco d'Anconia (Atlas Shrugged): $82 \%$
5. Dr. Hannibal Lecter (Hannibal): 82\%
6. Audrey Horne (Twin Peaks): $81 \%$
7. Princess Anna Karenina (Anna Karenina): 81\%
8. Danny Ocean (Ocean's 11): 81\%
9. Ragnar Lothbrok (Vikings): $81 \%$
10. Olenna Tyrell (Game of Thrones): 80\%

## Some fictional characters most like the Deliverator:

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1. Ava (Ex Machina): $89 \%$
2. Dolores Abernathy (Westworld): $87 \%$
3. Dom Cobb (Inception): 86\%
4. Maeve Millay (Westworld): $84 \%$
5. Patrick Jane (The Mentalist): $84 \%$
6. Wyldstyle [ ${ }^{\text {º }}$ (The Lego Movie): $84 \%$
7. Daisy 'Skye’ Johnson (Agents of S.H.I.E.L.D.): $84 \%$
8. Black Widow (Marvel Cinematic Universe): $83 \%$
9. Elizabeth Swann (Pirates of the Caribbean): $83 \%$
10. Jason Bourne (The Bourne Identity): $83 \%$
11. Mystique (X-Men): $83 \%$
12. Juliana Crain (The Man in the High Castle): $83 \%$
13. Arya Stark (Game of Thrones): $82 \%$
14. Gamora (Marvel Cinematic Universe): 82\%
15. Sherlock Holmes (Elementary): 82\%

## Once was DodecaPoCS

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## Once was DodecaPoCS

## Twelve [s is a hero:

12 is a superior highly composite number [? highly totient [ 3 , and super abundant [?

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The PoCSverse Ephemera for Season 15 of PoCS, Vol. 1 for which both the number and sum of their positive factors are perfect numbers [ $\mathcal{C}^{\top}$ ( 6 and 28).

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Twelve [ $]$ is a hero:
\& 12 is a superior highly composite number $\sqrt{\top}$, highly totient [̌ and super abundant [C.
12 is one of only two known sublime numbers [ 3 , for which both the number and sum of their positive factors are perfect numbers [ $\mathcal{C}^{\top}$ ( 6 and 28).

- Compositeness means the Duoedecimal System is for Winners: 12 hours in half a day, 12 inches in a foot. ${ }^{1}$


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-Twelve', 'twelfth', and 'twelvish' all have excellent speekfeel Cl.
\& And 'dozen'. 'Dozen', 'dozen', 'dozen'.

[^1]
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. ${ }^{\text {B }}$ 'Twelve', 'twelfth', and 'twelvish' all have excellent speekfeel Cl.
\& And 'dozen'. 'Dozen', 'dozen', ‘dozen'.
Related: The Rampaging On-Line Encyclopedia of Integer Sequences, https://oeis.org $C$.

[^2]
## Universal numbers



References

From here $]$.

## Universal numbers

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Accidents of evolution ${ }^{1}$ give us

[^3] $5+5=10$ fingers and hence base 10 .

## Universal numbers

Ephemera for

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## Universal numbers


8. Accidents of evolution ${ }^{1}$ give us $5+5=10$ fingers and hence base 10 .
We could be happy with base 6, $8,12, \ldots$
We like these:
(-60 seconds in a minute
(-6) 60 minutes in an hour.

- $2 \times 12=24$ hours in a day.
- 360 degrees in a circle.


## Universal numbers



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. Accidents of evolution ${ }^{1}$ give us $5+5=10$ fingers and hence base 10 .
R We could be happy with base 6, $8,12, \ldots$
We like these:

- 60 seconds in a minute
(-6) 60 minutes in an hour.
(-2) $2 \times 24$ hours in a day.
- 360 degrees in a circle.
${ }^{1}$ Maybe 5 fingers are not an accident $\zeta$

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Various things

2000 BC: Babylonian base 60/Sexagesimal system.
\& Other bases [ $\bar{\pi}$ (or radices): $2,10,12$
 (vigesimal), 60.

## than any smaller natural number. <br> HCN = natural number with more divisors

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HCN = natural
number with
more divisors than any smaller natural number.
2, 4, 6, 12, 24, 36, 48, 60, 120, 180, 240, 360, 720, 840, 1260, 1680, 2520, 5040 (Plato's optimal city population []), ...

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- OEIS sequence A002 $182 \overline{7}$

[^4]The PoCSverse Ephemera for Season 15 of PoCS, Vol. 1 13 of 34

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Various things

SHCN = natural number $n$ whose number of divisors exceeds that of any other number when scaled relative to itself in a sneaky way:

$$
\frac{d(n)}{n^{\epsilon}} \geq \frac{d(j)}{j^{\epsilon}} \text { and } \frac{d(n)}{n^{\epsilon}}>\frac{d(k)}{k^{\epsilon}}
$$

for $j<n<k$ and some $\epsilon>0$.

## There's more: Superabundant numbers ${ }^{\top}$

$$
\frac{\sigma_{1}(n)}{n}>\frac{\sigma_{1}(j)}{j}
$$

for $j<n$ and where $\sigma_{x}(n)=\sum_{d \mid n} d^{x}$ is the divisor function.


449 numbers are both superabundant and highly composite.

## Yet more: Colossally abundant numbers: [ $\mathbb{}$

n is colossally abundant if for all $j$ and some $\epsilon>0$ :

$$
\frac{\sigma_{1}(n)}{n^{1+\epsilon}} \geq \frac{\sigma_{1}(j)}{j^{1+\epsilon}}
$$

R Infinitely many but only 22 less than $10^{18}$.

## Some very, very silly units of measurement courtesy of the Imperial system [ $\quad$ :

22 yards in a chain $=1$ cricket pitch, 100 links in a chain, 10 chains in a furlong, 80 chains in a mile.

## Also:

## Some very, very silly units of measurement courtesy of the Imperial system [?:

22 yards in a chain $=1$ cricket pitch, 100 links in a chain, 10 chains in a furlong, 80 chains in a mile. 1 acre $=1$ furlong $\times 1$ chain $=43,560$ square feet.

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22 yards in a chain $=1$ cricket pitch, 100 links in a chain, 10 chains in a furlong, 80 chains in a mile. 1 acre $=1$ furlong $\times 1$ chain $=43,560$ square feet. 160 fluid ounces in a gallon.

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\& 14 pounds in a stone.
\& Hundredweight = 112 pounds.

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## Also:

Fahrenheit, Celcius, and Kelvin.
R The entire metric system.

## What's this?



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## The walkie-talkie dialect:²

Various things

## . Stamps:

${ }^{2}$ From the inciting tweet of excellence: https://twitter.com/Flaminhaystack/status/977899605349339137

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## Stamps: Lickie Stickie Defibrillators:

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## The walkie-talkie dialect: ${ }^{2}$

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Defibrillators: Heartie Startie
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Hippo:
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Pregnancy test: Maybe Baby
Fork: Stabbie Grabbie
socks: Feetie Heatie
Hippo: Floatie Bloatie
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Pregnancy test: Maybe Baby
Fork: Stabbie Grabbie
socks: Feetie Heatie
Hippo: Floatie Bloatie
, Nightmare:
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, Defibrillators: Heartie Startie
\& Bumble bees: Fuzzie Buzzie
Pregnancy test: Maybe Baby
Fork: Stabbie Grabbie
socks: Feetie Heatie
Hippo: Floatie Bloatie
Nightmare: Screamie Dreamie

[^5]
## More:

Randomness

## - Ambulance:

## More:

## Ambulance: Sendie Mendie

## More:

## R Ambulance: Sendie Mendie

\& Miniature sausage dog:

## More:

Ambulance: Sendie Mendie
\& Miniature sausage dog: Teenie Weenie

## More:

. Ambulance: Sendie Mendie
Miniature sausage dog: Teenie Weenie
Shot glass:

## More:

. Ambulance: Sendie Mendie
Miniature sausage dog: Teenie Weenie
Shot glass: Dinkie Drinkie

## More:

R Ambulance: Sendie Mendie
R Miniature sausage dog: Teenie Weenie
Shot glass: Dinkie Drinkie
\& Lifejacket:

## More:

R Ambulance: Sendie Mendie
\& Miniature sausage dog: Teenie Weenie
Shot glass: Dinkie Drinkie
Lifejacket: Boatie Coatie

## More:

R Ambulance: Sendie Mendie
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R Low fat desserts:

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## More:

Ambulance: Sendie Mendie
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Cat:

## More:

Ambulance: Sendie Mendie
R Miniature sausage dog: Teenie Weenie

- Shot glass: Dinkie Drinkie

Lifejacket: Boatie Coatie
Low fat desserts: Fakey Cakey
Cat: Furrie Purrie

## A small task—Order the following adjectives to describe a knife (alphabetically ordered):

whittling
的 Victorian
As in "something-something-...-something knife."

## How does these feel?

"orange lovely knife",

## How does these feel?

"orange lovely knife", "rectangular old knife",

## How does these feel?

"orange lovely knife", . "rectangular old knife", "Victorian little knife",

## How does these feel?

"orange lovely knife",
"rectangular old knife",
"Victorian little knife",
"whittling little knife".

## How does these feel?

"orange lovely knife",
"rectangular old knife",
"Victorian little knife",
"whittling little knife".
"A whittling, steel, Victorian, orange, rectangular, old, little, lovely, knife."

## Adjective order in English: $\square^{3}$

"Adjectives in English absolutely have to be in this order: opinion - size - age - shape - colour - origin material - purpose.

[^6] 20160908-the-language-rules-we-know-but-dont-know-we-know

## Adjective order in English: $\square^{3}$

"Adjectives in English absolutely have to be in this order: opinion - size - age - shape - colour - origin material - purpose.
So you can have a lovely, little, old, rectangular, green, Victorian, steel, whittling knife.

[^7]
## Adjective order in English: $\square^{3}$

"Adjectives in English absolutely have to be in this material - purpose.
So you can have a lovely, little, old, rectangular, green, Victorian, steel, whittling knife.
But if you mess with that word order in the slightest you'll sound like a maniac.

[^8]
## Adjective order in English: $\square^{3}$

"Adjectives in English absolutely have to be in this order: opinion - size - age - shape - colour - origin material - purpose.
So you can have a lovely, little, old, rectangular, green, Victorian, steel, whittling knife.
But if you mess with that word order in the slightest you'll sound like a maniac.
It's an odd thing that every English speaker uses that list, but almost none of us could write it out."

[^9]Vowel space fun times (ablaut reduplication):
Tick-tock not tock-tick.

## Vowel space fun times (ablaut reduplication):

Tick-tock not tock-tick.
Hip-hop not hop-hip.

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## - Hip-hop not hop-hip.

Bing-bong not bong-bing.

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## Hip-hop not hop-hip.

Bing-bong not bong-bing.
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## R Tick-tock not tock-tick.

Hip-hop not hop-hip.
The PoCSverse Ephemera for Season 15 of

Bing-bong not bong-bing.
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The PoCSverse Ephemera for Season 15 of

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Clip-clop not clop-clip (Onomatopoeia)

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Tick-tock not tock-tick.
\& Hip-hop not hop-hip.
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Dilly-dally not dally-dilly.

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Rig-zag not zag-zig.
Sm not Mo (A-U-M, back to front of the mouth).

## The exception to the rule proves the rule: ${ }^{4}$

Vowel sequencing overrules adjective ordering:

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${ }^{3}$ https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Coodabeen_Champions [

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(Separately: $x-y$ is sensibly alphabetic, but we have made an abstraction concrete.)
Trouble-at-mill: Twitter has in the past had Ion-lat and lat-lon in a single tweet's json.

## Europe:

## Many errors called out in comments. Why hasn't this been done well?

## John Conway's Doomsday rule [̉ for determining a date's day of the week:

## Memorable Doomsdays:

 Ephemera for Season 15 of PoCS, Vol. 1| Month | Memorable date | Month/Day | Mnemonic ${ }^{[6]}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| January | January 3 (common years), January 4 (leap years) | $1 / 3$ or $1 / 4$ | the 3rd $\mathbf{3}$ years in 4 and the 4th in the 4th |
| February | February 28 (common years), February 29 (leap years) | $2 / 28$ or $2 / 29$ | last day of February |
| March | "March 0" | $3 / 0$ | last day of February |
| April | April 4 | $4 / 4$ | $4 / 4,6 / 6,8 / 8,10 / 10,12 / 12$ |
| May | May 9 | $5 / 9$ | $9-$-to-5 at 7-11 |
| June | June 6 | $6 / 6$ | $4 / 4, \mathbf{6 / 6}, 8 / 8,10 / 10,12 / 12$ |
| July | July 11 | $7 / 11$ | 9 9-to-5 at 7-11 |
| August | August 8 | $8 / 8$ | $4 / 4,6 / 6,8 / 8,10 / 10,12 / 12$ |
| September | September 5 | $9 / 5$ | 9 9-to-5 at 7-11 |
| October | October 10 | $10 / 10$ | $4 / 4,6 / 6,8 / 8,10 / 10,12 / 12$ |
| November | November 7 | $11 / 7$ | $9-$ to-5 at 7-11 |
| December | December 12 | $12 / 12$ | $4 / 4,6 / 6,8 / 8,10 / 10,12 / 12$ |
|  |  |  |  |

Pi day (March 14), July 4, Halloween, and Boxing Day are always Doomsdays.

## Outline:

Determine "anchor day" for a given century, then find Doomsday for a given year in that century.

Remember special Doomsday dates and work from there.

Naturally: Load this year's Doomsday into brain.

Century's anchor day (Gregorian, Sunday $\equiv 0$ ):

$$
5 \times\left(\left\lfloor\frac{Y Y Y Y}{100}\right\rfloor \bmod 4\right) \bmod 7+\text { Tuesday }
$$

Offset:

$$
\left(365 Y Y+\left\lfloor\frac{Y Y}{4}\right\rfloor\right) \bmod 7=\left(Y Y+\left\lfloor\frac{Y Y}{4}\right\rfloor\right) \bmod 7
$$

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Works for Gregorian (1582-, haphazardly) and the increasingly inaccurate Julian calendars (400 and 28 years cycles).

Apparently inspired by Lewis Carroll's work on a
perpetual calendar.
"The Julian calendar, which was developed in 46 BC by Julius Caesar, and became effective in 45 BC, distributed an extra ten days among the months of the Roman Republican calendar. Caesar also replaced the intercalary month by a single intercalary day, located where the intercalary month used to be. To create the intercalary day, the existing ante diem sextum Kalendas Martias (February 24) was doubled, producing ante diem bis sextum Kalendas Martias. Hence, the year containing the doubled day was a bissextile (bis sextum, "twice sixth") year. For legal purposes, the two days of the bis sextum were considered to be a single day, with the second half being intercalated; but in common practice by 238, when Censorinus wrote, the intercalary day was followed by the last five days of February, a. d. VI, V, IV, III and pridie Kal. Mart. (the days numbered 24, 25, 26, 27, and 28 from the beginning of February in a common year), so that the intercalated day was the first half of the doubled day. Thus the intercalated day was effectively inserted between the 23rd and 24th days of February."

## Homo nonprobabilisticus, continued:

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## Homo nonprobabilisticus, continued:

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Important detour: The final digits of primes are not entirely random (how did we not know this?).

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Flip a coin $n \geq 2$ times: What are the probabilities that the last two tosses are (1) HH or (2) HT?

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Estimate: On average, how many flips does it take to first see the sequence $H T$ ?

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Start flipping a coin ...
Two tosses: What are the probabilities of flipping (1) $H H$ and (2) HT?
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What's the probability of first flipping a $H T$ sequence on the $n-1$ th and $n$th flips?
What's the probability of first flipping two heads in a row $(H H)$ on the $(n-1)$ th and $n$th flips?

## Homo nonprobabilisticus, continued:

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Average number of flips: 4 and 6.

Burning through stories for fuel in the Experimental Training Laboratory:


## References I


[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ Metric-Schmetric

[^1]:    ${ }^{1}$ Metric-Schmetric

[^2]:    ${ }^{1}$ Metric-Schmetric

[^3]:    From here ? .

[^4]:    By Cmglee - Own work, CC BY-SA 3.0,

[^5]:    ${ }^{2}$ From the inciting tweet of excellence: https://twitter.com/Flaminhaystack/status/977899605349339137

[^6]:    ${ }^{3}$ http://www.bbc.com/culture/story/

[^7]:    ${ }^{3}$ http://www.bbc.com/culture/story/

[^8]:    ${ }^{3}$ http://www.bbc.com/culture/story/

[^9]:    ${ }^{3}$ http://www.bbc.com/culture/story/ 20160908-the-language-rules-we-know-but-dont-know-we-know

